THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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THE FAG ENDS

OF THE GREAT PARTIES OF THE SOUTH.

Pleading at the Capital as Beggars for Government Pap—E. John Ellis in Louisiana and General Chalmers in Mississippi Playing the Role of Mahone.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The house has magnified the minutiæ of its business wonderfully this session. Some of the small matters have occasioned noisy and continued debate, and helped to lengthen out the session.

I asked a Georgia congressman to-day when the adjournment would be. "I think about the middle of July, though some of the members put it to the first of August. The limit rests with the republicans. They can at any time in caucus resolve to adjourn and wind up in short order, leaving a mass of business unfinished. I think the prospect is, however, that we will be here until the middle of July."

To-day has been one of exceptional dullness, both houses thinly attended, nothing in the debates, a general look of sleepiness, making the interior of the capitol to correspond with the dark, drizzling day outside.

THE NEW PARTY.

If Homer has been accorded the privilege of nodding now and then we cannot expect our politicians to be entertaining always. The agitation of the new party question in Georgia has caused much talk here in reference to the prospect of such an experiment. The bold and unauthorized statement of Mr. Stephens's sympathy with it has been freely made in Washington. He has never said one word to justify such use of his name, and his interview recently published in THE CONSTITUTION has cast a damper over the enthusiastic friends of the coalition up this way.

IN THE SOUTH GENERALLY.

The new movement business is not confined to Georgia, but a similar scheme has been started in nearly every Southern state. Congressman Jones, of Texas, has been making himself prominent this winter by his newspaper attacks on the democracy of his state, but Mr. Olin Wellborn and other prominent Texans, tell me that Jones is using pure gas. They say the democracy of Texas, is all right and ready to send ten democratic congressmen, instead of five, to Washington. Jones may succeed in talking himself out.

In Louisiana, the hopes of revolutionizing state politics seem to center about Mr. E. John Ellis, a gentleman of some influence in the house. Mr. Ellis has said some things indicative of a desire to lead the new party, but he has adhered strictly to the democrats during the entire session, and I hear it prophesied by men who know him that he will take care to get back into the ranks since he sees his "flyer" falling so flat at home. Louisiana knows too well what defeat of the democracy would be to her and the seeds of dissension rot before they sprout there. A sensational rumor declares that General Chalmers, disgusted with the democracy, means to fire out on the new line in Mississippi, backed by the administration with power and patronage. Such a report is ridiculous enough to be its own refutation. The so-called independent leaders in Mississippi send in gloomy reports of their operations. Senator George, who is the most effective campaign manager in the state, says not the slightest sign of loss to the democrats is apparent. General Evins, of South Carolina, says that the manner in which the federal courts have been used in that state has solidified every faction of his party, and no chance whatever now exists for a successful bolt in any part of the state.

TROUBLE IN VIRGINIA.

Virginia can be well watched from Washington, and accurate reports of its affairs are readily obtained here. The disaffection among the readjusters increases every day while there is a fast growing disposition among the republicans to draw out of an alliance that has brought them no advantage. Their approaching convention will be largely attended, and will surely announce a revolt from the league with Mahone. Ex-Congressman John T. Harris is one of the best posted men on the politics of his state, and he says the reports of disruption of the readjuster party are rather below than above the truth. Massey's implacable enmity to Mahone means a split among white readjusters while the negroes will be largely controlled by the recommendation of the republican convention. Mahone has claimed such absolute supremacy as to divide from him some of his most efficient lieutenants.

Mr. Hill declared the republicans would get sick of their bargain and many of them are already so. They will oppose any more bolstering of the Mahone crowd and Arthur can only do it against their protest.

Of the new movement in Georgia absolutely nothing is expected here, even by the administration. Arthur knows that the southern states vote in the national convention and his grand scheme is to capture their delegations.

A HUNGRY ARMY.

In the whole south there cannot be found a single man in favor with the democratic party who has gone into any of these attempts at disruption. It has been universally and without exception a rush of the disappointed for a new avenue to office, from General Mahone writhing over his rejection by a gubernatorial convention, down to the humblest private in this "hungry army." In every state except Virginia the "new movements" are absolutely leaderless, and in Virginia the leader seems to think he is the entire movement. The republican party in Pennsylvania is in far more danger of disruption than is the democratic party in any of the southern states.

ARTHUR'S LITTLE GAME.

Arthur expects to make a solid south of his own and by combining it with New York to go into the republican convention the leading candidate of the next campaign. This is his little game beyond a doubt.

PERSONAL POINTS.

Senator Brown is expected to be in his seat next Monday.

Mr. Call, of Florida, has established the reputation of being the "out-talkingest" man in the Senate. He is closely followed by Senator Morgan and Ingalls.

Mr. Stephens thinks he will be out of bed in two weeks. He has suffered intensely from his sprain, and from the wrench given to his right knee in the fall, but he always bears pain with a quiet patience that borders on cheerfulness.

Millionaire Fair has surpassed his colleague by the aptness with which he has grasped the details of senatorial duty, and has pleased them by his zealous attention to the public business; and yet, that man's brain has to think of fifty million dollars, and how best to dispose of it. Fair must have a pretty clear head, with plenty of brain, even if he ha little book learning.

F. H. R.

AGAINST ATKINS.

The Chances Unfavorable for His Appointment—Johnson's Bond.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—In the last two days very strong opposition has developed to Mr. Atkins's appointment as judge of the new district court in Georgia. A few nights ago Simon Cameron telegraphed the president a long message urging the appointment of Judge McCoy, and Don Cameron will be here to-morrow to work on the same line. It is said that Don will assure the president that if Atkins is nominated the democrats will solidly oppose him, and enough republicans will vote with them to insure his defeat. A gentleman very near the administration said to-day: "It is not certain that Atkins will be appointed, though his friends so claim I do not believe it and have good grounds for doubt." The pressure is very heavy on Arthur and he may yet yield and give Atkins some other place.

JOHNSON'S BOND.

Collector Walter Johnson will have no further trouble with his bond. M. L. Patterson, a leading republican of east Alabama, has become his chief surety, and will move to Atlanta to become Johnson's chief deputy. He is a wealthy and influential man.

MR STEPHENS.

Mr. Stephens was able to sit up and eat dinner this afternoon. He is recovering from his fall faster than was expected.

F. H. R.

THE COURT BILL

Passed By the Senate—The Geneva Award Bill Passed the House.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Mr. Mahone introduced a bill to authorize the constructing of public buildings at Lynchburg, Harrisonburg and Abingdon, Va. Referred. Mr. Vest reported favorably from the commerce committee the bills authorizing the construction of bridges across the Mississippi at Memphis, and across the Arkansas river at Van Buren, Crawford county, Arkansas. The latter authorizes the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad to build a bridge. It was considered and passed.

THE INTERMEDIATE COURTS.

The senate resumed the consideration of the intermediate appellate court bill, the question being upon its passage. The discussion continued upon amendments to details, which were rejected, except in two instances, when they were accepted by the friends of the measure without a vote The bill was passed finally, yeas 32, nays 18. It received the support of all the republicans and the votes of Messrs. Bayard, Cockrell, Jackson, Harris, Pugh and Walker.

THE FORTIFICATION BILL.

The conference reports on the fortification and agricultural appropriation bills were agreed to, after a long contention for the precedence of business. The five per cent land bill was taken up and laid over on the orders as unfinished business. The senate adjourned until Monday.

THE GENEVA AWARD BILL.

WASHINGTON, May 12—In the house, Mr. Forney, of Alabama, presented the conference report on the fortifications appropriation bill, and it was agreed to. The house then resumed consideration of the Geneva award bill. After brief speeches by Messrs. Hooker, of Mississippi; Hammond, of Georgia; Rosecrans, of Colorado; Ray, of New Hampshire, and Reed, of Maine; Mr. House, of Tennessee, moved to lay the majority bill and the substitute on the table. Rejected. The vote then recurred on the substitute of the minority, and it was rejected. Yeas, 46; nays, 109. The bill then passed—yeas, 132; nays, 66. Mr. Valentine submitted the conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill. The differences were slight and had been compromised. The report was adopted.

OUT OF A QUORUM.

Upon the question of precedence for bills, a controversy arose, and when the votes were taken no quorum voted. A call of the house showed the presence of more than a quorum, but the democrats refrained from voting, and showed a disposition to filibuster. This was kept up until a motion to adjourn prevailed.

EXAMINING BLISS.

What the Foreign Affairs Committee is Doing in New York.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The sub-committee of the house foreign affairs committee yesterday examined George T. Bliss, of the firm of Morton, Bliss & Co., in relation to the firm's contract with the credit industrial company. After giving the details of the contract, as testified to by Mr. Randall, Mr. Bliss said he had not had any reason to believe that any member of his firm had brought any influence to bear on the United States government towards securing mediation between Chili, Peru and Bolivia. Mr. Morton, the senior member of the firm, was advised of the important undertakings of the house, but the contract with the credit industrial company was regarded of small consequence, and nothing was said to Mr. Morton about it. The contract was still in force, but no business had arisen from it. Witness never knew or heard of any foreign minister using his official position toward securing mediation by the United States. Mr Bliss said he did not seek business with the credit industrial company, but was called upon by Randall, counsel, and Suarez, agent of the company. The cable correspondence between Randall, in Paris, and the New York house of Morton, Bliss & Co., was placed at the service of the committee. Witness said the firm had never sought to secure mediation by the United States government between Chili and Peru. Morton was appointed minister in March, and negotiations with Randall began in May. He did not think that the fact of Morton being minister had anything to do with placing the contract in the hands of Morton, Bliss & Co. Witness never spoke to the president or secretary of state in relation to mediation by the government, and the proposition of mediation did not influence him in making the contract with the industrial company. He had no reason to believe that Minister Morton ever acted improperly in the matter, and did not think he knew or had any correspondence with Jacob R. Shipherd.

RANDALL'S EXAMINATION!

Randall was examined in the afternoon. He had called upon Secretary Evarts to induce him to interfere in the South American troubles. Evarts said he was interesting himself in behalf of peace but declined to have anything to do with a financial scheme. Blaine had regarded the schemes of the company favorably, and at Blaine's suggestion Randall suggested William E. Chandler as a proper person for minister to Peru. He also named General Hurlbut. Blaine had said to Randall that the instructions given to the latter were favorable to the Industrial company. On November 30th Blaine told witness that he had submitted a mediation proposition to President Arthur, who entirely approved of it. Mr. Randall said emphatically that neither he nor any representative of the industrial company, directly or indirectly, ever had any relations with General Hurlbut, and that the company never spent a dollar in an improper way.

SHIPPING YOUNG FISH.

The House Appropriations—The Work of the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, May 13—The United States fish commissioners to-day made the following shipments of young fish: One million shad and 2,000,000 herring to Austin, Texas, where they will be placed in the Colorado river; 300,000 shad to Farmville, Va., to stock the waters of the Appomattox; 300,000 to South Carolina; 300,000 to Rappahannock river, and 300,000 to the upper Potomac at Harper's ferry

SUMMARY OF THE WORK DONE BY THE SUPREME COURT.

The clerk of the supreme court to-day issued the following synopsis of the business transacted by the supreme court of the United States during the term which has just closed: Numbers of cases on the docket at the close of the October term of 1880 (May 2, 1881) 837; number of cases filed since, 399; number of cases argued orally, 178; number of cases submitted, 92; number of cases continued, 27; number of cases passed, 18; number of cases disposed of 399, as follows: Affirmed, 161; reversed, 88; discussed, 30; settled and dismissed, etc., by the parties 88; docketed and dismissed, 22; questions answered, 2: dismissed in vacation, 8; total, 399· number of original actions on the docket at the close of the October term of 1880 (May 2, 1891), 6; number filed since, 12; number argued orally, 10; number submitted, 5; number disposed of, 13.

HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS.

The house appropriations committee has completed the following appropriation bills: Pensions, calling for $100,000,000; legislative, executive and judicial, $19,691,000; river and harbor about ten and one-half millions, exclusive of the sum of $4,124,000 which is to be expended in the supervision of the Mississippi river commission for the improvement of the Mississippi river and its tributaries below Cairo, and $800,000 above Cairo.

The following are some of the items in the river and harbor appropriation bill: Charleston, South Carolina, including Sullivan's island, $300,000: Brunswick, Georgia, $15,000; Cumberland Sound, Georgia and Florida, $50,000; Savannah, Georgia, $200,000; Apalachicola Bay, Florida, $25,000; Pensacola, Florida, $25,000; Tampa Bay, Florida, $20,000; Great Pedee river, South Carolina, $6,000; Wappoo Cut, South Carolina, $10,000; Wateree river, South Carolina, $15,000; Altamaha river, Georgia, $15,000; Chattahoochee river, Georgia, $25,000; Coosa river, Georgia, and Alabama, $75,000; Flint river, Georgia, $25,000; Ocmulgee river, $5,000; Oconee river, Georgia, $5,000; Savannah river, Georgia, $25,000.

THE TEXAN BOUNDARY.

The house committee on judiciary to-day directed the sub-committee to prepare a bill providing for the appointment of a commission to consist of one or more persons, to be appointed by the president, to meet a like commission to be appointed by the state of Texas, for the purpose of settling the question now in dispute in regard to the boundary line of the state, and providing further that the report of the commission shall not be final until ratified by congress.

A CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

The house committee on elections to-day heard argument in the contested election case of Strabach vs. Herbert, from the second district of Alabama. Robert G. Ingersoll appeared for the contestant.

SIX NEW BISHOPS

DECLARED TO BE NECESSARY FOR SOUTHERN METHODISM.

The Report Discussed in Conference and Earnestly Opposed by Dr. McFerrin—Wine in the Lord's Supper—The Use of Tobacco—The Suspension of Dr. Briggs Reversed.

NASHVILLE, May 12.—The principal part of the day was spent in the Methodist conference in consideration of reports from committees. The question of the election of six additional bishops was discussed, but no action was taken. The committee on temperance submitted a report, which was adopted, touching the use of tobacco. "While recognizing the fact that much evil grows out of the intemperate use of tobacco, yet we would recommend no special legislation on the subject." A paper was referred, asking that this general conference take such action as will prevent the use of fermented wines in the sacrament of the Lord's supper. The report was for non-concurrence, but would, at the same time, recommend to the people everywhere to be careful to procure the purest wines for this holy sacrament. The verdict of the Alabama conference suspending Rev. A. J. Briggs, in 1879, was to-day reversed by the general conference.

ELECTION OF BISHOPS.

The following is the report of the committee on Episcopacy upon the question of the election of bishops:

"The committee on Episcopacy having carefully and patiently considered that portion of the Episcopal address which refers to the strengthening of our general superintendency, and also a resolution and sundry papers referred by the conference, bearing on the same question, beg leave to present the following for the consideration and action of the general conference:

"Whereas, under the blessings of God, the Methodist Episcopal church, south, is growing rapidly in number, extent of territory, in the scope and premise of her missionary operations at home and abroad, and in awakened zeal in behalf of the great work of religious education, and

"Whereas, this growth of the church imperatively demands a large amount of episcopal supervision in the Pacific conferences, in Texas, New Mexico, Mexico and the border states and territories, in China and Brazil, as well as episcopal encouragement to our great educational institutions for both sexes, in the older conferences, therefore,

Resolved, that the general conference elect six traveling elders to the office of bishop in the Methodist Episcopal church south.

Dr. Blue, of Alabama, moved that the report be amended by striking out "six" and inserting "three" as the number of bishops to be elected. He thought that the work required of the bishops in attending forty annual conferences could easily be done by five bishops, besides he did not believe he could find six men in the church whom he considered competent to fill the high office of bishop.

Dr. McLean, of Texas, favored the election of six bishops; that at present the bishops were greatly overworked, and the election of six new, young and vigorous bishops would result to great good for the church With the cutting down of the number of bishops and adding work to each, the office was being brought in ill repute.

Dr. Hinton, of the Georgia conference, urged the election of five or six bishops. He was not in favor of diminishing the number of bishops. The Episcopal feature in the church should be maintained.

P. A. Peterson, of the Virginia conference, said that he desired to see the Methodist itinerancy perpetuated, let it cost what it might in men and money. He believed that when they stopped the foundation in their system of itinerancy, the church as a distinctive eclesiastical organization was at an end. In order to have an efficient and effective system of itinerancy they should have a strong and effective college of bishops. He did not exactly comprehend that the Methodist Episcopal church was tending to high churchism or ritualism. If it were in the preachers and in the people it would be in the bishops. If it were in the bishops, then more bishops should be elected to take the conceit out of those occupying so exalted a position. [Laughter.] There could be more high churchism in one bishop than in forty. There were in the conference fifty men who would make efficient bishops. No bishop had labored more zealously and efficiently, nor more earnestly than those of the M. E. church, south, but they needed more help. It was a long stretch to have a man travel across the entire continent, and more especially one who had attained the venerable age of seventy years. There were districts in Virginia where the eye of the people never had rested upon a bishop since the days of Ashbury. They ought to elect a sufficient number of bishops to travel in the out of the way places. There were many who, although not as well educated as they might be if a good bishop, could preach a sermon that the people would consider as the grandest sermon they ever heard since they were born. [Laughter.] He thought there ought to be a sufficient number of bishops elected to do the work required.

Rev. Dr. J. B. McFerrin said that a man would have to have a great deal of courage to attempt to follow the speech of Rev. Dr. Peterson, which was very eloquent. He was glad to know that fifty persons were ready and willing to receive Elijah's mantle. [Laughter and applause.] No man had more respect for the bishops than John B. McFerrin. He had eat with them, slept with them and traveled with them. The proudest work to do was to eat a bishop's dinner. [Laughter]. He did not wish to multiply the bishops so as to make them a nuisance in the church The Tennessee delegation had recommended the election of three bishops, but he was willing to allow four. The bishops did not have to work hard. [Laughter.] All of them had lived to a good old age. One of the present bishops had arrived at the age of 82, and another at 80 years. One of them had gone to Oregon and had returned as fat as an Oregon bear. [Laughter.] He did not think that there was any danger of killing them at all, but if they elected too many he was afraid that the good Lord would thin them out. [Laughter.] He had come there with the impression that four was enough.

Rev. Dr. Barbee said that the Tennessee delegation had instructed Dr. McFerrin to recommend four as the minimum and six as the maximum.

Dr. McFerrin said that there was no minimum nor maximum about it.

Dr. Barbee asked him to let some of the brethren of the Tennessee delegation speak on it.

Dr. McFerrin—I was there, I was the chairman, I made the motion and I took the vote, and it was unanimous. [Prolonged laughter and applause.]

Rev. Dr. Potter, of the North Georgia conference, made an earnest speech, in which he urged that not less than six bishops should be elected, and that there was plenty of work for all of them to do. The church needed their services and ought to have them.

THE BAPTIST CONVENTION.

The Mission Work—Reports from States—Governor Brown's Speech.

GREENVILLE, S. C., May 12.—At the mass meeting of the Baptist convention last night in aid of the mission work in New Orleans, addresses were delivered by Dr. Landrum, of New Orleans, and Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Kentucky. At the close of his address Dr. Burrows made an earnest appeal for contributions to lift the church debt, and succeeded in securing $5,000, a large part in cash.

OTHER INCIDENTS OF YESTERDAY.

The chair announced the following committees as follows, with their chairmen: 1 Chinese in California—A T Spalding, of Texas. 2 New Orleans—S G Hillyer, Georgia. 3 Indian missions and mission schools—I T Sidnor, Virginia. 4 General work of home board—J M Phillips, Alabama. 5 Kind Words, paper—S F Thompson, Kentucky. 6 Woman's work—T S Dunaway, Virginia. 7 Treasurer's report—G R McCall, Georgia. 8. Permanent investment J Levering, Maryland.

On Foreign Work—1 Woman's work—S Landrum, Louisiana. 2 Treasurer's report—W A Montgomery, Tennessee 3 China mission—J J D Renfroe, Alabama. 4 Mexican mission—S M Provence, Mississippi. 5 Brazilian mission—W T Mayfield, Arkansas. 6 African mission—W N Choiden, Florida. 7 European mission—W H Whitsett, Kentucky. 8 Conclusions of the board—S W Marston, Missouri. 9 Statistical tables of the secretary—G A Nunnally, Georgia.

Dr Hiscock, of New York, was welcomed as a visitor from the American and Foreign Bible society and a communication from his society recommending Dr Hiscock as a corresponding delegate, was referred to a special committee of fifteen.

A communication from the Presbyterian general assembly with reference to the proper observance of the Sabbath was referred to a special committee of five.

A dispatch from Dr. M. T. Yates, of Shanghai. China: "Mell, Greenville—Ps. 46. Yates." Now reader, lay down your paper and read that beautiful poem, beginning: 'God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in time of trouble.' Dr. H. A. Tupper, secretary of the foreign board was instructed to reply, and did so as follows: "Yates, Shanghai, China—Ps. 103. Mell." The psalm begins; "Bless the Lord, O! my soul."

The hour for devotional exercises having arrived, Dr J W M Williams lead in prayer, and in the prayer thanked God that we could send a message to China by way of heaven, than by the cablegram. Dr. Freeman spoke of what a wonderful history we would have if we could only trace one passage of scripture through the ages, e. g. "The Lord is our strength and refuge," which has to-day come to us across the waters from China.

REPORTS OF THE VICE-PRESIDENTS.

By a resolution, the vice-presidents of the convention were called before the convention to report on the work done by them in the last year. Rev A H Keerfoot represented Hiram Wood, Esq, of Maryland. He had obtained a perfect list of the churches in his state, furnished them with the appeals of the secretaries of the boards sent to them, and had made special appeals to the churches, and reported an increased number of churches regularly contributing, and thought that in one more year all would be supporting the work of the denomination. He told a good story about how to get these churches into line. A Sunday school man asked the children what a persecutor was. One said "a horse." Another "a dog," but a third cried out, "a woman, because I heard father say that mamma and sister persecuted him every spring until he got them a new bonnet!" So we must persecute the churches until they went to work in this good cause. Other vice-presidents made similar reports in their respective states, but Dr. I. T. Tichenor, of Alabama, president of the mechanical and agricultural college of his state, inforced the duty of increased work and increased liberty in this work, by a brief but eloquent speech. Announcement and adjournment.

Dr. J L Burrows, speaking for Kentucky, brought out the facts that there are 1,231 Baptist churches in Kentucky; 325 of them contributed something to foreign missions; 906, the small remainder, contributed nothing to that work. Rev W H Kilpatrick, of Georgia, made his report, showing a marvelous amount of statistical information as to the number of churches, number contributing, names of pastors and clerks and their post-offices, etc, but did not read any of this information. Similar reports were made by Dr. Cleveland for Alabama, and Dr. W. N. Choidoin, for Florida; Rev. L. Burrows, of Kentucky. This last named gentleman bids fair to become famous for his ability in gathering statistics. B W Edwards for South Carolina, Rev W R L Smith for Virginia, had tried to do these things, organize, disseminate information, and to raise money, and had secured $1,600 more than the state contributed to his board last year. Rev C C Chaplin for Texas, said they "had done 250 per cent better than last year, but he hoped nobody would inquire particularly as to what was done last year." Rev Dr C H Strickland for Tennessee, showing the dissemination of information, gathering facts, and increased liberality. Rev E W Warren, D D, for Georgia, showing 1,248 churches for state, 727 of which contributed something, 521 doing nothing for the boards. Rev Charles Manley, D D, for South Carolina, and Rev Dr Pritchard for North Carolina. This finished the list of vice presidents, and what I have given of their reports and remarks, one who is acquainted with the denominational methods will readily see that Dr. Keerfoot's movement to develop the liberality of the churches, and increase the list of contributing churches, is bearing great fruit already and the promise for the future is bright and encouraging. So handsomely has the work been done in the past year that Dr. H. A. Tupper, secretary of foreign board moved a vote of thanks which was carried heartily.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Announcement of further committee, and the committee on the investment of the permanent fund reported that the fund be invested in registered United States bonds, which was adopted. Committee on treasurer's report of foreign board reported that upon the whole there had been an increase of some $6,000, which, hard times considered, was good. Committee on statistics of secretary reported the work very valuable, and worthy of thanks and study. Report of the treasurer of convention reported and the document ordered printed in the minutes. G W Norton, of Kentucky, was re-elected treasurer.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The convention to-day was opened with prayer by Rev. W. B. Elkins, of South Carolina. The report of the committee on foreign missions recommending a renewed diligence in this field was adopted. The usual devotional exercises were conducted at half-past eleven o'clock with H. K. Ellyson, of Richmond, in the chair. Senator Brown, of Georgia, was present, and at the special invitation of the convention made an address urging the great importance of the missionary work, and especially in China, and referring to the present as essentially a missionary age, with all the discoveries of science, the commercial intercourse of nations and the facilities for speedy travel and transportation, contributing to the great opportunities of the church in spreading the Gospel. The report of the committee on missions to the Chinese in California, recommending increased appropriations for the work, was adopted.

A REMOVAL TO ATLANTA SUGGESTED.

The afternoon session was consumed in hearing the reports of the various committees. The committee of European missions recommended increased appropriations. The committee on home missions board recommended the removal of the board from Marion, Alabama, to Atlanta, Georgia, and the report was made the special order for tomorrow morning. The night session of the convention was devoted to the subject of foreign missions.

THOUGH LOST TO SIGHT.

A Few of the Men Who Are Nominally United States Senators.

Special to the Courier-Journal.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—There are several senators who would excite comment were they to be seen in their seats. Mahone, of Virginia, has been in his about forty-eight hours all told during the session; Cameron has been out of his seat nearly all the time; Lamar is home with his sick wife; Logan is at the Hot Springs with his lame back; Edmunds has been away with a sick daughter, and Garland has been much in his own state. Hill is said to be not so near death as reported. His doctor says that if he had abstained from too free use of his mouth in eating and talking, and so given his wounds a chance to heal, he would not have been sent back to bed. He is now under treatment to keep him quiet, with some hope of recovery. His colleague, Mr. Brown, is reported very ill, but it is thought not dangerously so Speaking of him in the room of the sergeant-at-arms to-day, one senator said: "He is the sort of man who will get sick and drop out of public life, and, after everybody has forgotten him, there will appear a notice of his death at ninety-two years, with the explanation that he was once governor of his state and a senator."

INSULAR INCIDENTS.

The damage to the New Orleans custom house by the fire is now estimated at $60,000.

Patsey Devine, who murdered Aaron Goodfellow, at Bloomington, Ill., was hanged at Clinton, Ill.

The Traders' national bank, of Fort Worth, Texas, capital $125,000, has been authorized to commence business.

Forty houses were destroyed, two persons killed and thirteen injured, at Cherokee city, Indian Territory, by the cyclone on Thursday.

Hon John F Darby, one of the oldest and best known residents of St Louis, died Tuesday at his daughter's residence at Pendleton, Warren county, Mo. He was born in 1803.

The business failures reported to New York from various parts of the country during the week number 117, which are distributed as follows: Eastern states 17, western 40, southern 36, middle 10, Pacific coast and territories 9, and New York city and Brooklyn 5. New York assignments are not of much importance, the principal being Reidwhich & Schnitzler, tobacco, and Seitz, brewer.

TOILED TO DEATH.

LED AROUND BY THE MALLEY RAVISHERS.

The Movements of Jennie Cramer on Her Last Day of Life—Led Around From Place to Place and Treated and Cajoled by Her Murderers—The Last Seen of Her.

NEW HAVEN, May 12.—The prosecution of Blanche Douglass and the Malley boys proved by still another witness that Jennie Cramer was with Blanche Douglass on Thursday after she left her mother for the last time. This witness was positive that he saw her as late as a quarter to 11 o'clock on Thursday night in company with Miss Douglass and one of the Malley cousins. The web was wound still more closely. Two witnesses swore that they saw Jennie Cramer in company with Miss Douglass on Friday morning at 11 o'clock. A hitch was also taken around the feet of James Malley, jr. He was definitely located in Jennie's company less than eight hours before the body was found. A larger number of ladies than usual were in attendance. The father of Walter Malley sat behind him in the morning, with a modest flower in the lappel of his coat. The cousins chatted unconcernedly during the day, and frequently coached the cross-examiner. Miss Douglass used a fan for the first time. The array of ladies attracted her attention. At odd moments she glanced around furtively, as though studying the effect of the testimony on them.

EATING LAMB-CHOPS.

Mr. Charles Rawlings, superintendent of Radcliffe's restaurant, resumed the stand. Mr. Bush continued his direct examination. On the previous afternoon Mr. Rawlings had testified that Walter, Jennie Cramer and Blanche Douglass ate lamb chops in the restaurant between 10 and 11 o'clock on Thursday night, August 4. He also said that some days after the finding of the body Walter and James Malley came to him and tried to convince him that James was with the party that night, and that Miss Cramer was not there. Mr. Fox, of counsel for defense, was with them. This morning he testified that at that interview Mr. Fox asked him whether James might not have come in without his seeing him. "I told him," said the witness, "that it was possible, but that I was positive that he neither came nor went out with the two ladies. Walter was the only one that I saw with them. James said that Mr. Walter told him that he ought to come and see me on account of what had appeared in the evening papers, as it would probably lead to his arrest if not contradicted. Walter said that he would like to have, or that he ought to have, the checks for the meals. I told him that Coroner Bollman had taken possession of them." The witness said that he could not recollect who passed into the dining-room before Walter and the ladies. Parties of two or three had been straggling in. James might have gone in without being seen by him. He was certain that he did not see him. He was not certain that the two ladies sat at the same table with Walter, for he did not see them while they were in the dining-room. If James was in there the order for three chops might have been for him, Walter and Miss Douglass.

STEAK CHOPS AND MILK.

John Henry, a colored waiter, grizzled in service, testified that he is in the employ of Mr. Peabody, at 345 West Forty-Fourth street, New York. I came from Indian harbor to Radcliffe's restaurant, in New Haven, some time in July last," he said. "I was a waiter there. I recollect that Jennie Cramer and Blanche Douglass came in the restaurant about nine o'clock on Thursday morning, August 4th. They had a porter house steak and four glasses of milk. Miss Douglass wrote the order. (Blanche smiled; it is said that she cannot write.) I am pretty certain that the same ladies came into the restaurant late that night. I was about to close up the ladies' dining room. I had shut out the center gas light when the ladies entered. One of the Malleys accompanied them. They ordered chicken-salad. I said we had none. They ate mutton chops and drank six glasses of milk. Mr. Malley wrote the order. They came in about half-past ten and left about quarter-past eleven. There was not a soul in the room while they were there. Some time afterward the coroner came and showed me a likeness of Jennie Cramer. I recognized it as a picture of one of the girls. I was told that she was dead. I had heard of Jennie Cramer's death on Friday or Saturday—Saturday, I think. The coroner came the next week, a day or two after I first heard of her death.

ESTABLISHING A HAT.

"That same week a young man came to see me about his hat. He said he was with that party on Thursday evening. He spoke to me very particularly about my stepping into his hat on the evening in question. He asked me whether I remembered of excusing myself to him. I told him that I stepped into so many gentlemen's hats that I could not remember any particular one. So many of them came in, throwing their hats around loose, that I was all the time treading on them and laying them on chairs. I wondered why they didn't put them on the chairs themselves. He showed me a straw hat with a blue band, and asked me whether I didn't remember it. I told him that there was so many hats of that kind that I could not tell one from the other. He said that the point must be established or he would be ruined. I replied that I could not say more than I had said. I couldn't be any more positive about his hat than I could about any one else's hat. He then asked me whether I did not remember about waiting on him that Thursday night. I understood him to say that there were two ladies and two children in the party, I replied that there were two ladies and one gentleman; that I got the order, I ought to know."

There was a long and incisive cross-examination. The witness contradicted himself repeatedly in minor points, but never as to the main point, that only one of the Malley boys was there with Jennie Cramer and another lady on Thursday night, up to a quarter past 11; that the lights in the ladies' restaurant were put out after they left, and that no guest was in the room while they were there.

"THERE SHE SITS."

Edward A. Platt was the next witness. He said that he kept a restaurant in August last at 12 Elm street, New Haven. He knew the late Jennie Cramer. Last saw her alive, he said, about 11 o'clock on the morning of Friday, August 5th. She passed by the restaurant. She was accompanied by another lady, whom he did not know at the time.

"Have you seen that lady since?" Mr. Bush asked.

"There she sits," the witness replied, pointing out Miss Douglass.

Blanche regarded him with a steadfast gaze. She has been identified so many times that identifications bring no flush to her white face.

"I next saw Miss Douglass," the witness continued, "about three weeks afterward. Mr. M. Ruck, a shoemaker, keeps a shop in the Todd building, next door to my restaurant."

SOME IRISH SPICE.

Henry J. Ruck, the shoemaker, corroborated the testimony of Mr. Platt. He knew Jennie Cramer for the last eight years. He had mended shoes for her. He identified Blanche Douglass as the lady who was in her company at 11 a. m. on that Friday. Miss Douglass stared at him without winking as he pointed her out in the court room. He saw them together until they reached Webb's garden, adjoining Todd's block. The cross-examination by Mr. Jones was amusing. Mr. Ruck is an impetuous Celt, who resented the badgering of the lawyers. At times he evinced a disposition to cross-examine Mr. Jones. He said that he talked with Platt about seeing the girls on the day that he heard of the finding of the body, and the conversation ran thus: "Platt says: 'You know Jennie Cramer when she went by yesterday?' Says I: 'Yes.' Says he: 'She's dead.' Says I: 'Where?' Says he: 'Savin Rock.' Says I: 'Is it possible?' 'It is,' says he. Says I: I don't believe she drowned herself.' Says he: Why?' Says I: 'I don't believe that a girl as lively as she was yesterday would drown herself.' 'No more do I,' says he."

Q. How far from you was she when you saw her? A. About eighteen feet.

Q. How did you come to see her? A. Says he, "There goes Jennie Cramer." "So 'tis," says I.

Q. What were you working at? A. At a boot.

Q. What part of the boot? A. It might have been the out seam, and it might have been the inner seam.

Q. Where did you have the boot? A. Send the ladies out of the room and I'll tell you.

Q. Be careful, sir. You're in the hands of the court, What were you doing when you saw the girl? A. I might have been pulling a stitch, and I might have been punching a hole with my awl.

Q. Well, if you were doing either you couldn't see the ladies at the same time, could you? A. I can pull a stitch or punch a hole with my eyes shut.

Q. Did you see any other ladies pass your shop that day? A. Many, sir.

Q. Can you name any of them? A. I might.

Q. Name one. A. I saw my wife.

Q. Never mind your wife—who else did you see? A. I saw Platt's wife.

ALMOST AT THE TRAGEDY.

The last witness examined was John A. Lovejoy, of 88 Church street, New Haven.

"I know Jennie Cramer and James Malley, Jr.," he said. "I saw them together twice on Friday, August 5th. The first time was on the Green between twelve and one o'clock in the afternoon. They were on Temple street (runs through the Green near the court house), between Centre Church and Trinity. They passed me on the sidewalk. I was going toward Chapel street; they were going toward Elm street. The second time I saw them was down to Savin Rock, three miles from city, between 8 and 9 o'clock at night (eight hours before the body was found.) They were in the grove back of the Seaview house, within three or four hundred yards of where the body was found." [Witness pointed out where he saw them on the map which hung on the wall near the jury.] "They were in the grove, between the flying horses and the swing," he said. "They came from the back of the flying horses, and they were going in the direction of the swing. I was within three feet of them. I saw them as they walked by."

Mr. Blydenburgh had begun to question the witness as to his antecedents when the court adjourned.

UNTIL MONDAY.

The Malley trial adjourned until Monday, owing to illness in the family of one of the jurors.

THE NEW COERCION.

A Prediction that it will Lead to Renewed Assassination.

LONDON, May 12.—The Globe prints the following prominently: "We have reason to believe that the whole of the provisions in the new coercion bill were recommended by Mr. Forster previous to his resignation of the Irish chief secretaryship."

MR. DILLON'S PREDICTION.

In his remarks in the house of commons last night on the repression bill, Mr. Dillon, referring to last Saturday's murder, said that for the first time Irish annals were stained with assassination. No Englishman felt the humiliation more than himself, but he declared it did not rest on Irish history, but on Forster. If the government sent another man to Ireland to carry out measures similar to that under which Forster acted, such an accursed act would again sully the page of history. Mr. Healy said the bill aimed at giving hanging powers to three judges on any evidence that could be trumped up. Sir William Harcourt, replying to questions stated that the extreme penalty on a summary conviction by the magistrates would be six months imprisonment. As to whether the bill would be retrospective, he said that any crime committed, and which should be brought to justice, would come under its operations. Mr. Cowans, radical member for New Castle-on-Tyne, said the bill virtually amounted to placing the lives, liberty and prosperity of the Irish people in the hands of Lord Spencer. Mr. Gladstone stated that he hoped to introduce the arrears bill on Monday. On the second reading of the repression bill, F. H. Odonnel will move that the prevalence of outrages and disaffection in Ireland is largely due to the unjust eviction of forty thousand people, who will be further exasperated by a new act of repression.

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY.

The Pall Mall Gazette, while accepting the other parts of the bill, protests against the clause concerning the rights of search, the restriction of the liberty of the press and of public meeting, and the apprehension of nocturnal prowlers. It believes, however, that the bill will be passed in much the same form as introduced, and says it brings us to the bottom of all that severity can do at first. Its failure will be attributed to a too lenient administration. Meanwhile it will be well if the prophesies of Dillon are unfulfilled. Fate seems to be preparing all that is worst for England and Ireland.

The Times, in a leading article, says the repression bill, taken altogether, covers the whole ground, and grapples every part of the subject resolutely and boldly.

The Telegraph and Standard approve the bill. The Daily News postpones its criticism. The Standard expresses a feeling of regret, which it says is generally felt, that the court drawing room held yesterday, was not postponed to a more appropriate moment.

IRISH OPINION.

The Freeman's Journal declares that the new bill is one of the most tyrannical enactments of modern times, and it is perhaps the fiercest coercion act ever proposed for Ireland. The champions of liberty, since the assassinations last Saturday, have been helpless. It will be their duty to withstand the bill, though they may be defeated. In face of the recent improvement in the country the public feeling is that the extreme measure of repression is unjustifiable.

ON THE DETECTIVE TRAIL.

The St. James Gazette says the man Nagle stated at Southport that the men who offered him money to assist in the murders were canal boatmen. He described them before the police notice was issued in Dublin almost in the same terms as those used in that paper. Palmer, who has acted as a volunteer detective in several important cases, and who writes over the signature of "Warhawk," in a communication to the St. James Gazette, thus signed, says that he has reason to know that the arrest of the assassins will be facilitated if the government will give a guarantee not to surrender the informer in the event of his being claimed by the Russian or German police.

A SPEECH FROM EARL SPENCER.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

Earl Spencer, replying to a deputation of the Dublin chamber of commerce and the Belfast corporation, after deploring the tragic end, and eulogizing the personal attributes of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke, and assuring those present that the authorities would do their utmost to discover the assassins, said that the government would endeavor to deal liberally with the questions which, like the arrears of rent were retarding the restoration of order in Ireland. He earnestly appealed to all classes to support the government. He read a letter written by Lady Frederick Cavendish in which she says: "I would never grudge the sacrifice of my darling's life if it only leads to putting down the frightful spirit of evil in Ireland. He himself would never have grudged it if thereby death could do more than life." In conclusion Earl Spencer said: "England is determined to do justice to Ireland with a devotion equal to, though not surpassing that so tragically cut short. Then from the darkest night may rise a bright day."

A DYNAMITE ATTEMPT.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

A suspicious canister with a lighted fuse attached, was found suspended to the fence in the mansion house yard last night. The fuse was extinguished. The canister was supposed to contain powder.

GLADSTONE TO RESIGN.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

The News this morning says it is probable that Gladstone will shortly resign the chancellorship of the exchequer.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA.

THE PROGRESS OF THE FAIR AT ALBANY.

A Murdered Negro Woman Found Near Rome—Mr. Gilbert's Death—The Gainesville and Dahlonega Railroad—The Red Mold—Small-Pox Talk—Sunday-Schools in Decatur.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Albany, May 11.—Another heavy rain commenced falling this morning shortly after daylight and continues to fall copiously at the time of writing (8 a.m.) It appears to be very general. Better seasons thus far were never known. We have heard of no locality anywhere around that has not had its quota of timely showers. Many of the farmers have finished cutting oats, and are, in the majority of cases, more than satisfied with the yield. This year has already done more to solve the problem of mixed crops in southwest Georgia than all the lectures and homilies of the past decade on the subject.

THE SOUTHWEST GEORGIA FAIR.

Yesterday was the first day of the free fair of the Southwest Georgia industrial association and proved to be a gratifying and almost unlooked for success. The attendance, including a large number from adjoining counties, was much larger than expected, and the exhibits were varied and interesting. The usual display of early and mammoth vegetables and cereals was on hand, together with a creditable exhibit of machinery, etc. Professor Hunter's large school room in the main building had been converted into an art gallery, the walls of which were hung around with fine paintings and sketches, all being, we believe, the product of native art. Many beautiful specimens of china decoration were also on exhibition, and were much admired. Shell, bead and scroll work, beautiful and in abundance. Most of the interest of the fair was centered in this room, which well repaid the closest inspection. The many embroidery samples on exhibition, were especially admired. At 12 m., the exercises were varied by a speech from Captain John A. Davis, taking "the influence of women," as his subject. The writer was not present at the speech, but by all who were, it was much commended, and was voted unanimously to be a fit companion piece to the fair, viz: a splendid success. As the programme for to-day promises to be even more interesting than that of yesterday, we will say no more of the fair until to-day's exercises are through with.

A VISITOR'S PRESENCE.

George Collin, late of Albany and now of the Indian Spring, for the summer at least, is among the visitors at the fair. It is rumored that he came down to settle a matter with Neil Willingham, of the News and Advertiser—something about a Florida bean. It is a pity that two such slender bean poles can't occupy a town at the same time without disturbing the peace of a quiet community.

A SERIOUS SNAKE BITE.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Newnan, May 12.—A number of citizens in the sixth district assembled at Mr. Obe Wynn's, on Line creek, last Friday, to have a fish fry, expecting to enjoy a fishy feast. All went well until about eleven o'clock when unfortunately Mamie, the twelve-year-old daughter of Mr. J. G. Shannon, was bitten on the foot by a highland moccasin, one of the most poisonous of reptiles. The alarm was instantly sounded and everything done that could be for her relief. Though bandages were at once placed above the wound and copious draughts of whisky were administered, the poison flashed through the blood channels, paralyzing one-half the body, at the same time inflammation setting in to an alarming extent. Dr. I. E. Smith, who happened to arrive about that time, administered temporary relief, but for many hours life was almost despaired of by anxious friends.

The wheat crop is still promising and bids to be ahead of any crop for several years past.

The farmers report that the rust has damaged the crop but very little if any as yet. The oat crop is the fullest ever known in this county.

On yesterday afternoon Mr. Andrew Berry, son of Mr. W. B. Berry, was thrown from his buggy, and in his attempt to stop the horse after his fall the horse ran over him, inflicting a severe gash in his face near his left eye, and rendering him unconscious for an hour or more. Captain J. M. Briscoe was in the buggy at the time, but as usual escaped unhurt. It is said that he was an hundred yards away before Mr. Berry was hurt. The horse is a splendid animal, of the famous Membrino stock, and luckily was not damaged in any way. Mr. Berry will be up in a few days.

A DEAD NEGRO WOMAN.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Rome, Ga., May 11.—Miss Marie Bowen arrived to-day and will give an entertainment at the Nevin opera house to-morrow night. She was met at the depot this morning by a committee of young gentlemen.

Walker W. Brookes, a brilliant young lawyer, will deliver the commencement oration of Shorter college in June. A rare treat is in store for his audience.

From the annual report of the president of the Young Men's library association it appears that 6,516 books have been in circulation during the year; that there are now in the library 2,500 volumes; 325 active members; that the treasurer has received from all sources during the year $1,050, and that there has been expended the sum of $960, about one-half of which was for books and magazines. The association is free from debt, and is in every way in a most flourishing condition.

The body of a negro woman was found on the Dean place about sixteen miles below Rome yesterday. Her head was mashed, apparently with a rock, and when found she had been dead about three days. The name of the woman is Phœbe Spruce. Her husband, who has been separated from her for nearly a year, has been arrested on suspicion, it being supposed that he met her in the woods and killed her. It is thought she was on her way to Gadsden. The body was found by a colored man, John Knox.

POINTS FROM PALMETTO.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Palmetto, Ga., May 12.—Crop prospects are very flattering. The farmers are all as busy as bees. There has not been a case of small-pox as yet.

The people of our town are not at all alarmed about small-pox. The health of the town is remarkably good.

We will have an accommodation train to run from the gate city every evening and return every morning. Those who would like to spend their nights in our town can get comfortable quarters and good feed on reasonable terms.

The contested case of election for mayor between W. W Floyd and R. M. Holley has been decided at last. Judge Harris decides that W. W. Floyd was duly elected.

About one-third of goods and provisions sold this season compared with trade a year ago, all the better for the farmers. The corn trade will be over in a few weeks. New wheat and new oats will be instead of shipped corn. Some of the older merchants speak of retiring from trade, which will leave an opening for young men to take their places.

THE DAHLONEGA RAILROAD.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Dahlonega, May 10.—The board of directors of the Gainesville and Dahlonega railroad has authorized the president to sell bonds of the road to the amount of seventy-five thousand dollars, and also to put under contract the completion of the road to the Chestatee river, near Leather's ford. This includes road bed, cross-ties, iron and the bridges, all complete and ready for use; also, the purchase of engine and cars to be used on the road. The bids are to be opened on Monday next at Gainesville, and the award made to the be bidder. It is expected that work will then be resumed on the road and pressed forward to completion.

RED MOLD AND SMALL-POX.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Lithonia, May 11.—Pleasant weather: having fine May showers, and vegetation is booming. Wheat generally looks fine, a little complaint of the "red mold." Some farmers say that they will harvest in this month.

Small-pox excitement has ran high here for more than a week, but when we come to sum up we find: Cases on hand, 0; previous cases, 0. Total, one case strongly suspected while his vaccination was taking effect.

Mr. D. D. Cagle, of this place, can balance an egg on its little end. We feel proud of him.

DEATH OF MRS. PRINCE.

Americus, May 11.—Mrs. Prince, wife of Mr. J. K. Prince, of this city, did yesterday afternoon. She was a very estimable lady and her death is sincerely deplored by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

John Ryan, of Atlanta, who recently purchased a stock of goods from Mr. John Windsar, in this place, has reconsidered his determination to open a stock here, and has shipped the goods to Atlanta.

There was a very heavy rain here to-day, in the early morning hours.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MATTERS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Decatur, May 12.—DeKalb county will send a strong delegation to the state Sunday school association at Savannah.

On Sunday, the 21st inst., there will be special service in the Baptist church at Decatur for young men, conducted by Rev. D. Shaver, pastor. Several young laymen from Atlanta will assist him.

The ordinary of DeKalb county is a faithful steward of her wants and resources.

MR. GILBERT'S DEATH.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Cartersville, May 11.—Mr W. H. Gilbert, of this county, died this morning after a long and painful illness. The burial takes place to-morrow morning. Mr. Gilbert was one of our very best and most influential citizens, and his death is deeply regretted by all. He was a member of the Knights of Honor, and was insured for two thousand dollars.

COMPLIMENTS TO THE EDITOR.

From the Swainsboro Herald.

We enjoyed a pleasant ride with Tobe last Sunday in his handsome turnout.

From the Elberton New South.

For the past week the air in our sanctum has been redolent with sweet perfume emanating from a bouquet of exquisite flowers presented by Mrs. D. M. Burns. We tender our most grateful acknowledgment to the fair donor.

From the Hawkinsville News.

Mr. Waite has a fine garden and orchard, and strawberry short-cake and all kinds of vegetables have ceased to be a rarity at his house. To him and his amiable lady we are under special obligations for their kindness and hospitality.

From the Hawkinsville News.

M. S. J. Fordham, of the Boon house, will please accept our thanks for a nice bunch of vegetables from his Perry garden. In the bunch was a hard-headed cabbage, and the onions was as fine as any we ever saw at this season of the year.

From the Fort Valley Mirror.

Two suspicious looking bags brought up from Mr. Fagan's buggy. In one was some of the finest sweet potatoes we have seen in many a day, and in the other was a large, fresh luscious watermelon, just from the vine. Mr. Fagan has our thanks.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

Mrs. J. J. Rodgers, of Dooly county, will please accept our thanks for the first mess of early cucumbers. They were fine indeed and are the earliest ever grown in this section. Cucumbers are in season when watermelons ripen and our farmers could have had watermelons ere this. This leads us to remark that we have the finest country on God's green earth.

CURIOUS FACTS.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

A colored boy near town has six fingers on ohe hand.

From the Sparta Ishmaelite.

It is the queerest thing imaginable to us to see sensible people consult the phases of the moon when they plant, sow, reap, hunt, fish, kill hogs, or start new enterprises.

From the Swainsboro Herald.

In Swainsboro we have fleas of every nationality—the Chinese, the Russian, the Jew, etc., and they are getting so thick that the American fleas are thinking about having a bill passed to put a stop to so much immigration. The bill will receive our support.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

Mr. John H. Robinson is a great man for curiosities. Recently he produced a four-legged chicken, and now he has a good, healthy calf that won't suck, it weaning itself a short while after birth. This calf must be in sympathy with the milk drinkers.

We have in our possession the tooth of a coon, an inch and a half in length. His coonship was killed by Mr. William Dinkins, of Dooly county, and must have been an aged sire. He could have been master of ceremonies in a dog fight.

BIRDS AND BABIES.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

The plaintive cry of spring babies may now be expected to burden the air, Mr. Bob Taylor leading the van.

From the Sparta Ishmaelite.

Mocking-birds are great nuisances about the gardens. They do some pretty fair singing, but they charge too much for it. A half dozen of them can eat the grapes from a large vine as fast as they ripen.

From the Campbell County News.

Mr. Benjamin Harper killed a wild turkey gobbler at the head of Bennett's mill pond last Saturday morning, which weighed sixteen pounds net.

Mr. H. S. Rivers killed an eagle at Bennett's pond last Saturday, that measured five feet and four inches from tip to tip of its wings.

NOTICED IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD

From the Rome Bulletin.

Country people were in abundance yesterday.

From the Hawkinsville News.

Channel cats and "red hosses" were plentiful on the streets last Saturday evening.

From the Sparta Ishmaelite.

The cats in the neighborhood are worse enemies to young chickens than to old rats.

From the Sparta Ishmaelite.

There ought to be an ordinance against permitting hogs to run at large on the streets.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

The next cat that dies we are going to write an article about it and head it, "Nine lives lost."

HINTS TO FARMERS.

From the Reidsville Gazette.

We think some fellow could readily dispose of a beef if they would bring one to Reidsville. Even if it was a little stringy we think it would sell.

From the Albany News.

Mr. Jack Cheeves is the first farmer to cut his oats hereabout, so far as we have heard. The work was done with a patent reaper, and was witnessed by quite a number of farmers, who want to see more of these labor-saving machines used in this section.

From the Sparta Ishmaelite.

Mr. E. F. Pound sold 2,000 pounds of fodder last week at good figures. This speaks well for the good sense of Mr. Pound. To be able to sell fodder while many farmers choose to buy northern hay is conclusive on this line.

IN THE WIREGRASS.

WHAT DODGE COUNTY IS CAPABLE OF DOING.

The Architectural Beauties of Eastman and its Business Enterprise—County Buildings and Park—The General Resources of the County—Candidates for Public Honors.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

Eastman, May 11.—This little city, the queen of the "wire grass," is on a regular boom. The stroke of the hammer, the whir of the saw and the click of the trowel make music on every side. There are now just completed or about to be completed, four brick stores, two concrete buildings and a large hotel. The stores are being filled with large stocks of staple and fancy dry goods, general merchandise and notions. Messrs. Ashburn & Peacock, who have just completed the largest and most imposing of these buildings, have opened in the lower story a wholesale and retail grocery store, thus supplying a want long and seriously felt by the lumber and turpentine men of this section. The upper story is to be furnished in the most ornate style, with appropriate staging and scenery as a first-class hall and theater.

OF A PUBLIC NATURE.

The county and municipal authorities are jointly engaged in enclosing the court house with an excellent wire fence. Two sections of land, embracing about two acres, were donated by Mr. William Pitt Eastman, with the design of making a park of no mean pretentions. Under the plan of Mr. Eastman the grounds are being laid off most artistically and beautifully. The drive and walks will be most handsome, and the whole park is to be ornamented with rare shrubbery, splendid shade trees and beautiful flowers. It will indeed be "a thing of beauty and a joy forever," a more lasting monument to the memory of that good man, Mr. Eastman, than the towering marble or costly cenotaph.

A BEAUTIFUL PROSPECT.

There is no town upon the line of the Macon and Brunswick railroad more attractive in its appearance than this. The Uplands hotel, the largest wooden hotel in the state, the church a perfect gem of architectural skill, the magnificent court house, and the modern and tasty style of architecture of each residence, all combine to render the appearance of the town metropolitan and excite the admiration of visitors. No town in Georgia gives higher evidences of substantial growth and material prosperity than Eastman.

DODGE COUNTY SET FORTH.

Dodge county is a new county made in 1870, yet it is worthy of mention, as an evidence of the wonderful resources of Georgia, that it has a court house the equal of any in the state, a brick jail, good roads and bridges, and does not owe a cent, with $797.85 in the treasury. The insolvent list on the tax digest was only $9.80.

EASTMAN'S ENTERPRISES.

Among the enterprises of Eastman which evince the metropolitan ideas of its inhabitants may be mentioned the handsome drug store of Armstrong & Fisher. All the fixtures and appurtenances are first-class and "citified." Visitors from New York, Brooklyn and all the large cities speak of it in most flattering terms, and purchase largely of its splendid assortment of drugs, toilet articles, perfumery, cigars and tobacco.

FOR PUBLIC HONORS.

There are already three candidates in the field for legislative honors. Of these aspirants, Mr. W. B. Sapp, the sheriff of the county, is by long odds the strongest man intellectually and in popular favor, and he will have a walk over as things now are It is probable that Colonel Lanier, of Pulaski, will have no opposition in the senatorial convention, and he will be nominated by acclamation.

A FACTOR IN GEORGIA'S GREATNESS.

The yield of turpentine for this year, in the event of no disaster, will exceed that of last. Should it do so, with the increased acreage and facilities, Dodge county will certainly equal the best counties in the actual income of its citizens. No section of Georgia offers greater inducements to the thrifty and substantial immigrant, or insures a greater per cent upon the capital invested than this

The Anger of Cæsar's Wife.

From the Thomasville Enterprise-News.

About 10 o'clock on Sunday morning Bella, the wife of Cæsar Sharpe, a colored man living on Mr. J. S. Smith's place, cut her husband in two places with a butcher knife. Both cuts are on the back—the first and most dangerous is just below the left shoulder blade. The knife struck a rib and glanced downward, passed between the fourth and fifth lower ribs and entered the left lung. The outer portion of the cut is about three inches long, and the incision large enough to admit one or two fingers between the ribs. The other cut is about two inches below the small of the back and about an inch and a half wide, the knife striking the hip bone. There was very profuse hemorrhage from the upper wound, and air passed freely from the lung through the orifice.

Appreciative Co Workers.

From the Butler Herald.

The editorial upon our third page by Judge Russ in reference to General Cook, in Taylor county, is sensible and to the point. We are not in the habit of "praising our own boat," but we must say that Judge Russ is one of the most talented gentleman, as well as one of the best writers on the Georgia press, as is verified by many of the most worthy contemporaries of the state.

SNAKE AND ALLIGATOR.

From the Swainsboro Herald.

Neil McLeod has a pet alligator which he keeps in an old well near his house. He (we mean the 'gator) has a very open countenance, but his looks are anything but pleasant.

From the Hawkinsville News.

The snake crop in Dooly county is above the average. It is reported that a black snake fifteen feet long was recently killed in that county.

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Otters are abundant about Tallahassee.

Weimar claims the ugliest man in Texas.

A good peach crop is promised in Kentucky.

The black tongue is killing cattle in Wilcox county, Ala.

The cattle in LaFayette, Ala., are dying with murrain.

Montgomery, Ala., has organized a chamber of commerce.

Of the 101 churches in Louisville, Ky., nine have no pastors.

There are 700 acres in orange groves in and about Micanopy, Fla.

The commercial college at Lexington, Kentucky, has 230 students.

Southern Arkansas will make a splendid fruit and wheat crop.

There is a genuine case of leprosy on the outskirts of Little Rock, Ark.

Out of a total population of 1,648,690, Kentucky has 95,517 foreign born citizens.

Leon county, Fla., up to date, has shipped 2,595 barrels of cabbages and potatoes

Kentucky produces eighty per cent of all the hemp grown in the United States.

A. C. Rooney, who recently suicided in Birmingham, Ala., has since had $36,000 left him.

Falls county, one of the great cotton counties of Texas, has gone into the small grain business.

Leon county, Florida, tomatoes are nearly as large as cocoanuts, some of them measuring 14 inches in circumference.

Mrs. Boatright, of Leon county, Fla., intends to have a silk dress this winter. Six thousand worms are at work for her benefit.

There is a man living in Marion county, North Carolina, who has 17 children by one wife, 13 of them being girls and 4 boys.

A bear weighing 350 pounds has been killed near Tallahassee, also a rattlesnake five feet long and nine inches in circumference.

Harry Lowther, a Texas boy, student in the law department of the university of Virginia, has taken the $50 gold prize medal to the best debater, thirty students having contested for the prize.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

Oh, My Back!

That's a common expression and has a world of meaning. How much suffering is summed up in it.

The singular thing about it is, that pain in the back is occasioned by so many things. May be caused by kidney disease, liver complaint, consumption, cold, rheumatism, dyspepsia, overwork, nervous debility, &c.

Whatever the cause, don't neglect it. Something is wrong and needs prompt attention. No medicine has yet been discovered that will so quickly and surely cure such diseases as Brown's Iron Bitters, and it does this by commencing at the foundation, and making the blood pure and rich.

Logansport, Ind. Dec. 1, 1880.

For a long time I have been a sufferer from stomach and kidney disease. My appetite was very poor and the very small amount I did eat disagreed with me. I was annoyed very much from non-retention of urine. I tried many remedies with no success, until I used Brown's Iron Bitters. Since I used that my stomach does not bother me any. My appetite is simply immense. My kidney trouble is no more, and my general health is such, that I feel like a new man. After the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for one month, I have gained twenty pounds in weight. O. B. Sargent.

Leading physicians and clergymen use and recommend Brown's Iron Bitters. It has cured others suffering as you are, and it will cure you.

a7—d&wkly 3d1 nx rd mat top col 10

THE

IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

apr1—d6m sat thur tues nxt rd mat

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Among the medicinal means of arr■ing disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are pr■minent. It checks the further progress of all disorders of the stomach, liver and b■wels, revives the vital stamina, prevents and remedies chills and fever, increases the activity of the kidneys, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism, and is a genuine stay and solace to aged, infirm and nervous persons.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers generally.

may2—d1m sat tues thur &w1m nxrd mat

ATLANTA HEALTH INSTITTTE.

THE PHYSICIANS AND PROPRIETORS OF this institution will, on or before the first day of April next, change the name from the above to that of the

Southern Sanitarium,

and its present location, 178 W. Peters street, to that of 135 McDonough street, where, with increased medical facilities and new scientifically constructed apparatuses, we will be better than ever prepared to illustrate as how, by proper aid, the operations of the vis-Medicatrix Naturae are always right and beneficial, as well as also, how irrational and absurd it is to poison a person because he is sick.

Over Two Thousand Persons have by our methods of treatment under our personal guidance been entirely restored to health without administering a single dose of either Mineral, Vegetable or Animal drug nostrums of any kind whatsoever; and in the future, as in the past, none but Normal and Physiological agents and means will ever be employed at this sanitarium as aids in restoring the sick to health.

For particulars and references address

U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

mar 14—1y 2d ponly

FOR SALE.

CHEAP! CHEAP!

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, ETC.

THE EXPOSITION COTTON MILL CO. HAS for sale a large quantity of Scantling, all first-class and well seasoned. Also, Sash and Doors of various sizes, suitable for Cottages, Factories, etc.

WILL BE SOLD LOW FOR CASH.

COME OUT AND GET BARGAINS.

J. C. PECK,
Superintendent Construction.

Oglethorpe Park, May 8, 1882. may9—d1m

OPIUM HABIT CURE. By B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga. Reliable evidence given, and reference to cured patients and physicians. Send for my book on The Habit and its Cure Free.

nov25 deomly—fri tues &wkr

J. & P. COATS' SPOOL COTTON.

J. & P. COATS.

Trade Mark for the United States

BEST SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON J. & P. COATS' WARRANTED 200 YARDS.

BEST SIX-CORD SPOOL COTTON

J. & P.

LINEN DRAB,
DREGS OF WINE,
MODE COLORS,
CARDINAL RED,
BROWN,
ORANGE,
SCARLET,
SLATE,
PLUM,
GREEN,
WHITE,
BLACK,
GARNET,
OLD GOLD
D'k SLATE
D'k GREEN
BLUE,
DRAB,
ROSE PINK,
COATS' COLORS
NAVY BLUE,
ASSORTED COLORS,
SEAL BROWN,
DARK BROWN,
BOX COLORS,

Auchincloss Brothers,

Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS, of Paisley, Scotland.

INTERNATIONAL

COTTON EXPOSITION,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Atlanta, Ga., 1882.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee held at the office of the Director General, January 6th, 1882, Mr. Crane submitted the following Report from the Special Committee on Awards:

Whereas, Messrs. J. & P. Coats having made a magnificent display of their threads and thread-making machinery at the International Cotton Exposition; and,

Whereas, They were not entered for competition, but for exhibition only; and,

Whereas, Their display being one of the largest and most attractive we had; and,

Whereas, The Executive Committee feel that a recognition is due them for their untiring interest and assistance; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the thanks of this Executive Committee be tendered to Messrs J. & P. Coats for the superb display of their Six-Cord Spool Cotton, which being entered for exhibition only, could not be officially recognized by the Judges of Award.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolution be engrossed on parchment and forwarded to Messrs. J. & P. Coats.

Signed, J. C. PECK,
BENJ. E. CRANE

On motion of Director Spalding the report was adopted:

A true copy from the record
J. R. LEWIS,
Secretary pro tem.

All the above Colors are now in stock and for sale by the Wholesale Trade generally.

AUCHINCLOSS BROTHERS

may2—d3m may july september

THE GREAT S. S. S.

READ HOME

TESTIMONY

As to what the

GREATEST

Of All

SPECIFICS

Is Accomplishing.

S.S.S.

ADDS VICTORY

—TO—

VICTORY.

Atlanta, Ga., March 18, 1882.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.:

Gents: I have suffered from Scrofula for about 17 years. The disease being mostly confined to my legs and ankles, my shin bones were covered with LARGE ULCERS AND ONE MASS OF ROTTEN FLESH, AND THE ODOR ALMOST UNBEARABLE. All remedies and treatments which I tried failed to do me any good. When at last I began taking S. S. S., continuing for about four months, I AM CERTAINLY WELL. I took S. S. S. under the supervision of a physician of 26 years active practice, by your order. Previously to taking S. S. S. I at times could scarcely walk about. NOW I CAN WALK ALL DAY, AND I HAVE TO THANK S. S. S. AND IT ONLY FOR MY CURE.

Yours truly,
THOS. McFARLAND,
54 Foundry st., Atlanta, Ga.

HEAR WHAT

—IT HAS—

ACCOMPLISHED

FOR A WELL KNOWN

WOMAN.

Atlanta, March 15, 1882.

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY—

I feel it a duty I owe to you and suffering humanity to add my testimony to the merits of S. S. S. and cheerfully certify to the following facts and would that all who are suffering from that MOST LOATHSOME DISEASE could know what it has accomplished for me:

After suffering from Syphilis for more than a year being treated by several eminent physicians, who all used the usual remedies of the profession—MERCURY, IODIDE OF POTASH, with no perceptible change for the better—confined to my ROOM and bed the greater part of the time—my body covered with copper-colored sores from the size of a pea to that of a silver half dollar—the disease reached what is known as the secondary stage, leaving me well nigh in despair. Finally, I commenced taking S. S. S. under the advice and supervision of a first-class physician. In a short time I began to improve in flesh and all the sores healed and I could feel and know that I was well and to S. S. S. must the credit be given of my entire restoration to health. I have not taken a dose for more than six months and am as free from sores or blemish as any one and feel that I have a new lease on life. Respectfully,

LOTTIE ROSS.

The above cases were treated under the supervision of one of our best physicians. If any who are interested will call at LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR'S they can learn full particulars.

Will you hesitate to take S. S. S. for SCROFULA, CATARRH, ECZEMA or any disease originating from a disordered condition of the Blood, when proof conclusive is given that it thoroughly removes all taint of

THE KING

—OF—

ALL BLOOD DISEASES?

Away with prejudice, and take this most wonderful of all Blood Purifiers!

$1,000 REWARD

will be paid to any Chemist who will find on analysis of 100 bottles of S. S. S. one particle of Mercury, Iodide of Potassium, or any Mineral substance.

Write for the book.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

KOCH'S THEORY.

EXPERIMENTS OF THE GERMAN COURT PHYSICIAN.

He Traces the Origin, Growth and Transmission of Tubercula Troubles, and Discovers that as in Eruptive Fevers, They are Due to the Growth of Bacilli on the Lungs.

Professor John Tyndall to the London Times.

On the 24th of March, 1882, an address of very serious public import was delivered by Dr. Koch before the physiological society of Berlin. It touches a question in which we are all at present interested—that of experiment physiology—and I may, therefore, be permitted to give some account of it in the Times. The address, a copy of which has been courteously sent to me by its author, is entitled "The Etiology of Tubercular Disease." Koch first made himself known by the penetration, skill, and thoroughness of his researches on the contagium of splenic fever. By a process of inoculation and infection he traced this terrible parasite through all its stages of development and through its various modes of action. This masterly investigation caused the young physician to be transferred from a modest country practice, in the neighborhood of Breslau, to the post of government advisor in the imperial health department of Berlin.

HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH.

From this department has lately issued a most important series of investigations on the etiology of infective disorders. Koch's last inquiry deals with a disease, which, in point of mortality, stands at the head of them all. If, he says, the seriousness of the malady be measured by the number of its victims, then the most dreaded pests which have hitherto ravaged the world—plague and cholera included—must stand far behind the one now under consideration. Koch makes the startling statement that one-seventh of the deaths of the human race are due to tubercular disease, while fully one-third of those who die in active middle age are carried off by the same cause. Prior to Koch it had been placed beyond doubt that the disease was communicable; and the aim of the Berlin physician has been to determine the precise character of the contagium which previous experiments on inoculation and inhalation had proved to be capable of indefinite transfer and reproduction. He subjected the diseased organs of a great number of men and animals to microscopic examination, and found, in all cases, the tubercles infested with a minute, rod shaped parasite, which, by means of a special dye, he differentiated from the surrounding tissue. It was, he says, in the highest degree impressive to observe in the center of the tubercle cell the minute organism which had created it.

REPRODUCING THE DISEASE.

Transferring directly, by inoculation, the tuberculous matter from diseased animals to healthy ones, he in every instance reproduced the the disease. To meet the objection that it was not the parasite itself, but some virus in which it was imbedded in the diseased organ, that was the real contagium, he cultivated his bacilli artificially, for long periods of time and through many successive generations. With a speck of matter, for example, from a tuberculous human lung, he infected a substance prepared, after much trial, by himself, with the view of affording nutriment to the parasite. Here he permitted it to grow and multiply. From this new generation he took a minute sample and infected therewith fresh nutritive matter, thus producing another brood. Generation after generation of bacilli were developed in this way, without the intervention of disease. At the end of the process, which sometimes embraced successive cultivations extending over half a year, the purified bacilli were introduced into the circulation of healthy animals of various kinds. In every case inoculation was followed by the reproduction and spread of the parasite and the generation of the original disease.

EXPERIMENTS WITH THE PARASITES.

Permit me to give a further, though still brief and sketchy account of Koch's experiments. Of six guinea pigs, all in good health, four were inoculated with bacilli derived originally from a human lung, which in fifty-four days had produced five successive generations. Two of the six animals were not infected. In every one of the infected cases the guinea pig sickened and lost flesh. After thirty-two days one of them died, and after thirty-five days the remaining five were killed and examined. In the guinea pig that died, and in the three remaining infested ones, strongly pronounced tubercular disease had set in. Spleen, liver and lungs were found filled with tubercles; while in the two uninfected animals no trace of the disease was observed. In a second experiment, six out of eight guinea pigs were inoculated with cultivated bacilli, derived originally from the tuberculous lung of a monkey, bred and rebred for ninety-five days, until eight generations had been produced. Every one of these animals was attacked, while the two uninfected guinea pigs remained perfectly healthy. Similar experiments were made with cats, rabbits, rats, mice and other animals, and without exception, it was found that the injection of the parasite into the animal system was followed by decided and, in most cases, virulent tubercular disease.

THROUGH THE EYE.

In the cases thus far mentioned inoculation had been effected in the abdomen. The place of inoculation was afterward changed to the aqueous humor of the eye. Three rabbits received each a speck of bacillus culture, derived originally from a human lung affected with pneumonia. Eighty-nine days had been devoted to the culture of the organism. The infected rabbits rapidly lost flesh, and after twenty-five days were killed and examined. The lungs of every one of them were found charged with tubercles. Of three other rabbits, one received an injection of pure blood serum in the aqueous humor of the eye, while the other two were infected, in a similar way, with the same serum, containing bacilli derived originally from a diseased lung, and subjected to ninety-one days' cultivation. After twenty-eight days the rabbits were killed The one which had received an injection of pure serum was found perfectly healthy, while the lungs of the two others were found overspread with tubercles.

INHALING INFECTED AIR.

Other experiments are recorded in this admirable essay, from which the weightiest practical conclusion may be drawn. Koch determines the limits of temperature between which the tubercle-bacillus can develop and multiply. The minimum temperature he finds to be 86° fahrenheit and the maximum 104°. He concludes that, unlike the bacillus anthracis of splenic fever, which can flourish freely outside the animal body, in the temperate zone animal warmth is necessary for the propagation of the newly discovered organism. In a vast number of cases Koch has examined the matter expectorated from the lungs of persons affected with phthisis and found in it swarms of baccilli, while in matter expectorated from the lungs of persons not thus afflicted he has never found the organism. The expectorated matter in the former cases was highly infective, nor did drying destroy its virulence. Guinea pigs infected with expectorated matter which had been kept dry for two, four and eight weeks, respectively, were smitten with tubercular disease quite as virulent as that produced by fresh expectoration. Koch points to the grave danger of inhaling air in which particles of the dried sputa of consumptive patients mingles with dust of other kinds.

THE MORAL OF THE DISCOVERY.

It would be mere impertinence on my part to draw the obvious moral from these experiments. In no other conceivable way than that pursued by Koch could the true character of the most destructive malady by which humanity is now assailed be determined. And, however noisy the fanaticism of the moment may be, the common sense of Englishmen will not, in the long run, permit it to enact cruelty in the name of tenderness, or to debar us from the light and leading of such investigations as that which is here so imperfectly described. Your obedient servant,

JOHN TYNDALL.

HIND HEAD, April 20.

THE DISCOVERY COMMENTED UPON.

From the London Times.

The direction of modern experiment has tended strongly to the belief that the common eruptive fevers are due to the growth within the body of minute parasites, generically termed bacilli; and at this point Professor Tyndall's version of Dr. Koch's discoveries come to show that the formation of tubercle is also due to bacillus. We have here, therefore, a remarkable testimony to the profound sagacity which enabled Dr. Budd to see the essential similarity between tubercle and the fevers in question, notwithstanding the enormous superficial unlikeness which distinguishes them; and, if Dr. Koch's investigations and conclusions should be confirmed by further experiments, we shall be able to entertain a reasonable hope that an antidote to consumption and to tuberculous diseases generally may at no distant date be brought within our reach. It is characteristic of many of the disease producing bacilli, and probably of all of them, that they can be so altered by cultivation as to produce a mild disease instead of a severe one, and that the designed communication of the former will afford protection against the latter. Pasteur has lately shown how completely this may be accomplished in the case of the bacillus which causes the splenic fever of cattle; and vaccination itself is now regarded merely as inoculation with the small-pox bacillus, after this has been modified in its character by being cultivated in the bodies of the bovine race. The experiences of Dr. Koch, in so far as Professor Tyndall describes them, seem as yet to have been carried no further than to the repeated cultivation of the tubercle bacillus in its original virulence; but they will speedily be followed, as a matter of course, by attempts at cultivation in diminished intensity.

A MEDICAL INDORSEMENT.

From the Medical News,

The evidence thus seems conclusive: it only remains to develop, from the cultivated paratite, tuberculois in man to complete the cycle of evidence and to establish Kock's discovery among the great facts of medical science. Professor Tyndall maintains the genuineness of these observations, and is fully alive to their transcendent importance. * * * * No one can fail to be profoundly impressed with the painstaking skill of the discoverer, and the far reaching consequences of the discovery. In the facts laid before our readers may be the solution of the problem so long regarded an insoluble—the cure of tuberculosis. If Pasteur's culture experiments have led to the discovery of a method by which the poison of splenic fever is rendered harmless, and the disease prevented by the timely inoculation of the modified virus, may we not hope that the time is not distant when the ravages of consumption will be prevented by the inoculation of a modified bacillus. The medical profession of the whole civilized world will now await with the keenest interest the development which may be expected from further study of the bacillus tuberculosis.

HORSFORD ACID PHOSPHATE,

A Sleep Inducer.

From my experience, I would say that as a nerve restorer in exhaustion from any cause, and as a sleep inducer, Horsford's Acid Phosphate is of the greatest value.

J. E. LOCKRIDGE, M. D.

Indianapolis. Ind.

The London World says that suburban residents are the most aggressively chic of all created buildings

---

Ladies and sickly girls requiring a non-alcoholic, gentle stimulant, will find Brown's Iron Bitters beneficial. may9—d&w1w

---

About half the children in Eureka, Nevada, are down with the small-pox.

A Voice From the Press.

I take this opportunity to bear testimony to the efficacy of your "Hop Bitters." Expecting to find them nauseous and bitter and composed of bad whisky, we are agreeably surprised at their mild taste, just like a cup of tea. A Mrs. Creswell and a Mrs. Connor, friends, have likewise tried, and pronounce them the best medicine they have ever taken for building up strength and toning up the system I was troubled with costiveness, headache and want of appetite. My ailments are now all gone. I have a yearly contract with a doctor to look after the health of myself and family, but I need him not now.

S. GILLILAND.

July 25, 1878. People's Advocate, Pittsburg, Pa.

Tenders for double the amount of the recent Corporation of Liverpool loan for $7,500,000 at 3½ per cent were speedily made.

The seeds of sickness and of death
In a disordered mouth are sown;
When bad the teeth or foul the breath,
Both soul and body lose their tone,
Till SOZODONT'S brought into play,
And sweeps those dire defects away.
may7 d1w sun tues thurs sat&w1w

Orders have been issued for supplying the British navy with American cured beef.

My Wife,

for over three years, has been afflicted with chills and fever, contracted in Illinois, and with dyspepsia of long standing and a general debility of the system. She has used three bottles of Simmon's Liver Regulator—her chills are entirely cured and the dyspepsia almost vanished.

N. W. EVERHART,
Hampton, Va.

Investigation shows the disappearance of sardines from the coast of Britany is due to a change in the current of the gulf-stream.

A bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection with syringe combined cures without nauseous medicines. $1. Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. $2. By mail. All druggists. Depot 429 Ca street, New York.
apr 11 d&w1y tues thur sat

The Dominion cabinet has decided to abolish postage on all newspapers mailed to regular subscribers in Canada.

Every one delighted. Every purchaser recommend. German Corn Remover. Get the genuine. 25c.
mar31—d&w3m 11

PHILIP J. O'BRIEN,
REAL ESTATE,
20½ East Alabama St.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
pr16—1mo sun tues thur sat

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc. having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H REEVES 43 Chatham St., N. Y

4,000,000 FEET
DRY LUMBER.

ROUGH OR DRESSED FLOORING, CEILING, Weatherboarding, Inch Boards, 2-Inch Plank and Framing. Must be sold in sixty days.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

Can ship to any State in the Union.

Correspondence solicited and cheerfully answered.

RAILROAD BRIDGE AND DIMENSION STUFF A SPECIALTY.

2,000,000
ALL HEART CYPRESS SHINGLES.

Having taken the agency of A C. Dauner & Co., of Mobile, Alabama, I can sell all heart Cypress Shingles at prices that defy competition. These Shingles are the best in the world and will last 50 years. Write for prices.

M. F. AMORCUS,
WHOLESALE LUMBER MERCHANT,
may9—1m 41 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

HOW TO TELL Genuine Simmons Liver Regulator, or Medicine.

Look for clean, neat white wrapper with the red symbolic letter stamped upon it in the form of a ribbon gracefully curved into the letter Z embracing the emblems of our trade, Spatula, Mortar and Graduate with the words A. Q. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR or MEDICINE thereon, also observe the signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO, in red ink on the side.

TAKE NO OTHER.

Beware of those who know nothing of Medical Compounds who put out nostrums known to sour, and being analyzed prove worthless and only made to fleece the public, and to pirate on the well-earned reputation of Zeilin & Co's medicine. These frauds have no reputation to sustain and will cheat you for a few pennys every way they can.

Look careful to the medicine you are induced to take, for much suffering, permanent injury, and even death has resulted from improper treatment, and from taking unskillfully prepared medicine.

DR. SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR,
Manufactured only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.
Sold by all respectable Druggists.
aug30—d1y tues thur sat&w1y top col n r m

TOLU ROCK AND RYE.

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK and RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be **Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,**

☞ **WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.**

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

Agents, LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR. apr1—d6m sat tues thur

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

A Never-Failing Cure for Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Cuts, Sores, etc.

After forty years of trial, PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER stands unrivaled. It is safe! It acts immediately! It never fails!

Editor of the St. John (N. B.) News, says:
In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, etc., it is the *most effectual* remedy we know of. No family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour.

From the Cincinnati Dispatch:
We have *seen* its magic effects, and *know* it to be a good article.

From I. S. Potter, U. S. Consul at Crefeld, Rhenish Prussia:
After long years of use, I am satisfied it is positively efficient as a healing remedy for wounds, bruises, and sprains.

W. W. Sharper, Valdosta, Ga., says:
It is a panacea for all bruises and burns.

From R. W. Adams, Saco, Me.:
It gave me immediate relief.

R. Lewis says:
In forty years' use it never has failed me.

W. W. Lum, Nicholville, N. Y., says:
I use your PAIN KILLER frequently. It *relieves* pain and soreness, and *heals* wounds like magic.

J. W. Dee says:
For scalds and burns it has no equal.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not a new untried remedy. For forty years it has been in constant use; and those who have used it the longest are its best friends.

Its success is entirely because of its merit. Every family should have a bottle ready for use. Much pain and heavy doctors' bills may often be saved by prompt application of the PAIN KILLER. Unlike most medicines, it is perfectly safe even in the hands of a child. Try it once thoroughly, and it will prove its value. Your druggist has it at 25c., 50c., and $1.00 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

july5—d&w1y whole nx rd mat april ma

SUMMER RESORT.

CHALYBEATE SPRINGS HOTEL.

OPEN MAY 15TH, 1882.

THIS DELIGHTFUL AND THE MOST POPULAR Summer Resort in Georgia, again asks the patronage of the public. We refer to any of the Five Thousand guests who have been here under the present management. The railroads have kindly given us a rate of 5 cents per mile for the round trip, and tickets now on sale. Messrs Martin & Freeman will run the stage line from Talbotton, giving us a daily mail.

We shall make our rates the same as heretofore, to-wit:

Per day, $2; 1 week, $10; 2 weeks, $18; 3 weeks, $24; 4 weeks, $30.

Write for circulars, etc. We guarantee satisfaction.

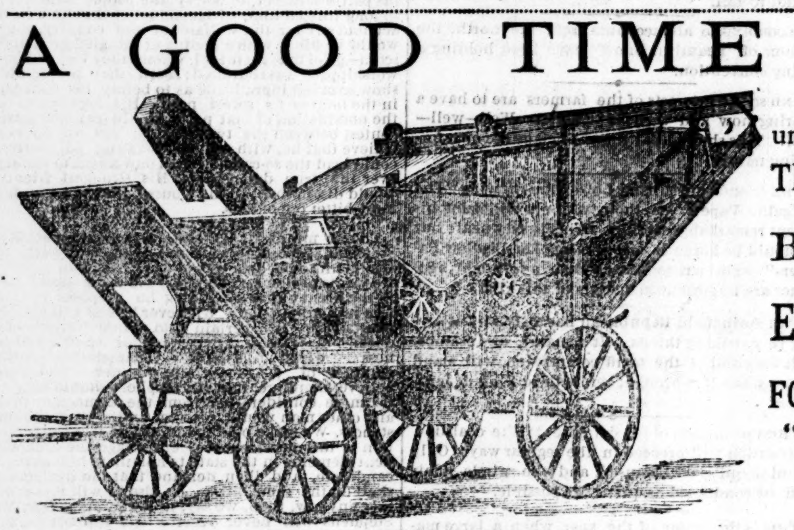
THOMPSON & ALLEN,
may2 d2m Proprietors.

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS (ALKALINE Lithia Waters) Hampshire Co., West Virginia. Open June 1st. Easy of access from all points of the compass. Having the largest swimming pool of Carbonated Mineral Water in the world. Also Iron Springs, second to none. Half to three-quarters of an hour's ride (carriage or horseback): a splendid White Sulphur. Grand mountain scenery. Summer climate unsurpassed. A charming summer home. For medical and other testimony send for pamphlet. Fine band good fishing and boating. Say where you saw this advertisement.

apr15—d6t W. H. SALE. Proprietor.

SEPARATORS, ENGINES, MACHINERY, ETC.

A GOOD TIME AHEAD!



WAYNESBORO ECLIPSE SEPARATOR.

The Wheat Crop of this year is unprecedented in acreage and quality.

THE "ECLIPSE SEPARATOR" is guaranteed the

BEST ON EARTH.

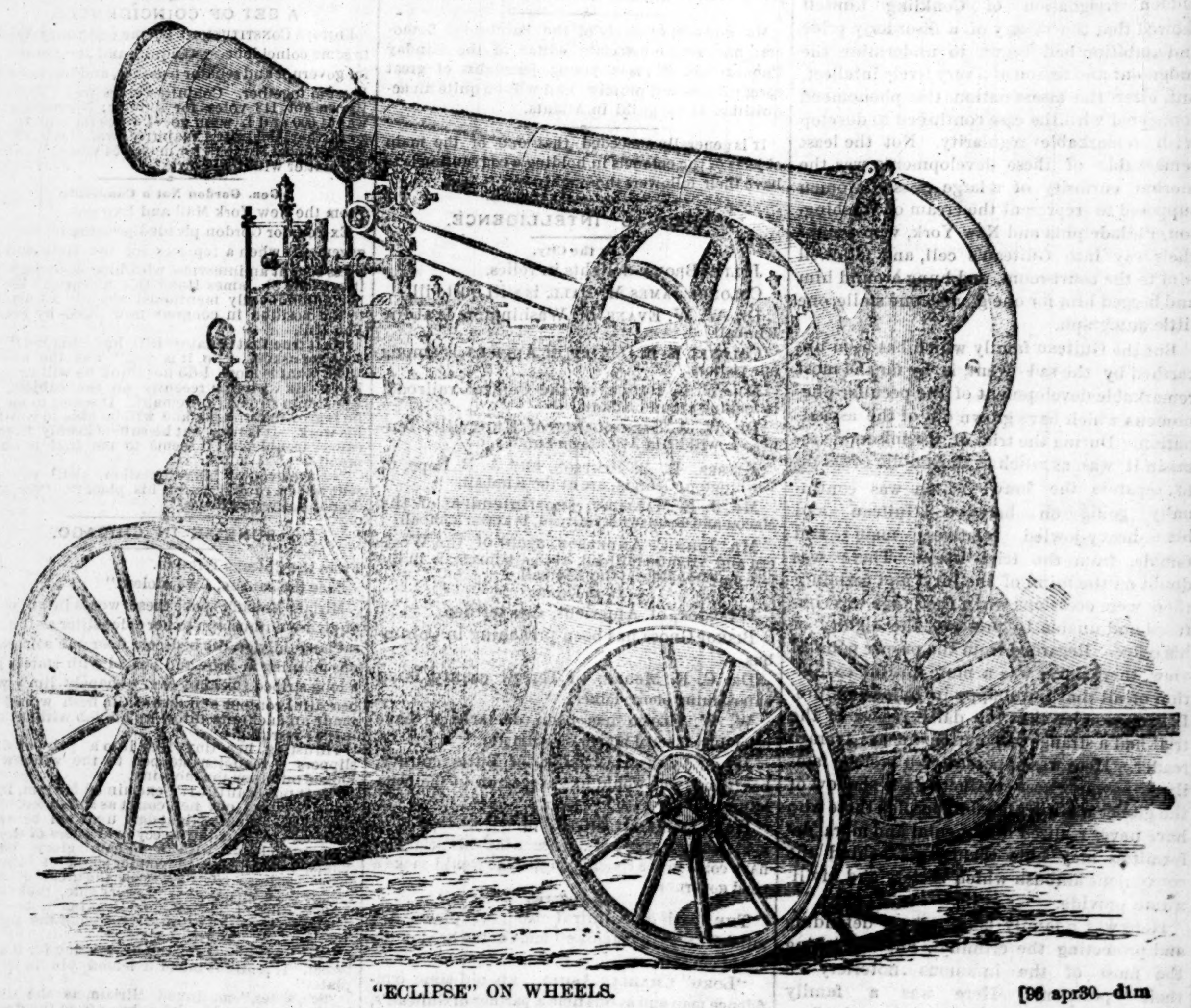
And the

ECLIPSE ENGINE

LEADS THE WORLD FOR RELIABLE EXCELLENCE.

"A word to the wise is sufficient."

THOS. CAMP,
General Agent,
COVINGTON, GEORGIA.



"ECLIPSE" ON WHEELS.

[96 apr30—d1m

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

BETWEEN

ATLANTA AND NEWNAN.

OFFICE ATLANTA & WEST POINT R. R. CO.,

ATLANTA, May 9th, 1882.

ON MONDAY, THE 15TH INSTANT, AN ACcommodation Train will commence running between Atlanta and Newnan, as follows:

Leave Newnan at	6 40 a m
Arrive at Atlanta	8 10 a m
Leave Atlanta at	5 55 p m
Arrive at Newnan	7 25 p m

Thirty Trip Tickets (good until used) will be sold at the Atlanta office, to parties residing between Atlanta and Newnan, at

TWO CENTS PER MILE.

Monthly Commutation Tickets of 54 trips will also be sold at ONE CENT per mile. Tickets will be made good on all passenger trains when desired

This train will be fitted up with all modern appliances, thus guaranteeing speed, comfort and safety.

It is the intention of the management to offer every encouragement possible to parties wishing to purchase attractive homes along the beautiful, high and healthful ridges traversed by our road.

A. J. ORME, Gen. Pass. Agt.
CECIL GABBETT, Superintendent.
may10 d2w—5thp

UNDERTAKERS.

H. M. PATTERSON, Undertaker,

No. 18 Loyd St., Markham house block, Atlanta, Ga

KEEPS FULL LINE OF METALIC AND WOOD Caskets and Coffins, Burial Robes, etc., of best manufactures. Fine hearses and carriages at reasonable prices. Prompt attention to telegraphic and all other orders, day and night. A perfect embalming process. Located opposite telegraph office and passenger depot.

G. R. BOAZ,
687 jan15 1yr Proprietor.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, April 28, 1882.—Elizabeth J. Mitchel has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Wesley D. Mitchell, deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
apr29 d1aw4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, April 28, 1882—Martha A. Warmack, administratrix of the estate of Cynthia L. Kile, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the lands of said estate.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will then granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
apr29 daw4w sat Ordinary.

CORSETS.

WARNER BROTHERS

CORALINE CORSETS.

The great superiority of Coraline over horn or whalebone has induced us to use it in the following styles of our standard Corsets: W. B. (coutil), Abdominal, Health, Nursing, Coraline, Flexible Hip, and Misses'.

$10 REWARD will be paid for any corset in which the Coraline breaks with six months' ordinary wear.

For sale by leading merchants everywhere.

Beware of worthless imitations boned with cord.

WARNER BRO'S. 372 Broadway, N. Y.
apr7—d2m &w2m

PITTS'S CARMINATIVE,
FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

COLIC, CHOLERA INFANTUM, DIARRHŒA, Dysentery, or any morbid state of the Alimentary Canal, cures the child. A relief to the aching heart of the over-taxed mother. For adults—cures nausea and vomiting. Peculiar to females—cures painful menstration, coughs colds, cholera morbus and others derangements of the stomach and bowels. Hundreds can testify to its wonderful virtues. Retail price 25 cents. At wholesale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and for sale by all druggists. may4 d&w6m

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FINANCIAL

MADDOX, RUCKER & CO., BANKERS, 36 W. Alabama street—Transact a general Banking business, make collections, receive deposits and allow interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum. New York exchange at current rates. R F Maddox, J W Rucker, W L Peel 409 apr9 3m top col

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

TRUNKS, BAGS, VALISES, BASKETS AND ALL fancy leather articles needed by every traveler, at Huzza & Co.'s Trunk Factory, 12 Whitehall.
371 may7—sun wed & sat top col

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A MANUFACTURING AGENCY IN the South of the Graham Extension Stove Pipe. It is cheap, durable, easily adjusted, saves time, patience and money. The New York Agency will put 75,000 dozen in market this year. Address the sole agent, W. S. Dean, Hornellsville, N. Y.
may13—d3t

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—LADIES TO CALL AND LEARN the Art of Cutting (by actual measure) Ladies' and Children's Clothing at the Dressmaker's Magic Scale Rooms, 65½ Peachtree street.
apr12—dtf

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—A 7-ROOM BRICK HOUSE (FURnished) conveniently located for a boarding house, 100 yards from public square, Gainesville, Ga. Six regular boarders now in the house. Good garden, etc. For particulars apply to Cox & Dorsey, Real Estate Agents, Gainesville, Ga. may13 3t

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT ROOMS, furnished, for house-keeping to family without children, two squares from P. O. 32 Luckie. Water and gas. may13—d2t

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED house 156 North Calhoun street, between Wheat and Houston. Call at house.
may13—d2t

FOR RENT—A NEW HOUSE WITH SIX ROOMS on the corner of Alexander and McAfee streets. Apply at the office of Hoke Smith.
may11 tf

FOR RENT—NICE 9 ROOM BRICK HOUSE 221 Whitehall street; 4 room house, Frazer St. E B Rosser, cor Forsyth and Hunter,
may3—dtf

AUCTION SALES.

HENDRIX & McBURNEY, AUCTIONEERS—34 unimproved lots at auction. We will sell to day at 3:30 o'clock p. m., thirty-four vacant lots on Currier, Blackman and Brumby streets, and near where Forest Avenue will run, which will be opened soon, and within 200 feet of the Jackson street car line, and near those beautiful residences of Messrs Rinehardt, Nelson, Grant, Stoval and Mays, making a desirable neighborhood; and yet the lots are so arranged as to be suitable for residences for persons of moderate means, with all the advantages of that fine healthy section of the city. This will be a fine opportunity for capitalists to invest in property that will enhance in value and pay fifty per cent, on the investment in a short time. Plats are now ready at our office. Call and get one and attend sale. Hendrix & McBurney. may13-1t

AUCTION—ON SATURDAY, MAY 13TH, I WILL commence to sell at auction the balance of clothing and gents' furnishing goods, assigned to me by Cohen & Selig. Sale to begin at 9 o'clock a m, at corner Whitehall and Alabama. J H Haas assignee. 402 may7d6t

AUCTION SALE AT WEST END—WE WILL sell at auction Monday, May 15, at 3:30 p m, the handsome eight-room residence of Major O T Terry, immediately on the street car line. Persons desiring a nice home are cordially invited by the family to call and see this place any afternoon before sold. After selling this residence we will immediately sell the two-story brick store, No 214, Peters street. The store has five finished rooms up stairs suitable for family; also the vacant lot adjoining. Terms, one fourth cash; balance one, two and three years, with interest. See bills posted. I Y Sawtell, Auctioneers. 365 may 7—tds

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID YOUNG HORSE, kind and gentle in harness, and a beauty under the saddle. 397 Marietta street, city.
may13—d1t

FOR SALE—FIFTEEN SHARES IN ATLANTA Building and Loan Association, by Mrs T C Swift, 109 W Harris street. may13 d2t

FOR SALE—THE TRAINS WITH ROLLERS, engines, boilers, machinery, scrap, wrought and cast iron, tools, fire brick, etc, purchased at the sale of the Georgia Iron Works property. For circulars with description of property, address A B Johnston, office General Manager, Richmond and Damville Extension Co, 50 N Broad street. Atlanta, Ga.
may12 3t

FOR SALE—SWEET POTATO SLIPS, (SANDO mingo) packed for shipping if required. Send orders to 100 and 108, Peachtree street. B F Walker.
may10 d3t—wed sat sun

WALL PAPERS—WE ARE ANXIOUS TO DISpose of our stock of these goods, and to do so will sell them at about half price for cash, in lots, or will exchange for real estate. Stock about $1,500. Duck & Co, 35 Broad street. may12 d1w

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER, DRY FLOORing and Ceiling, Shingles, Laths, Lime, Hair and Brick for sale at bottom prices, by W D Bell, corner Wheat and Pryor streets. may10 1m

SELLING OUT BELOW COST—THE LAST chance to buy a good, cheap Razor, Carving-Knives, Scissors and Shears of all kinds, Pen and Pocket Knives and all kinds of cutlery at B D Vittur's, 18 Broad street, 970 apr23—dtf

FOR SALE—A FORSAITH FOLDER, IN GOOD condition, cheap. Constitution, Atlanta, Ga
oct8—dtf

LOST.

LOST! LOST!—A MEMORANDUM POCKET-book containing papers valuable only to myself. A suitable reward will be paid if left at Z A Rice & Son's, No 63 Broad street. H H Starr.
may12 d2t

HOTELS.

MRS. N. E. CHURCH HAS HER HOUSE NOW open for the reception of summer boarders. No children or servants taken. Special rates rates for May and June. Address Mrs. N. E. Church, Mt. Airy, Ga. may13—d2t sat sun

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MOORE'S BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta, Ga. One of the best practical schools in the country. Circulars mailed FREE.
feb3—d3m &wky12m

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink,)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION.

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no Other.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkeness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

aug27—d1y tues thur sat &w1y

PERRY & CO'S ENGLISH MADE FALCON STEEL PENS

Sample box, 25 different styles of Perry's Pens sent for trial by mail, on receipt of 25 cents.

Sole Agents,

Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co.,
NEW YORK.

june7—d2 1y—tues sat No2

THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2 50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia

ATLANTA, GA., MAY 13, 1882.

The signal service bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, partly cloudy weather, local rains, variable winds mostly westerly, stationary or higher pressure.

The people will breathe easier now that the last word has been spoken by the lawyers in the Guiteau case, and will await with commendable patience for the final scene on the 30th of June.

Even some of the English papers feel constrained to criticise the severity of the proposed measures of repression in Ireland. Mr. Dillon, in his place in parliament, declared that such legislation could not bear other than bad fruit.

The killing of a laborer by the falling of a railroad embankment, which had been undermined, suggests the necessity of a little more vigilance on the part of employers generally in driving workmen into dangerous situations. Intelligent supervision would prevent many such casualties.

Senator Brown addressed the Baptist convention on yesterday in the interest of foreign missions. He carries his practical mind into religion as he does into his business, and says that all the means furnished by science, the press, and commercial relations should be utilized for spreading the gospel.

That "there's many a slip," etc., may yet be the sad experience of Mr. James Atkins, who has been wasting the midnight oil in fitting himself for the bench in Georgia. He has received intimation of considerable opposition in the senate, and Judge McCay has developed strength in unexpected quarters.

When the leaders of Southern Methodism first broached the subject of electing one or two additional bishops they little dreamed that the number to be recommended by the committee would swell into six. On looking over the field the conference finds that the church has considerably outgrown anticipations, and requires more hands to do the work, although Dr. McFerrin good-naturedly intimates that bishops have but little to do.

THE LIVING PARASITE.

In seeking a cure the first element of knowledge required is as to the exact nature of the disease. Without such knowledge, all efforts to apply a remedy are but leaps in the dark, just as liable to work injury as good. The discovery by an eminent French physician of the parasite, or baccilli, from which eruptive fevers are germinated, led the way for the discovery of remedies which have well-nigh robbed all such diseases of their terrors, and which make science master of the situation.

The investigation of Professor Koch, the great German physician, into the origin and development of tubercular diseases, as detailed by such an authority as Professor Tindall, and treated seriously by the British Medical News, but leads the way in a mighty revolution by which that most wasting and fatal of diseases may yet be made to yield as readily to the physician's skill as the most ordinary fevers. It has been demonstrated, by tests on animals and the regular operations in the dissecting room, that consumption, pneumonia, phthisis, and similar diseases, are caused by the presence of a poisonous parasite, which continues its depredations upon the lung until it results in the death of its victim. The further fact has been demonstrated that in many ways these diseases are communicable, the most remarkable case being one in which the disease was introduced through the aqueous matter of the eye.

Now for the remedy. It surely cannot be that the medical skill of the world, having a positive knowledge of the cause of the disease, will fail to find a means of killing the parasite, or by some sort of inoculation, greatly lessen the danger from the ravages of consumption. The fact that nearly one-third of the adult deaths of the world are due solely to lung diseases, makes the new field of inquiry one of great importance. If Professor Koch can continue his developments from the discovery of the parasite to the compounding of a remedy to kill it, his name will deservedly rank with those of Jenner and Pasteur.

TEN MILLIONS A YEAR FOR EDUCATION

The half-dozen bills introduced to give federal aid to education have been set aside by the house committee on education and labor, in favor of one to annually appropriate $10,000,000 for five years. The money is to be distributed to each state in the proportion which the illiterary of each state and territory bears to the total illiteracy of the country, as shown by the last census. It must be divided proportionately between white and colored schools and pupils. The southern states will receive $7,556,773 out of the whole amount. The committee says in the report that it is believed that this sum will enable these states to support schools for six months every year, when added to the amount raised by state or local law, and in some of the states for a longer period.

This bill which was reported to the house on Thursday commands the unanimous support of the committee; but it has no chances of passage unless it can be made a special order, which requires a two-thirds vote. It is not known whether this can be done. There is a very favorable sentiment on the subject in both houses of congress, but whether that sentiment is strong enough to carry the bill through out of its order remains to be seen. Let us hope that when the bill is taken up no southern member will vote against it. It does not in any manner interfere with the educational machinery in the states. The money is to be expended through state officers under the terms of the bill, every one of which is reasonable and just. On this subject the New Orleans Times-Democrat very properly says: "The United States occupies toward us "the relation of a benefactor—of one who de-"votes for our benefit a certain gift, and who "stipulates that the gift shall be bestowed "and enjoyed in a certain manner and under "certain conditions. We are the beneficia-"ries of the nation's generosity, and it would "be in the worst of taste for us to insist upon "making the terms on which we will consent "to be benefitted."

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Mr. Gladstone has not permitted the crime of Phœnix park to change his policy in Irish affairs. He has, it is true, brought in a bill for the better prevention of the crime, under the terms of which he hopes to be able to break up the secret societies and to secure convictions of agrarian offenders in a special tribunal; but his plan of conciliation is to go on, and it is announced that he will take charge of the bill dealing with arrears of rent. He proposes now, as he proposed before the murder of Lord Cavendish, to give the Irish people all the relief that they reasonably can expect under the circumstances; and there is no doubt that he expects to receive in return the support of Mr. Parnell and all other honest Irishmen. O'Donovan Rossa and all like enemies of law and order are, if caught, to be tried without jury, but the Irish people are to be won over by a policy of conciliation. For murderers and the whole gang of conspirators, whether of Ireland or America, he will reserve the harshest terms of the law, and to the honest, even if mistaken, champions of Irish grievances he will offer practical measures of relief. The staunch old man is proving that in the face of terrible crime he can be just and generous as well as severe.

The appointment of George Otto Trevelyan as chief secretary for Ireland is an indication that Mr. Gladstone still intends to give his best attention to Irish affairs. He intends to personally inaugurate his new Irish policy. Mr. Trevelyan, like the late Lord Cavendish, is a man of considerable administrative experience, and like his predecessor in office he is neither great nor cranky. He will carry out Mr. Gladstone's plans in a satisfactory manner. While he is a brilliant writer and one of the best speakers in the kingdom, he is said to be earnest and painstaking. He has besides breadth of view and personal courage. The appointment has been received with favor throughout England, and yet all feel that Mr. Gladstone intends to take personal control of Irish affairs, and to stand or fall by the course of his conciliatory policy, and his efforts to punish assassination and violence.

THE GUITEAU GANG.

Nearly every phase of the Guiteau case, from the assassination of President Garfield down to the attempt to set aside the verdict of the jury and the sentence of the court, has been phenomenal. The attitude of Conkling and his followers, and the heat and fury of his organs, which undoubtedly led to the assassination, were peculiar in this, that they were out of all proportion to the nature and extent of the issue between the factions. The sudden resignation of Conkling himself showed that the misery of a disorderly pride and ambition had begun to undermine the judgment and reason of a very lively intellect, but, after the assassination the phenomena connected with the case continued to develop with remarkable regularity. Not the least remarkable of these developments was the morbid curiosity of a large class of women supposed to represent the cream of Washington, Philadelphia and New York, who fought their way into Guiteau's cell, and followed him to the court-room, and hung around him and begged him for one glance, one smile, one little autograph.

But the Guiteau family which has been unearthed by the sad event, is by far the most remarkable development of the peculiar phenomena which have grown out of the assassination. During the trial of the miserable assassin it was as much as the public could do to separate the brawl which was continually going on between Guiteau and his heavy-jowled relatives, male and female, from the trial itself. There was doubt on the mind of the jury, and certainly there were occasions when the judge was confused and unable to preserve the dignity of his office. Regarded from the proper point of view, there never was a more pitiful exhibition of all that is unhappy in human nature. It is no wonder that the daily record of the trial had a strange fascination for the average reader. Here was apparently an average family of people whose conduct in the shadow of the gibbet was calculated to perplex those who have never realized how mental and moral deformities may hide themselves behind the convenient ambush which society and civilization provide.

Here was a family bent, not on defending and protecting the criminal, but in making the most of the infamous notoriety of their position. Here was a family around which none of the restraints of refinement had been thrown. Utterly without sensibility, they aided the creature who has made them infamous forever in his efforts to attract the attention of the audience. Lawyer Scoville endeavored to compel the chattering Guiteau to pay some attention to the requirements of decency, but without avail; and, finally, through his proximity to it all, he lost his own balance and attempted to confound the public with a lecture.

The trial is over and the assassin is shortly to be hanged, but his relatives are still engaged in making unseemly exhibitions of themselves. The latest development of this mania for notoriety has just been reported. Scoville comes forward, and says that his wife is insane. He asserts further that she is under the influence of her brother, John W. Guiteau; that John W. Guiteau is interested in estranging her from her husband; and that she is about applying for a divorce. Under the idea that while she is thus insane she is controlled and influenced by unprincipled villains, as he lightly puts it, Scoville applied to the courts to free her from illegal restraint, and so on and so forth.

John W. Guiteau, on the other hand, claims that his sister, Mrs. Scoville, has been persecuted by her husband; that she is not insane, but a wronged woman who fears her husband because she believes he intends to separate her from her little girl and incarcerate her in a lunatic asylum; that Scoville is a "confounded fraud;" and that he desires to place his wife in an asylum for the effect it might have in the case of the assassin. The proceedings instituted by Scoville in the courts for the recovery of his wife were brought to an end by the appearance of that person at her home in Chicago, where she is now making arrangements to lecture. There is not a sign of insanity in the manifold attempts of this miserable gang to advertise themselves; and it is to be hoped that after the assassin is hanged we shall hear no more of the Guiteaus and the Scovilles.

The first number of the Cartersville American, by Wikle and Smith, has come to hand. It is written in a sprightly style and has the symptoms of success. The editors threaten to steer clear of partisan politics, and if they succeed in doing this it will be another evidence of the strength and power of the human will.

Editor Edwards, of the Macon Telegraph, is fighting sandflies and mosquitoes in Florida. Editor Lamar is not alone, however. Three vigorous vaccination sores are assisting him in his duties.

All the symptoms go to show that the Peruvian company was a republican institution. If so, as a matter of course, all the republicans connected with it are "white-souled." We believe this is the mystic language used by these able men to describe their innocence.

Thus far Mr. Bennett has discounted all the metropolitan editors. He has had our popular president on board his new yacht. It need hardly be said that the administration became acquainted with Mr. Bennett's majolica mugs.

When the Potomac flats are disestablished (to drop into political rhetoric) what is to be done with the congressional flats?

Emerson's plan was to write a book, condense it to a chapter, trim the chapter down to a paragraph, include the paragraph in a sentence and reduce the sentence to a word. So some of the memorialists say. We commend the plan to our poets. If they will send us only one word at a time we will have no trouble in making room for their epics.

The Georgia editors have gone off on a hurrah in Florida. This recreation is rendered necessary, perhaps, by their trip up the Augusta canal. By the by, did we ever mention that a trip up the Augusta canal is always stormy?

The attempt of coalition colonels to vaccinnate the people of Georgia with republican virus is bound to fail.

According to all accounts from the north, the authors of "Beautiful Snow" have been holding a spring convention.

And so the interests of the farmers are to have a hearing now and then in cabinet. Well—well—well! This shows that the politicians are of a forgiving nature.

The friends of Minister Lowell are drawing "The 'Bigelow Papers" on those who are criticizing his recent remarkable conduct. This is very neat; but it should be borne in mind that "The Bigelow Pa-"pers" were written more than a fortnight ago. Dates are important in matters of this kind.

The Springfield Republican has a sly way of saying very striking things. It remarks, for instance, that the child of the tariff commission will stand dumb when it is brought before the doctors at Jerusalem.

The vaccination of the delegates to the coalition convention will proceed in the regular way. Only genuine quills will be used, and the whole affair will be conducted as quietly as possible.

This is the season of the year when a large majority of the politicians are in the nominative case.

Mr. Ponder, formerly of the Bainbridge Democrat, has become associate editor of the Sunday Phonograph. He is a young journalist of great sprightliness and promise, and will be quite an acquisition to the guild in Atlanta.

It is generally conceded that one of the main objects of the colonels in holding a convention is to have their followers thoroughly vaccinated.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

In the City.

Julius Brown delights in relics.

Colonel James M. Ball, is still quite ill.

Dr. W. W. Evans, of Washington, is at the Kimball.

Colonel E. R. Dorsey, of Augusta, is among our visitors.

Mr. W. G. Raoul, of the Central railroad, is looking around Atlanta.

Dr. W. A. Strickland, of Knoxville, Tennessee, will be in Atlanta on Sunday.

Messrs. R. A. Simpson, and A. B. Pope, of Washington, Georgia, are at the Kimball.

Mr. J. E. Mallory, superintendent of the Macon and Brunswick railroad, is at the Kimball.

Mr. John C. Anderson, agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, at Chattanooga, is in the city and stopping at the Kimball.

In the State.

Hancock, of Americus, eats lettuce.

Bishop Gross has been preaching in Columbus.

Dr. C. R. Moore, of Terrell county, is an entertaining picnic talker.

W. W. Floyd has been declared to have been duly elected mayor of Palmetto.

Judge James Harkness, of Butts county, has friends who would like to see him in the legislature.

Hon. James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe, has made such a successful farmer that his neighbors have come to the conclusion that he would make a good governor.

In General.

The death of Admiral Rodgers places Admiral Worden of "Monitor" fame at the head of the list of rear admirals.

"Lord" Charles Ashley, an old-time confidence man and at one time a partner of Guiteau's, has been arrested in Boston as a swindler.

It was Longfellow who slyly described the lady as wearing flowers "on the congregation side of her bonnet"—Springfield Republican.

By the will of the late Thomas Allen, member of congress from Missouri, the Southern hotel property at St. Louis is to be divided equally among his seven children.

The London Daily News, contrasting Emerson and Carlyle, says of the former that the man was greater than his written works, and of the latter that his written works were greater than the man.

It is asserted that Congressman Ben Wood has been in his seat but once during the present session. It is difficult to understand why a man should have spent twenty thousand dollars to secure a seat which he only cares to occupy for five minutes.

Moses Taylor, who is lying very sick at his residence, is the richest merchant in the new world, worth $40,000,000, and finished a house at Long Branch but a year ago, the best residence there, and now is barely lingering in the earthly tabernacle.

A Milwaukee dispatch says that the syndicate which is negotiating for the purchase of the stock of A. T. Stewart & Co., is composed entirely of Scotchmen, who have the money to pay for what they buy. James Morgan, of Milwaukee, heads the list, and associated with him are eight other firms—at Rochester, Springfield, Wilmington, N. C., and two at Buffalo.

The British public must have had its fill of sensations lately. Within six weeks it has had the departure of Jumbo, the marriage of Prince Leopold, the hanging of Lamson, the release of Parnell and Davitt and the reversal of the Gladstone policy, the death of Darwin, and now the killing of Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke in Phœnix Park. These events probably hurt the trade, for a time, of dealers in small scandals about elopements and divorces in high life.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Views at Long Range.

Cleveland Leader.

Far in the dim but glorious future, the eye of faith can see a happy day when it will be possible to write in the past tense of "the last of the Apaches."

Preachers in Congress.

Philadelphia Record.

The Rev J Hyatt Smith, of Brooklyn, N Y, is not more of a success as a congressman than his reverend predecessors, Dr. Felton, of Georgia, and De La Matyr, of Indiana, and he acknowledges his failure by the impending resignation of his seat.

A Question for Voters.

Meriwether Vindicator.

It is confidently asserted that the democratic party will gain many congressmen in the northern states this fall. Shall this gain north be offset by republican gains south? If there are gains for the republicans south they will be obtained through the agency of the independents in Dixieland.

The White House Large Enough.

Philadelphia Times.

It will be difficult to advance any reasonable argument in favor of Senator Morrill's bill to double the size of the white house by erecting a new structure of equal extent south of the old building. The white house is large enough for any ordinary family and for the accommodation of the executive offices. To enlarge its capacity for public or private hospitality would promote encroachments on time which the president must necessarily give to his public duties and entail largely increased expense either on the country or the president personally. If the white house needs repairs they should be made liberally, but additions are not needed. It is big enough now for the administration.

Mr. Stephens's Candidacy

Houston Home Journal.

Hon. A. H. Stephens cannot be elected governor of Georgia if he allows the coalition mass meeting, which is to be held in Atlanta on the 1st of June, to place him in the field.

Eatonton Chronicle.

We are for Mr. Stephens for governor, if he decides to run for that office. We do not care whether he is nominated by the organized, endorsed by the independents, or trudges along with his own skillet, we expect to support him. And we shall feel that the casting of the vote will be one among the best of our life.

Dalton Citizen.

Mr. Stephens is as nothing when compared to the success and perpetuity of democratic principles in our grand old commonwealth, that was never so peaceful and prosperous as it now is under democratic rule; and should he so far forget the party which has honored him with office for so long a time as to countenance in the least anything its enemies may say or do, then let the democracy nominate some other good and true man and 'carry the war into Africa" with that vigor and determination that will know no defeat.

Fairburn News-Letter.

He has been trusted and honored as has no other man in the state, and now if he were, at the close of his patriotic career, to betray the people who have so long trusted him, with confidence that he would act honestly for the welfare of the country, they would be filled with a feeling of mingled grief and scorn—grief that their idol, whom they had so long worshipped, was shattered: scorn that he should show so much ingratitude as to betray his country in the hour of its sorest peril. His acceptance of the nomination of that party would cause a sharp contest between the two parties; but we do not believe that he, with all his personal popularity, could lead the so-called liberal movement to victory over the true democracy. His strongest friends would disapprove of his course and become his most bitter opponents.

Dawson Journal.

To our minds, it is clearly evident that Mr. Stephens proposes to whip the democratic party of Georgia into his own way of thinking and acting. He wants to ride two horses at the same time, and in the event either shall kick he proposes to lash him into submission. Whatever be his intentions, one thing is certain to our minds—he does not evince that candor and frankness which should characterize the conduct of a democratic leader, and we believe, therefore, that Mr. Stephens should receive no more consideration from the democracy than any other man would receive under like circumstances. We make bold to say, that if it is the intention of this gentleman to encourage the independent elements in the state to nominate him as their candidate, and then demand that the democracy shall do the same thing, or else he will make the race anyhow, then, we say, unflinchingly, that Mr. Stephens will never receive the support of the Dawson Journal.

A SET OF COINCIDENCES.

Editors Constitution: Let me call your attention to some coincidences: Colquitt and Joe Brown ran for governor and senator together, and Norwood and Lawton together. Colquitt's votes was 118,000 and Brown got 118 votes for senator; Norwood's vote was 64,000 and Lawton got 64 votes for senator. To go further, Colquitt's majority was 54,000 and Jim English beat Kimball for mayor 54 votes. What was the matter with the figures? Statistics.

Gen. Gordon Not a Candidate.

From the New York Mail and Express.

Ex-Senator Gordon pleaded pressing business engagements when a reporter for the Mail and Express sought an interview with him on Georgia politics at the St. James Hotel this morning. He has been prominently mentioned recently as aspiring to the position in congress now filled by Senator Ben Hill.

"Is it true that Senator Hill has resigned?" the reporter asked. "No, it is not," was the answer, "and what is more, I do not think he will resign. I had a talk with him recently on the subject, and urged him strongly to remain. It seems to me that he is growing stronger and will be able to continue his work. It is true that he suffers keenly from his cancer trouble, but it seems to me that is on the mend."

"In the event of his resignation, shall you consent to be a candidate for his place?" "No, sir; I do not desire his place."

SUNRISE IN CHICAGO.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"See the sunrise, Gwendolen!"

Miriam Mahaffy spoke these words in an ecstasy of girlish enthusiasm to her elder sister as the latter sat languidly on the bedroom floor one soft, sensuous morning in June and pulled with stately grace a long striped stocking over a shapely limb whose beautiful contour and firm white flesh would have made an anchorite throw up his job without a moment's warning.

Thrusting her tiny feet into a pair of dainty slippers Gwendolen stepped to the window and looked out upon the morning.

"Is it not beautiful?" exclaimed Miriam, impulsively putting out her corset as she spoke. "The golden pencilings of light dart up from below the horizon, touching the fleecy whiteness of the ever changing clouds with a roseate glory beyond compare. See how, in yonder speck of blue that peeps forth so coyly between the great masses of clouds that surround it on every side, there comes a mezzo-tint of orange here, making a beautiful background to the turquoise bloom of the picture. Is it not very beautiful, sister?"

"Yes," replied Gwendolen, reaching for the hair-brush, "it reminds me of a lemon pie in a blue plate."

"See, sister," continued Miriam, as she did up her back hair and took her bang from the dressing-case, "the breath of the morning, balmy and sweet, is kissing every flower and plant into new life. Can anything be more lovely?"

"Nothing in all the wide, wide world," replied Gwendolen—"except breakfast."

SPEAKING FOR GUITEAU.

The Final Proceedings on his Behalf in the Court Room.

Washington, May 12.—The last word has been spoken for Guiteau. Mr. Reed closed his argument and the lawyers who heard it say that it was a very able one. But it is doubtful if Mr. Reed himself expects that the court in banc will decide that the trial in the court below was irregular, or will in any way interfere with the sentence of Judge Cox, which provided that Charles J. Guiteau should, on June 30 next, be hanged by the neck until he is dead. Whether or not the American people ever come to the conclusion that Guiteau was insane, it is very certain that the definition of legal responsibility laid down by Judge Cox—a knowledge of the act and of its consequences at the time it was committed will be approved hereafter both by lawyers and laymen. Mr. Reed's argument as to jurisdiction particularly was a strong one, but if Chief-Justice Cartter's interlocutory remarks mean anything they indicate very clearly that, so far as Guiteau was concerned, the murder of the president was committed when the fatal shot was fired and death could add nothing to the assassin's crime. There was one intimation in Mr. Reed's speech which might possibly be considered to mean that an attempt would be made to apply to the pardoning power, but it can scarcely be possible that such a movement is contemplated. It is quite certain that the last man in the United States who would for a moment entertain a proposition to pardon Charles J. Guiteau would be Chester A. Arthur.

THE GOVERNMENT SIDE.

Colonel Corkhill opened for the prosecution. After detailing the circumstances of the shooting, he passed on to the question of jurisdiction, and pronounced as absurd the position taken that because President Garfield was not allowed to remain in Washington and die, therefore the court has no jurisdiction. Corkhill discussed these questions at considerable length. He quoted the decision of the supreme court of Tennessee, which held that the offense was committed at the place of the blow, though death occurred elsewhere. He argued that the evidence admitted for the prosecution to rebut the defense of insanity was complete and properly admitted; that it was justifiable in rebuttal for the prosecution to go to any length in showing that the acts of the defendant, which had been offered as evidence of insanity, were rather the product of immorality. The counsel discussed at some length the evidence of Mrs. Dunmire (Guiteau's former wife) claiming the confidential communication between husband and wife had not been invaded by the prosecution.

AN ADJOURNMENT UNTIL MONDAY.

Mr. Davidge closed the argument for the government and Mr. Reed followed for the prisoner, and concluded. The court adjourned till Monday.

TWO WILD TRAINS.

A Terrible Situation on a Kansas Train—A Connecticut Run.

Parsons, Kansas, May 12.—While the engineer and conductor of a train on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road were in the telegraph office at Oswego, Kansas, for orders their engine and caboose started off without them, bound north. The train had several hundred persons on board, members of the Missouri press association, their families and friends on an excursion to Galveston. The engineer of the incoming train saw the wild train in time to stop his own and leap from the engine. The wild train was going over forty miles an hour. When they collided both engines were totally wrecked. The postal clerk on the passenger train is the only person injured. The passengers all escaped unhurt, and after the track was cleared and a new engine procured they proceeded on their journey.

AN ENGINE'S WILD CAREER.

Hartford, Conn., May 12.—A switch engine crossing the Connecticut river bridge as a freight train was entering upon the main track of the New York and New England railroad, struck and partly detailed a freight engine switch, then ran wild about two miles and dashed into the engine depot yard, tearing away the tender. The engine ended its wild career by crashing into another engine in the yard, when both were badly wrecked.

THE EGYPTIAN COMPLICATION.

Arabi Bey Declares That There Must be Civil War.

Special Dispatch to the Constitution.

Cairo, May 12.—The notables have unanimously refused to assemble unless legally convened. When Arabi Bey heard of their decision he exclaimed: "Then we shall have civil war." Arabi Bey has manifested an intention to depose the khedive by an array of force without the formality of obtaining the assent of the chamber of notables Stone pacha has resigned, not desiring to violate his oath of allegiance to the khedive. A military demonstration is momentarily expected. It is rumored that Arabi Bey cannot rely on the support of all the troops. One regiment, it is said, remains faithful to the khedive.

OUR GROWING CROPS.

The May Report of the Department of Agriculture.

Washington, May 12.—The May report of the agricultural bureau contains the following cotton returns, representing 81 per cent of the proposed area planted on the 1st of May, against 85 per cent last year. Planting is more advanced than usual from Virginia to Florida, and more backwards in all other states, especially in Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee. In consequence of the overflow the proportion planted in Mississippi is 53 per cent, instead of 85 in the average year; 71 in Louisiana, instead of 89; 76 in Arkansas, instead of 83, and 77 in Tennessee, instead of 80 per cent. The deficiency on the first of May approximates half a million acres, with planting still in progress.

A Treasurer's Suicide.

Jersey City, May 12.—This morning, Edmund Kingsland, treasurer of the provident institution for savings, shot himself, in his office in the bank, and died in a few minutes. A hasty examination of the affairs of the bank indicated that everything was as it should be, and no cause can be assigned for the suicide.

Kingsland is not yet dead, though a bullet of large size went through his head behind his eyes. He was trustee for several estates, the heirs of one of which was endeavoring to force a settlement. A run on the bank began to-day and amounts almost to a panic.

Convicted of Bigamy.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

New York, May 12.—George A. Hewlett, formerly of New Orleans, and well known there, having once ran for state senator, was to-day convicted of bigamy in the court of general sessions, and sent to state prison for fifteen months. In 1868 Hewlett married Sarah A. Haywood, of Brooklyn, and on May 11, 1881, he married Clarissa L. Williams, of this city. He denied his first marriage.

The Bank of England.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

London, May 12.—The weekly statement of the bank of England shows a decrease in bullion of £368,000. The proportion of the bank reserve to its liabilities which last week was 43 per cent is now 42¾ per cent.

Not Satisfactory.

New York, May 12.—The Herald says: The cotton exchange has received a letter from Oldham, England, intimating that the explanation that sand found in American cottown was blown there by wind is not satisfactory.

Archbishop Perche.

New Orleans, May 12.—A special to the Times says: The venerable Archbishop Perche, of the Roman Catholic diocese, is dangerously ill and it is not believed that he can live many days

DE LAM' A STRAYIN'.

BY BOB M'GEE.

[Exhortation at a colored camp meeting. The dialect is that of a Mississippi plantation.]

Look out, backslider, whar you walkin?
Make a misstep, sho's you bo'n.
I tell you what, it's no use talkin',
Ef you slip up, chile, you gone!
De road is full er stumps an' stubble,
Ruts an' sink holes eberywhar',
I spec' dey'll gib you heap er trouble,
'F you don't stop yo' foolin' dar'.
It's dark ez pitch an' mighty cloudy,
Spec' de debbil's walkin' roun',
Fus' thing you know he'll tell you "howdy"—
Lif' his hoof an' stomp de groun'.
Man, can't you see a sto'm's a brewin'?
Hear de awful thunder peal!
Look! Blazen' light'nin' threat'nin' ruin—
Oh, backslider, how you feel?
Drap on yo' knees an' go to prayin',
Ax de Lawd to he'p you out.
Chile, tell him you's a lam' a strayin'—
Done got los' an' stum'lin' 'bout.
An' den you'll see de stars a-gleamin'—
'Luminatin' all de way.
Yea', bout ten thousan' twinklin', beamin'—
Smack untwell de break er day.
But ef you fail debbil git you,
Fetch you slap! right in yo' eye,
You'll feel mos' like er grape shot hit you,
Drapp'd f'om half way to de sky!

FINANCIAL FACTS.

New York, May 12.—Share speculation opened weak, and prices showed a decline from yesterday's closing quotations ⅛ to ⅝ per cent, latter for Wabash preferred. Business during the morning was very dull, and in the first hour prices recorded a decline of ⅛ to ¾ per cent, Missouri Pacific leading in the downward movement. The market after this continued about steady, but at noon there was a slight improvement. In the early part of the afternoon there was a decline of ⅛ to ⅝ per cent, Lake Shore and Northern Pacific leading therein, but in the late trade prices sold up ⅛ to ¼ per cent, Northwest, New Jersey Central and Omaha being most prominent in the upward turn. In the final dealings there was a fractional reaction in the general list, while Richmond and Danville sold down 3 per cent to 100. The market closed dull, and prices are a fraction lower as compared with yesterday's closing prices. It was the dullest day of the year in the stock market. Transactions aggregated 117,000 shares.

Georgia 6s	*105	Pacific Mail	42½
Georgia 7s mortg'e	108½	Panama	*205
Georgia do gold	115	Quicksilver	10¼
Louisiana consols	65	Preferred	56½
North Carolina old	28	Reading	58½
North Carolina new	18	St L & San Fran	*39¼
Funding	10	do Preferred	50
Special tax	7¼	do first Preferred	85
Tennessee 6s	58½	St.Paul	111¾
Tennessee new	58	Preferred	120⅝
Virginia 6s	34	Texas Pacific	40⅞
Consolidated	62	Union Pacific	112⅞
Deferred	*15	United States	73
Adams Express	138	Wells & Fargo	126½
American Mer. Ex.	94½	Chicago & N.W	129⅞
Chesap'ke & Ohio	22	do Preferred	140½
Chicago & Alton	132½	Erie	35¾
C., St. L. & N. O	74½	East Tenn R. R.	11¼
Consolidated Coal	27½	Ga. R. R	165
Delaware & Lack	121⅜	Illinois Central	136
Fort Wayne	136	Lake Shore	102⅝
Hannibal & St Joe	90	L. & N.	75
Harlem	*205	Memphis & Char'n	50
Houston & Texas	73	N., C. & St. L.	60¼
Manhattan Ele	54	N.Y.Central	127
Metropolitan Ele	86	Pittsb'g F.W. & C.	135
Michigan Central	86¾	Rich. & Alleghany	17
Mobile & Ohio	23	Rich. & Dan	*102
N Jersey Central	71½	Rock Island	129¼
Norfolk & W'n Pre	52	S. C. con brown	102½
N. Y Elevated	109	Wab., St. L. & Pac	30
Ohio & Miss	34½	do Preferred	53
Preferred	100	Western Union	83⅝

*Offered

THE SMALL-POX.

No Cases Developed Yesterday—the Board of Health and a Newspaper Correspondent.

The following appeared in a letter to the Savannah News and was written by Mr. Sidney Herbert:

For myself and family I have given up in despair, and settled down to meet the worst. We now have

Small-pox to the right of us,
Small-pox to the left of us,
Small-pox to the rear of us,
Small-pox in front of us.

And six or eight times a day the pest house ambulance or the city carts, carry the disease by my residence. I cannot move without coming in contact with it in some manner.

Only last night, a few doors from me, and next door to Colonel Charles K. Maddox, the private secretary of Senator Joseph E. Brown, a white family slipped away quietly and left a young man in the house with small-pox.

Thus it is spreading and being spread among the white families of the city, and not a few cases hid out and suppressed from public attention.

Of course the disease is more prevalent among the negroes, and has not taken foothold in every part of the city generally as in the fourth ward, yet a few days will serve to develop it throughout the entire city.

The above is untrue in every essential particular, as we shall proceed to show:

1. The case "next to Mr. C. K. Maddox" was not small-pox, but was measles. The reporter of The Constitution called at the house and talked with the young man, and found that he had never had the small-pox, but had been slightly sick with the measles. This is a fair sample of the rumors on which excitement is fed.

2. "Thus it is spreading and being spread among the white families of the city." So says Mr. Herbert. Now, there have been only five white persons sick with small-pox in the entire city—Messrs. Ivie, Mower, and Guest and Mrs. Dyer and Mr. Roberts. Of these five, three occurred two weeks before Mr. Herbert wrote. We submit that these facts do not show that the disease is, "spreading among the white families of the city."

3. "Not a few cases are hid out and suppressed from public attention." Mr. Herbert when called upon to show one of these "hidden and suppressed cases" could not do so—for the simple reason that there are none to show. As a stimulus to Mr. Herbert, or any other man, who says there are "suppressed or hidden cases" Mayor English offered Mr Herbert $100 for proof of one single case, white or black, that had not been reported and published. So much for the "hidden cases."

4. "And six or eight times a day the ambulance carries the disease past my residence." Only once since the disease has there been eight cases in one day—only twice has there been as many as six cases in one day. The average has been less than two a day.

5. "I cannot move without coming in contact with it in some manner." The writer has "moved" about the city pretty lively for two months and has never seen a case. Of seven men now in the presence of the writer—all active men of business—only one has ever seen a small-pox patient; none of them have ever come "in contact" with it. Of the 50,000 people in Atlanta, Mr. Herbert is the only one who "cannot move without coming in contact with it in some manner."

6. "Small-pox to the right, left, rear and front of us." Let us see. There have been less than sixty cases in all. Of these nine were not developed when the letter was written—fourteen were dead—twelve were convalescent and eight sick at the pest house. The few remaining cases would have had to been placed with great discrimination and geographical accuracy to have entirely surrounded the unhappy Mr. Herbert.

"For myself and family I have given up in despair, and have settled down to meet the worst." This is probably true. We certainly have no right or disposition to contradict it.

We have thus carefully gone over the various specifications of Mr. Herberts letter to show the stuff of which reports about the small-pox in Atlanta are made. The Savannah News will doubtless see the justice of printing what we have written.

Yesterday a Constitution reporter called on Mr. Herbert at his residence on Fillmore street and said:

"Major, you make some statements in your Savannah News letter of the 9th which I desire to ask you about."

"All I have to say," replied Major Herbert, "is this, that the letter could not and would not have been written at any other time. The letter was written under peculiar circumstances. It could not have been written twenty-four hours earlier and could not have been written twenty four hours later. At the time the letter was written the facts seemed to justify the assertions which I made."

"In your letter you state that the young man next to where Mr. C. K. Maddox lives had the small pox?"

"I was told so at the time, but it turns out that he did not have the disease."

"You state that there are cases hid out. Will you mention any of them to me?"

"I do not care to give you the facts for publication."

"Why?"

"Because I do not care to mention the names of those who informed me."

"Why can't you mention their names?"

"Because I do not wish to implicate them."

Being pressed further for an answer, Major Herbert said:

"The letter was written on the morning when the small-pox broke out afresh, when the people were excited and everybody was alarmed. As I said before the letter could not have been written twenty-four hours earlier, nor could it have been written twenty-four hours later. As to what I said about the young man next where Mr. Maddox lives, that case, of course, has turned out not to be small-pox. A negro went to Dr. Fred King, and showed him his vaccination scar and asked him if he thought it would be safe for him to nurse a case of small-pox. He said he knew where there was a case, and that he could get five dollars per day for nursing it. I wrote the letter on information gained from parties who are inspectors. They gave it as their opinion that there were cases concealed, and said that it was their opinion that the disease was spreading and was going to spread."

"Then you do not know of any cases that are concealed?"

"No."

"Your statement was based on rumors?"

"Yes."

"Let me understand you, Major. You say that you based your assertion, that there were cases concealed here, on the fact that a negro told Dr. King that he knew of a case and on the assertion of some inspectors that it was their opinion that there were cases concealed?"

"Yes."

As the reporter took his departure Major Herbert said:

"I told Mayor English to-day that I would send the Morning News a dispatch explaining the situation."

THE MAN WHO DID NOT HAVE IT.

The reporter came on back toward the city and stopped at 144, next door to the residence of Mr. Maddox. He walked to the door, gave a gentle tap and awaited the answer. The place wore a rather deserted aspect, and no one seemed to be living in the house. However, the rap was speedily answered by a young lady. The reporter said:

"I want to see the young man who is said to have small pox here."

The reporter was conducted into the presence of a young man who was sitting up and gave no indication whatever that he was in any way sick. He arose as the reporter entered and was introduced by the young lady as Mr. B. F. Jones.

"You do not seem to have small-pox," remarked the reporter.

"I have not had it," he replied. "On the contrary, I have had the mildest possible case of measles. I was taken about a week ago and I am almost ready to go to work again."

"Did the family really desert you?"

"Well, they were gone before I knew it."

"To what place did they go?"

"To Conyers."

"Whose family was it?"

"The family of Mr. Taylor."

"Did he go also?"

"Oh, yes, they all left. But they will be back in a day or two Mr. Taylor is already here, and has written for his family."

The reporter came on to Dr. King's drug store. In reply to a question Dr. King said:

"Yes, a negro came to me and showed me his vaccination mark and asked me if it would be safe for him to nurse a case of small-pox. He said he knew of a case and could get five dollars a day for nursing it."

"What did you tell him?"

"I told him that he had a perfect scar and could sleep with a case of small-pox if he wanted to."

A TALK WITH MAYOR ENGLISH.

As soon as Mayor English had seen the article in the Savannah News, he sent for Mr. Herbert and asked the authority upon which the dispatch was based. Mr. Herbert stated that his authority was rumor only, and gave Pledger, the collector of customs, as one of his authorities. Mayor English then said to him:

"I will give you one thousand dollars in cash if you will produce for me a single case of small-pox in the city of Atlanta, that has not been reported by the board of health, and printed in The Constitution newspaper. Now, you have printed to the detriment of Atlanta that 'there are not a few suppressed and hidden cases.' This statement over your name has gone abroad. Now if it is true, you should make its truth apparent, and I hereby announce that I am ready to give you one thousand dollars in cash if you will produce me one single case of small-pox that has occurred in this town that has not been reported. While you profess interest in Atlanta and great friendship for our people, the writing of that article does not sustain you. I don't think you should have made such a statement, based on rumor. You should have secured your information from myself or other officers of the city, and what you found to be facts should have been published as facts, and the rumors should have been given as rumors. I think you should have called on us, unless you believed as your article implies, that we would purposely conceal the true condition from you and from the public."

WHAT THE BOARD OF HEALTH DID.

When the article was seen by the members of the board of health the following telegram was sent:

To the Editor of the Savannah News: Your correspondent writing from this city under date of May 9th, grossly misrepresent the facts concerning the prevalence of small-pox here. Every paragraph in the article before us is untrue. It is a shameful libel upon the city and her health authorities. Small-pox has not become epidemic.

W. S. ARMSTRONG, M. D.,
President Board of Health.
JAMES B. BAIRD, M. D.,
Secretary Board of Health.

W M Clark, secretary of the state board of health of Tennessee, telegraphed from Nashville to know if it would be safe for the "Wise Men" to hold their contemplated meeting here. Dr Baird answered that it would be perfectly safe.

MEETING OF THE BOARD.

The board of health met in the mayor's office yesterday evening. The usual routine work was done.

The president reported that he had purchased four mules and one new wagon for the use of the department. Inspector King made his usual report of number of loads hauled, etc. The secretary of the board was instructed to buy two new two-horse dump-ing wagons and harness to suit, the whole to cost not exceeding $500. The wagons will be bought with a view to extending the sanitary limits. Judge Hoyt, of the commissioners of roads and revenues, was present and consulted with the board in reference to uniting in the management of small pox both in the city and the county. The commissioners and the board will act in unison. Mayor English spoke, referring to the basely exaggerated reports that are circulated by cities and people that desire to injure Atlanta. The following was presented for publication:

Hon. James W. English, Mayor—Sir: In view of the exaggerated and unjust reports concerning the existence of small pox in this city that have gained circulation and received credence abroad, it is deemed proper and right by the board of health of Atlanta to issue daily official reports of the number of cases which may develop each day.

These reports will be made every afternoon at five o'clock, and will be continued as long as the disease exists in the city.

Total number of cases to date	62
White	5
Colored	57
Total number removed to hospital	58
White	1
Colored	57
Total number permitted to remain in city under state quarantine laws	4
White	4
Colored	0
Total number now in city under strict quarantine	2
White	2
Colored	0
Total number for to-day, 12th	None
White	None
Colored	None

Respectfully, JAMES B BAIRD, M.D.,
Secretary Board of Health.
W. S. ARMSTRONG, M.D., President.

I hereby certify that the above report is true in every particular, so far as I am informed by the heads of the various departments of the city government.

J. W. ENGLISH, Mayor.

Fresh Bovine Virus.

Have made arrangements with two more Bovine Farms, and my facilities for supplying the out-town demand will be greater. All orders will receive prompt attention. Fresh virus received daily.

WALTER A. TAYLOR, Druggist,
Corner Peachtree and Marietta streets.

may12—tf

HALLMAN HITS

George Rose in the Head Inflicting a Dangerous Wound

About six o'clock yesterday afternoon a difficulty occurred near Elsas's cotton factory between Stephen Hallman and George Rose, two white men, during which Hallman struck Rose on the head with a hatchet, inflicting a wound which will probably result in death.

The particulars of the difficulty and the causes leading thereto are rather meager, but from what can be ascertained it seems that Hallman, who is a carpenter by trade, was working upon a scaffold around a new house near the cotton mill when Rose ascended the scaffold and began jumping around upon it. This did not meet with Hallman's approbation and a quarrel ensued. In the difficulty Rose struck at Hallman and Hallman in turn struck at Rose, hitting him on the head with the hatchet. Subsequent to the fight Hallman went to his home, where he was found by Officer Joyner last night. When the officer first approached Hallman he drew his knife and threatened to cut some one to pieces, but finally gave in and accompanied the officer to the station house, where he now is.

Hallman is about seventy years of age, while Rose is about twenty. Late last night Rose's condition was critical.

Respited.

A Pittsboro, Mississippi, special says that Henry Fleming, who was to have been hanged for the murder of a man named Graham, in Yalobusha county, in June last, was respited until the fall court of the supreme court. He was about being led to the gallows when the respite was received.

A Horse's Foot Badly Cut.

MACON, GA., August 1, 1881.—Dear Sir: I cheerfully bear testimony to the wonderful healing qualities of Sanodine, and recommend it as a medicine for sores. My horse had one of his hind feet badly halter cast. Three applications of Sanodine made a cure.

Respectfully, T. G. HOLT,
Treas. Ga. S. A. Society.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. H. KNAPP........AUCTIONEER

4 WASHINGTON STREET LOTS. 4

4 CRUMLEY STREET LOTS. 4

5 PULLIAM STREET LOTS. 5

I will sell at Auction at 4 p. m.

THURSDAY, 18th MAY, 1882,

on the premises, four beautiful lots fronting on the west side of Washington street, on the corner of Crumley street, and opposite that elegant residence and grounds lately sold by Colonel Farrow to Judge Bigby; also four lots on south side of Crumley street adjoining the above; also five lots on Glenn street. The above Washington street lots are the last to be had on that street for a long time to come. Terms half cash, balance six and twelve months with 8 per cent interest. See plats. Those desiring to attend the sale should take Alabama street cars for corner Washington and Jones streets, where a free ride to place of sale will be furnished.

R. H. KNAPP,
Real Estate Agent, 10 East Alabama street.

may13—tds 5thp

G. W. ADAIR........AUCTIONEER

Commissioner's Sale.

GILT-EDGE WHITEHALL STREET STORE PROPERTY.

By virtue of authority of the superior court of Fulton county, will be sold upon the premises, on Wednesday, 7th day of June next, at 3 o'clock, for cash, the following described property, viz: All that tract or parcel of land situated in the city of Atlanta, known and described in the plan of said city as a part of land lot Nos 3 and 4, in block 5, commencing at the northeast corner of lot No 4, the same being the southeast corner of lot 3, in said block, running from said point in a northerly direction along Whitehall street twenty-seven feet, and thence running back westerly from each of said two points on said street to Broad street at right angles to said Whitehall street and maintaining an equal width of twenty-seven feet at all points, the same being the southern part of lot 3, in said block 5, and again commencing on the line dividing lots Nos 3 and 4 in said block at a point on said line eighty feet from Whitehall street, and running thence in a southerly direction parallel with Whitehall street seven feet, thence in a westerly direction parallel with Hunter street fifty-six feet and seven inches, thence in a northerly direction parallel with Whitehall street seven feet to the dividing line between lots 3 and 4, said last described strip seven feet wide and fifty-six feet seven inches long, being a part of lot No 4, in block 5, and all of said tract being a part of original land lot No 77, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and known as the Valentino property, with two one-story brick stores fronting on Whitehall street and a frame building on Broad street.

GEORGE W. ADAIR,
RUFUS A. HOWARD,
ROBBIN ADAIR,
Commissioners.

may13 17 20 24 27 31 june 3&7

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND EXCURSION.

NEW ROAD. NEW COUNTRY.

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC!

On Tuesday, May the 16th, an excursion train of fifteen cars will leave the Passenger Depot, at 8 o'clock, on the Georgia Pacific for

SWEETWATER.

This train will return at 6 p.m. Refreshments can be had on train and picnic grounds at Sweetwater.

Everybody will now have a chance for the first time to see this new road and beautiful new country. The groves and springs at Sweetwater are the best in the State.

This creek furnishes splendid fishing, as all attest who have tried it.

Fare for round trip FIFTY CENTS. Excursion given by

Trinity Sunday-School.

Tickets on sale at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s Wm. Laird's, Phillips & Crew's, Johnson & Smith's and Constitution office.

may11 d6t

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

Georgia, Fulton County—All persons indebted to the estate of Mary C Armstrong please make immediate payment to the undersigned and all persons having demands against her estate will please present them to me properly approved for payment.

J. C. HENDRIX,
Administrator.

may13—d1aw6w sat

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday, May 14th, 1882, the Passenger trains of

THE WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD

Will leave the Union Depot, Atlanta, as follows:

No. 1—Daily	2 40 p m
No. 3—Daily	7 00 a m
No. 17—Daily except Saturday night,	12 40 a. m. midnight
Kingston Accommodation.	
Daily (except Sunday)	5 25 p m

R. A. ANDERSON,
Superintendent.

may13—d1t

DIAMONDS, WATCHES,

&

FINE JEWELRY.

Largest Stock in the South. Send for our Illustrated Price-List.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.
24 WHITEHALL ST.

may6—dtf 5p

NATIVE MINERAL WATER

ROCKBRIDGE, VA.,

ALUM WATER

CURES DYSPEPSIA,
INDIGESTION,
TORPID LIVER,
CHRONIC DIARRHOEA AND DYSENTERY,
SKIN DISEASES, SCROFULA, CHRONIC PNEUMONIA, ETC.

It is a powerful alterative tonic and is ANTI-MALARIAL in its effects. Read certificates from EMINENT PHYSICIANS in our pamphlets.

NO ARTIFICIAL GASES OR SALTS.

Bottled in its natural state, direct from the Springs, which are beautifully located in Rockbridge county, Virginia, and are open for the reception of visitors from June 1 to October 1, each year; capacity 1,000 guests.

FOR SALE BY PROMINENT DRUGGISTS.

feb24—d6m

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,
FINE JEWELRY,
Sterling Silverware, etc.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 WHITEHALL STREET.

feb14—d1y 5thp

B. G. LOCKETT & CO.,

Manufacturers of Chattahoochee

RIVER BRICK.

Oiled, hand pressed and ordinary rough pressed brick now on hand and for sale in quantities to suit the purchasers. We request all interested to see our brick before purchasing. Office No. 33 South Broad, up stairs.

958 apl23-3m

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, February 4, 1882.—Marshall J. Clarke executor of the will of Aaron B. Merriam, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged said trust, and prays for leters of dismission:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why letters of dismission should not be granted the applicant as applied for.

W L CALHOUN,
Ordinary

feb5—d1aw3m sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28th, 1882—James Lynch and Peter Lynch, executors of the will of John Lynch, late of said county, deceased, represent that they have fully discharged their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters of dismission will then be granted said applicants

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

apr29—d1aw3m sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28, 1882.—Ellen Lynch, guardian of Eugene T. and James C. Lynch, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters of dismission will then be granted said applicant

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

apr29 d1aw4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, April 28, 1882.—George K Bell has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Mamie E. Fife, minor, this is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters will be granted said applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

Apr29 d1aw4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28, 1882.—Ellen Lynch, administratrix of estate of Owen Lynch, late of said county, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged her said trust and prays for letters of dismission. All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters of dismission will be grantrd the applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

apr29 d1aw3m sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28th, 1882—James Johnson, sr, administrator on the estate of Dennis Johnson, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

apr29—d1aw4w sat

In the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Hunter & Beussee—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks, that the third and last meeting of the creditors of Hunter & Beussee, bankrupts, of Athens, Georgia, will be held at my office, in Athens, on May 20th, A. D. 1882.

H. N. HARRIS,
Assignee.

may11 d1awk 3wks thurs

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's office, April 28th, 1882.—D. H. Alsabrook, administrator of the estate of W. C. Alsabrook, has applied for leave to sell the wild land of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will be granted said applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary

apr29—d1aw4w sat.

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28th, 1882—Joseph H. Gammell has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Almeda Lanier, deceased.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else letters will be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

april29 d1awk4wks sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28th, 1882.—John Gatin, guardian of James Gray, minor, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters of dismission will be granted said applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

apr29—d1aw4w sat

Georgia—Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, April 28, 1882—E. S. Luckie, administrator on the estate of Parmelia F. Luckie, has applied for leave to sell the lands of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will be granted said applicant.

W L CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

apr29 d1aw4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28th, 1882.—Joseph Rivers, executor of the will of Jerry Powell, has applied for leave to sell a part of the real estate of said deceased.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else leave will be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

april29 d1aw4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, April 28, 1882.—D. L. Plaster, guardian of Ida E. Plaster, has applied for letters of dismision from said trust;

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters of dismission will then be granted said applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

apr29 d1aw4w sat

FRIERSON & LEAK........AUCTIONEERS

Commissioner's Sale.

Will be sold for cash at the court-house door of Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June next, during the legal hours of sale, a 4-room dwelling (No 42) and lot 58x112 feet on the northwest side of Bradbury street, in the city of Atlanta, being the second lot south of Hayne street and bounded on northeast side by G W Stewart, et al, on southwest by James Teller, and known as the Ezekiel D Hall lot. Resold by order of the superior court of Fulton county for distribution among the heirs and at the risk and expense of G B Stewart.

THOMAS A. FRIERSON,
HARRISON F. LEAK,
W. A. WILSON,
W. R. PHILIPS, Sr.,
W. R. PHILIPS, Jr.,
Commissioners.

april6—d1aw4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's office, May 9th, 1882—To Emma Lott, of Florida, Henry G. Parker, of Colorado, and Augustus Parker, of Illinois, non-resident heirs at law of I. G. Mitchell, deceased. John Thomas, trustee, has filed in this office an application for an order requiring the administrator on the estate of said deceased to make titles to him to lot in Atlanta, Georgia, fronting on Peters street 27 feet and running back northeast 105 feet, and part of land lot 77, in the 14th district of said county whereon said Thomas now lives. You are therefore cited to be and appear at my office on Monday, the 12th day of June next, to file objections thereto, if any you have.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

may10 d1awk 4wkssat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, May 10, 1882.—John A. Laird has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a.m. on the 2d day of June, 1882, at my office.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

may12—d1aw2t sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's office, May 5th, 1882—George W Adair has applied for letters of administration de bonis non on the estate of W C Moore, deceased.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters will be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

may6—d1aw 4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's office, May 5th, 1882—John Stephens as administrator with will annexed on the estate of Fortune C Chisolm, deceased, has applied for leave to sell part of the lands of said deceased.

This is therefore to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else the leave asked for will be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

may6—d1aw4w sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary's Office, March 4, 1882.—Charles Heinz, administrator on the estate of John Maier, represents that he has fully discharged his trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN
Ordinary.

140 mch5 d1w3m sat

Fulton County Sheriff Sales for state and county tax for the years 1880 and 1881. Will be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in June next, 1882, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Hunter and G streets, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Rawson and S, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 60x150 feet more or less; as the property of Lovetta Arnold.

Also at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, 1st ward of Atlanta, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¾ acre, more or less: as the property of Emma Archer.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Greens ferry and R streets, in the first ward of Atlanta, part of land lot No 109, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 40x100 feet more or less; as the property of Sallie J Berry.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Merritt's avenue, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Bolman and L, part of land lot No 50, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 48x140 feet, more or less; as the property of Mrs M E Butler.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Vine and P street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Berry and B, part of lot No 84, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x100 feet more or less; as the property of John Brown.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on McDonough street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Smith and S, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less: as the property of Mrs W H Bailey.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Randaux street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Farran and A, part of land lot No 51, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 33x80 feet more or less; as the property of Mrs Annett Blackwell.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Harris street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Stokes & W, part of land lot No 47, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of the estate of M H Bird

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Baker and H street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Perdue and Sullivan, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre more or less: as the property of Mrs Mary Brown.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Fair street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Fuller and Chapman, part of land lot No 86, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 40x90 feet more or less; as the property of Mrs Clyde Barrett.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Marietta street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of B & S, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 123x43 feet more or less; as the property of Bray & Gray.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Marietta street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of B & S, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 123x43 feet, the interior being one-half in said lot, more or less: as the property of Welborn Bray.

Also at the same time and place a lot on Frazier street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Ferrell & Co, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less: as the property of W A Bonnell, agent.

Also at the same time and place a lot on Hunter and F street, in the 3rd ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Reynolds, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x150 feet, more or less: as the property of Robert L Bean.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Ira street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Johnson and B, part of land lot No 85, 14th District of Fulton County, Ga, ⅛ acre, more or less; as the property of John Cook.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Walton street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Rice and others, part of land lot No 78, 14th District of Fulton County, Ga, containing ¾ acre, more or less, being one half interest in said lot; as the property of E A Cooper.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Bailey street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Salter, part of land lot No 84, 14th District of Fulton County, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of B A Camp.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Frazier street, in the third ward of Atlanta, part of land lot No 54, fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., containing one half acre more or less. As the property of J J Crawford.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Newton street, in the fifth ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Flurnoy, Cook & Gunby, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 40x150 feet more or less. As the property of Z A Clark,

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Rhodes and D streets, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Shipley and H, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of John C Carbine.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on MaDaniel street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Deane and L, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of John Cullum.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Foundry street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of H and Meriam, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x185 feet more or less; as the property of John P Dean.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Thurman street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Conner & Olefield, part of land lot No 83, 14th District of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs S A Darnell.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Hayne street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x175 feet more or less, as the property of James S Doyle.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Houston street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of M & Leonard, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acres more or less; as the property of Mrs M A Evans.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Frazier street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Grady and H, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs Delia Evans.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Baker street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Rooney and Bell, part of land lot No. 51, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x200 feet, more or less; as the property of Mrs M H Edwards.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Foundry and C streets, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Lowe and Jett, part of land lot No 110, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 3 acres more or less; as the property of A S Evans.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Peachtree street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Goldsmith and Langston, part of land lot No 51, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of N R Fowler, trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Stonewall street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Zachry and A, part of land lot No 84, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre more or less; as the property of Miss Kate Fisher.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Foster and C streets, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Karwisch and G, part of land lot No 45, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x165 feet more or less; as the property of W M Gaines.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Luckie street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Solomons and parsonage, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre, more or less; as the property of Mrs Kate Gilbert.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Peachtree street and North Avenue, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Austell, Gaines and Atwood, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 175x250 feet, more or less; as the property of Miss A M Geiger.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Vine street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Howard and L, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre, more or less: as the property of Mary Howard.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Forsyth and F street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Hunnicutt and H, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 45x80 feet, more or less; as the property of Joe Hunnicutt.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Cain and M and W streets, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Chisolm and F, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre more or less; as the property of O C Hill.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Forsyth and Hunter streets, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Morris and Alley, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 75x125 feet more or less; as the property of Clark Howell, Jr. trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Peachtree street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Mrs C P Salms part of land lot No 50, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre more or less; as the property of W H Howell, trustee,

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pittman's avenue, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Pittman, part of land lot No 46, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 54x161 feet more or less: as the property of J Wiley Harris.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on James and G street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Rosser and M, part of land lot No 82, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Aaron Heals.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on cor Scofield and H streets, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Dean and C, part of land lot No 45, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre, more or less: as the property of H Hudgins.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Decatur street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Longley, Robinson & Shearer, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre, more or less; as the property of Mrs Sarah Hinton.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Ellis and C streets, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Gay and L, part of land lot No 51, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 75x100 feet, more or less; as the property of D H Heath, trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on W Baker street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Ezzard and Rice, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x168 feet more or less; as the property of John G Jones, trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pittman avenue, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Alexander, part of land lot No 45, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 2 acres more or less; as the property of Susan Jones.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Cox street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Aubry and N, part of land lot No 47, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 58x85 feet more or less; as the property of Mrs S V Johns.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Plum street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Henson and Francis, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¾th acre more or less; as the property of G M Johnson.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pryor street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Earl and Trout, part of land lot No 76, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 100x150 feet, more or less; as the property of D N Judson estate.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, part of land lot No 14, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 17 acres, more or less; as the property of Mary E Jones.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Terry street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Kelly and G, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre, more or less; as the property of John Knight.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on McDonough and F street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Patton and H, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 1 acre, more or less; as the property of Mrs Jane Kennedy.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Hayne street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Pendleton and K, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs T A Kennedy.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on alley and Victoria street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Venable and K, part of land lot No 82, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x100 feet more or less; as the property of Michael Kelley.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on George and B streets, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Rawson and K, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 90x100 feet more or less; as the property of Amos W Keith.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Fair and Fraser streets, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Fitzgibbons and S, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of A C King.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Richardson and S streets, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Mitchell, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 1 acre more or less; as the property of Thomas S King.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pryor, C and F streets, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Erzinger, part of land lot No 76, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 2 acres more or less: as the property of Est Thomas Lowe—J W Lowe, trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Butler and M street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Bishop, part of land lot No 50, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of Eugene S Luckey

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Church street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Phelps and Benton, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1 16 acre more or less; as the property of Mrs M V Landrum.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Merritt's avenue and C street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Neal, part of land lot No. 50, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 2⅛ acres more or less; as the property of Mrs P F Luckie.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Fair and H street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of McKey and Clark, part of land lot No. 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of Elizabeth McDaniel.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Crew and Rawson street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Goza and T, part of land lot No 76, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of John G Martin.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Frazier street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Gleason and D, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of estate of Daniel Murphy.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Marietta and Jones avenue, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Grady, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¾ acre, more or less; as the property of Frank Mills, trustee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Mills street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of McHenry and K, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre, more or less; as the property of James E Mann, agent.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Fair street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Boaz and Prince, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of Max Marcus

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Harris street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Morris and W, part of land lot No 51, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 41x100 feet more or less; as the property of Mrs H I McDaniel.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Decatur street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Reed and Goldsmith, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 27x50 feet more or less; as the property R A McAfee.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Terry street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of L and R, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre more or less; as the property of Moses H Newsome.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Frazier street, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Grady and B, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ½ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs Emily Owens.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Chapel and Stonewall street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Aiken and Goodman, part of land lot No 84, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs M E Osborne

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Walton and Bartow street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Clayton and Holland, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 100x100 feet more or less; as the property of Charles Pinckney.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pryor street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Milledge and Alley, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 45x90 feet more or less, as the property of Thos S Powell.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Tanner street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Prince and Klink, part of land lot No 45, 14th District of Fulton County, Ga, containing ⅛ acre, more or less; as the property of John Ricks.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Peachtree street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Miller and Minnus, part of land lot No 52, 14th District of Fulton County, Ga, containing ¼ acre, more or less; as the property of W B Richards.

Also at the same time and place, a livery stable, situated on the property of Mrs. G A Marvin, corner Broad and Walton streets, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the proeprty of Bromby and Healy; as the property of B H Smith.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Alexander and McAfee streets, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Stallings, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50 by 200 feet more or less; as the property of James W Stallings.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Foundry street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Mayer & H, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅜ acre more or less; as the property of C W Stephens, agent.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Elliott street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Murphy, part of land lot No 83, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 100x200 feet, more or less as the property of Mrs Rosa Smith.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Walton street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Kontz and Harrison, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x125 feet, more or less; as the property of Mrs M A Simmons.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Fort street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Sherer and G, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 3-16 acre, more or less; as the property of Mrs Harriet Sherer.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Calhoun street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Gannon and Gannon, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 40x100 feet, more or less; as the property of Mrs Emma Shearer.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on an alley and Collins street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Lynch and Neal, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less, as the property of Charles Schmatz, trustee

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Watson street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Corry, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 40x125 feet, more or less; as the property of G W Thomson.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Randolph street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Hooper and Chisolm, part of land lot No 18, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 1 acre more or less; as the property of D Tye.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Elliott street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Cook, G and C and P, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅜ acre more or less; as the property of R T Thomas.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Robins street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Faror and Haynes, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 31x190 feet more or less; as the property of Mrs Louisa Fabor's estate.

Also at the same time and place a lot on Richardson and P streets, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of of Payton and Krouse, part of land lot No 76, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x115 feet more or less; as the property of Fairman F Tabor.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pryor street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Fears and Abbott, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs Annie C Tally.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Fair street, in the 3rd ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Tolbert and W, part of land lot No 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Mrs C Wood.

Also at the same time and place a lot on Pine and F street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Hunnicutt, part of land lot No 79, 14th district of Fulton county Ga, containing acre more or less; as the property of A P Wood.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Simpson street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of part of land lot No 82, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of J P Woodford.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pine and Calhoun streets, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Huff and M, part of land lot No 50, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 60x140 feet more or less; as the property of W A Winter, agent.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Howell street, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Cleares and Simmons, part of land lot No 45, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of H H Williams.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Peters street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Huff and H, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅛ acre more or less; as the property of Ben W Williams.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Glenn street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Freeman and Thrasher, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of J W Williams.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on McDonough, R and S street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Smith and Merriam, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia; as the property of Wadley & Steele.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Smith street, 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of King and McDaniel, part of land lot No 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia; as the property of D R Wadley.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Washington street, in the 2d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Hillyer & R, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 7-10 acres more or less; as the property of N C Williams.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Young, Foster and C streets, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Barrow, part of land lot No 45, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing 150x160 feet more or less; as the property of Mrs P G Wallace.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Foundry street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Fisher and M, part of land lot No 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of John Webb.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Mangum street, in the 1st ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Elsworth and S, part of land lot No —, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ⅜ acre more or less; as the property of F H West.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Clark and M streets, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of West Point railroad, part of land lot No 53, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, containing ¼ acre more or less; as the property of R C Young.

A. M. PERKERSON, sheriff,

may6 law4w sat

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The report that I am about to issue a new---advanced---price list, has no foundation in fact.

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 12, 1882.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 12—11:00 a. m.—The stock market opened weak and ⅛@⅝ per cent lower than yesterday's closing quotations, the latter for Wabash preferred. During the first hour speculation was dull, and at 11 o'clock prices declined ⅛@¾ per cent, Missouri Pacific leading the downward movement.

NEW YORK, May 12—Noon—Stocks dull and weak. Money 3½. Exchange—Long 487; short 489¾. State Bonds fairly active. Governments unchanged, except 4s, which are ½ per cent lower.

Evening—Exchange 486¾. Governments firm; new 5s 101½; 4½s 115⅝; 4s 120⅝. Money 3@4. State Bonds inactive.

Sub-treasury balances:
Coin.................$ 90,211,587 Currency......$ 4,076,142

Stocks, dullest day of the year: prices lower.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	81⅛	Mem. & Char	50
do. Class A small	82	N. C., & St. Louis	60¼
Ala. Class B 5s	100	N. Y. Central	127
do. Class C 4s	85	Pittsb'g F.W. & C	135
Chicago & N. W	129⅞	Rich. & Alleghany	17
do. Preferred	140½	Rich. & Dan	*102
Erie	35¾	Rock Island	129¼
East Tenn R. R	11¼	S.C. con. brown	102½
Ga. R. R	165	Wab., St. L. & Pac	30
Illinois Central	136	do. Preferred	53
Lake Shore	102⅛	Western Union	83⅝
Lou. & Nash	75		

*offered.

LONDON, May 12—1:00 p. m.—Consols—Money 101 15-16; accomnt 102 1 16.

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 12, 1882.

New York—The condition of the cotton market presents no important change. The increased production in the eastern crops has rather a depressing influence on the market, and the advance which was some months ago predicted for May seems likely not to be accomplished at present. On the other hand the market appears to be dull and depressed, and aside from a few insignificant fluctuations there has been no particular change within the past week. The prices at the close to-day, while a shade higher than a week ago, signify no decisive steps toward any permanent advance, and it is probable that the close of another week will leave market just where it now is. The spot market, however, has manifested a general better feeling, and for the week a good demand and fair sales are reported; middling 12 5-16c.

Net receipts for the week ending to-day 32,783 bales, against 27,551 bales last week and against 48,721 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 56,172 bales; same time last year 65,422 bales; stock 523,970 bales; same time last year 565,541 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
May	12.28@12 29	May	12.30@12.32
June	12.39@12 40	June	12.40@12.41
July	12.54@12.55	July	12.54@ ......
August	12.67@12.69	August	12.67@12.68
September	12.29@12.30	September	12.29@12.30
October	11.68@12.70	October	11.69@11.70
November	11.49@11.51	November	11.50@11.51
December	11.49@11.51	December	11.51@11.52
January	11.61@11.64	January	11.63@11.64
February	11.72@11.76	February	11.74@11.75

Closed quiet and steady; sales 36,000 bales.

Liverpool — Futures closed dull. Spots — Uplands 6⅝d; Orleans 6 13-16d; sales 12,000 bales, of which 8,000 bales were American; receipts 14,300; American 8,300.

The local cotton market has developed no material change this week. Holders have been firm and asking higher prices, and the amount of cotton sold has been comparatively small. There is a good demand, and sales at present prices can be easily made. Receipts for two weeks amount to 984 bales. We quote the market steady as follows: Good middling 11¾c; middling 11½c; low middling 11⅛c; strict good ordinary 10¾c; good ordinary 10¼c; ordinary 8½c; stains 8@9½c; tinges 11c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for two weeks:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	41
Air-Line Railroad	36
Georgia Railroad	30
Central Railroad	776
Western and Atlantic Railroad	44
West Point Railroad	57
Total	984
Receipts previously	122,674
Total	123 658
Stock September 1	1,109
Grand total	124,767

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments for two weeks	500
Shipments previously	105,286
Local consumption for two weeks	350
Local consumption previously	5,585
Total	111,721
Stock on hand	13,046

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts for two weeks	984
Same week last year	755
Showing an increase of	229
Receipts since September 1	123,658
Same time last year	125,937
Showing a decrease of	2,279

NEW YORK, May 12—The Post's cotton market report says: "Transactions in future deliveries continue small and quotations trivial. At the third call only 100 bales July sold at 12.54; 200 August at 12.68, 100 September at 12.30—1-100 below yesterday's closing quotations."

This week's circular of the Liverpool cotton brokers' association says: "Cotton has been in good demand. The market opened easier but closed with prices unchanged. In American there was a hardening tendency for the better grades. Sea island was steady. Futures are generally 3-16d better."

NEW YORK, May 12—Following are net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1881: Galveston, 415,917 bales; New Orleans, 1,153,121; Mobile, 256,075; Savannah, 710,665; Charleston, 463,411; Wilmington, 132,061; Norfolk, 587,238; Baltimore 25,447; New York, 165,090; Boston, 212,023; Providence, 12,267; Philadelphia, 67,416; City and West Point, 170,998; Brunswick, 6,824; Port Royal, 22,542; Pensacola, 10,130; Portland, 7,694; Indianola, 13,615. Total, 4,461,934.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, May 12—noon—Cotton in good demand and freely met at previous prices; middling uplands 6⅝; middling Orleans 6 13-16; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 14,300; American 8,300; uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 40-64@6 39 64; May and June delivery 6 40 64@6 39-64; June and July delivery 6 43-64@6 42-64; July and August delivery 6 47-64; August and September delivery 6 51 64; September and October delivery 6 43 64@6 42-64; October and November delivery 6 28-64; futures opened flat.

Weekly—Sales 75,000; American 47,000; speculation 3,700; export 13,000; actual export 11,000; import 79,000; American 40,000; stock 986,000; American 622,000; afloat 436,000; American 183,000.

LIVERPOOL, May 12—3:00 p. m.—The Manchester market for yarns and fabrics is firm. Futures dull and unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, May 12—4:00 p. m.—Sales of American 8,000; uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 6 43-64.

LIVERPOOL, May 12—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 6 46-64; futures closed dull and unchanged.

NEW YORK, May 12—Cotton quiet and steady; middling upands 12 5-16; middling Orleans 12 9 16; sales 552; net receipts 67; gross 67.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,235; gross 11,527; exports to Great Britain 8,506; to France 1,487; to continent 6,899; sales 9,538; stock 287,660.

NEW YORK, May 12—The following is the comparative statement for the week ending to-day:

Net receipts at all United States ports	32,783
Same time last year	48,742
Showing a decrease	15,959
Total receipts from September 1	4,461,934
Same time last year	5,505,022
Showing a decrease	1,043,088
Exports for the week	56,172
Same week last year	65,442
Showing a decrease	9,470
Total exports to date	3,112,374
Same time last year	3,920,445
Showing a decrease	808,071
Stock at all United States ports	523,970
Same time last year	565,541
Showing a decrease	41,571
Stock at interior towns	65,807
Same time last year	102,683
Showing a decrease	36 876
Stock at Liverpool	986,000
Same time last year	974,000
Showing an increase	12,000
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	183,000
Same time last year	147,000
Showing an increase	36,000

GALVESTON, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 12; low middling 11⅝; good ordinary 11⅛; net receipts 402 bales; gross 402; sales 400; stock 15,445.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,903; gross 2,903; sales 1,400; exports to Great Britain 781; to continent 1,499; to channel ports 1,160; coastwise 2 791.

NORFOLK, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 12; net receipts 748 bales; gross 246; sales —; stock 9,129.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,916; gross 1,916; sales 1,617; exports to Great Britain 7,046; coastwise 2,459.

BALTIMORE, May 12—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 12¼. low middling 11¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 10 bales; gross 280; sales 225; to spinners 225; stock 24,058.

Weekly—Net receipts 7,956; gross 9,952; sales 1,175, to spinners 1,025; exports to continent 3,892; coastwise 300.

BOSTON May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 12½; low middling 12⅛; good ordinary 11⅛; net receipts 1,542 bales; gross 2,116; sales none; stock 8,670.

Weekly — Net receipts 5,786; gross 9,107; sales none; exports to Great Britain 4,785.

WILMINGTON, May 12—Cotton firm; middling 12; low middling 11 9-16; good ordinary 10 11-16; net receipts 49 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 2,727.

Weekly—Net receipts 285; gross —; exports coastwise 1,391.

PHILADELPHIA May 12—Cotton firm; middling 12½; low middling 12; good ordinary 11; net receipts 280 bales; gross 301.

Weekly—Net receipts 3,666; gross 7,057; exports to Great Britain 5,532; stock 15,402.

SAVANNAH, May 12—Cotton steady; middling 11¾; low middling 11¼; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts 364 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 15,738.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,295; gross 2,304; sales 1,680; exports to continent 1,906; coastwise 12,391.

NEW ORLEANS, May 12—Cotton steady; middling 12⅛; low middling 11¾; good ordinary 11⅜; net receipts 688 bales; gross 766; sales 4,000; stock 116,563.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,985; gross 5,261 sales —; exports to Great Britain 7,690; to France 3,920.

MOBILE, May 12—Cotton steady; middling 12; good middling 11⅝; good ordinary 11; net receipts 227 bales; gross —; sales 300; stock 10,272.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,451; gross 1,454; sales 1,800; exports coastwise 3,582.

MEMPHIS, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 12; good middling 11¾; good ordinary 11; net receipts 251 bales; gross 251; shipments 441; sales 900; stock 32,715.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,490; gross 5,101; shipments 5,103; sales 3,275.

AUGUSTA, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; low middling 11⅛; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts 93 bales; shipments 1,325; sales 645.

Weekly—Net receipts 397; shipments 1,325; sales 3,059; to spinners none.

CHARLESTON, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 12; low middling 11¾; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts 223 bales; gross —; sales 100; stock 11 116.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,334; gross —; sales 1,925; exports coastwise 2,639.

MONTGOMERY, May 12—Cotton steady; middling 11½; low middling 11⅛; good ordinary 10½; net receipts of the week 160; shipments 77; stock of 1881, 5,250; 1882, 3,011; sales 77.

MACON, May 12—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 11½; low middling 11¼; good ordinary 10½; net receipts of the week 10 bales; sales 516; stock of 1881, 5,378; 1882, 1,813; shipments 460.

COLUMBUS, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; low middling 11⅛; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts of the week 149 bales; shipments 1,082; sales 178; to spinners —; stock 1881, —; 1882, 5,956.

NASHVILLE, May 12—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 11½; low middling 11¼; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts of the week 256 bales; shipment 284; sales 856; to spinners 265; stock of 1881, 9,414; 1882, 9,525.

SELMA, May 12—Cotton steady and more active; middling 11⅝; net receipts of the week 190 bales; shipments 365; stock 2,600.

ROME, May 12—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; low middling 11¼; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts of the week 111 bales; shipments 358; stock 1,423.

PROVISIONS GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 12, 1882.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
May	1 26¾	1 26¾	1 25½	1 25½
June	1 28¾	1 29	1 27	1 27
July	1 27	1 27⅛	1 25⅜	1 25⅜
PORK				
June	18 77½	18 82½	18 77½	18 80
July	18 92½	19 05	18 92½	19 05
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
June	10 67½	10 70	10 67½	10 70
July	10 72½	10 75	10 72½	10 75

Flour, Grain and Meal

ATLANTA, May 12—Flour—The market has undergone very little change for several weeks past we quote fancy $8.00@$10.00, owing to quality; extra family $8.00@$8.25; family $7.50@$7.75. Wheat—Chicago—The market showed a depressed feeling to-day, and from the opening took an irregular downward course; May closed $1.25½. June $1.27, July $1.25⅜. Local market unchanged with demand moderate; No. 2 red, car lots, $1.56@$1.57; No. 1 white, no demand and dull. Corn—Firm; white $1.10; yellow and mixed $1.05; these prices are net cash. Meal—$1.05@$1.10; firm Grits—$5.25@$5.50. Oats—70@75c. Wheat bran—$1.35@$1.40.

NEW YORK, May 12—Flour, southern in buyer's favor; common to fair extra $5.65@$5.75; good to choice extra $6.80@$8.25. Wheat, cash lots ¼@½ higher and stronger, closing dull and a trifle above lowest points; ungraded red $1.21@$1.47; No. 2 red May $1.45⅞@$1.46¾. Corn, cash and May 1@1½ higher and strong, closing depressed; trade fairly active; ungraded 82@87; No. 2 May 85@86. Oats a shade lower and less active; No. 3 61¾. Hops, trade light; yearlings 14@22; new eastern 16@21; new western 20@27; New York 16@25.

BALTIMORE, May 12—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western superfine $3.50@$4 75; extra $5.00@6.00; family $6.25@$7.25; city mills superfine $3.50@$4.75; extra $5.00@$7.80; Rio brands $7.25@$7.37. Wheat, southern quiet and steady; western higher; southern red $1.35@$1.42; amber $1.40@$1.44; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.41¼. Corn, southern firmer for white; yellow easier; western steady; southern white 89@90; yellow 86@87. Oats lower; southern 60@62; western white 61@62; mixed 60@61, Pennsylvania 60@62.

CHICAGO, May 12—Flour steady; common to choice western $4.75@$7.00; fair to choice winter $6.00@$7.00. Wheat unsettled and lower, with a fair demand: No. 2 Chicago spring $1.25¼@$1.25½ cash; $1.25¼ May; $1.26¾ June. Corn unsettled and generally lower and irregular; 76½ cash and May; 73¾@73⅞ June. Oats dull and a shade lower at 53 cash; 52⅞ June.

ST. LOUIS, May 12—Flour quiet; double extra $4.90@$5.10; family $5.70@$6.85; choice to fancy $6.20@$6.65. Wheat opened higher but became very unsettled and closed weak and lower; No. 2 red fall $1.36@$1.36¼ cash; $1.26 May; $1.24 June. Corn higher; 76¼@77¼ cash; 75 June Oats cash higher; options lower; 57¾ cash; 52⅜ June.

LOUISVILLE, May 12—Flour in fair demand and firm; extra family $4.75@$5 25; choice to fancy $6.25@$7.75. Grain firm. Wheat, No. 2 red winter $1 25@$1.30. Corn, No. 2 white 82½@85; do. mixed 79@80. Oats a shade higher at 58½.

CINCINNATI, May 12—Flour quiet but firm; family $5.75@$6.10; fancy $6.40@$7.25. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red winter $1.36@$1.40 spot. Corn firm at 78½. Oats firm at 55.

Groceries

ATLANTA, May 12—There is but little change in the general state of the market. Coffee—Steady; Rio 10½@15. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 25@30 best Rio 18; choice 16. Sugars—Standard A 10½; granulated 11; cut loaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 9¾; yellow C 9¼; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses—Black strap, in barrels, 35. Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; Imperial and gunpowder 45@80; Young Hyson 37@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper 19; allspice 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18@25. Crackers—milk 9c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 9c; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c; cream 9c; lemon 10c; molasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls $4.50@$5.00; ¼ bbls $1.80@$2.25; kits 75; No. 2 ½ bbls $5.25@$5.50; kits 85; No. 1 ½ bbls $5.00@$6.25; kits $1.00. Soap—$2.50@$7 00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 13½; no light weight on market. Matches—$3.00. Soda, in kegs, 4@5c; in boxes 5¼@5¾c. Rice—Scarce and high; choice 8c; prime 7¼c; fair 7c.

NEW YORK, May 12—Coffee quiet; sales September 765; July 745; Rio cargoes 8@10¼; job lots 8@11¼. Sugar quiet; Muscovado 7⅛; fair to good refining 7⅜@7½; refined weak; standard A 9¼; yellow C 7¾@7⅞; white extra C 8¼@8⅜; yellow do. 8@8⅜; yellow 7⅜@7⅝; off A 8¾@9; mould A 9½@9⅝; confectioners A 9⅝; cut loaf 10⅝; crushed 10½; powdered 10⅝; granulated 9¾; Cubes 10⅛. Molasses dull; sales of New Orleans at 56@72. Rice held firm with fair inquiry; rangoon 6, duty paid.

BALTIMORE, May 12—Coffee quiet: Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 8@9½. Sugar steady; A soft 9⅞.

CINCINNATI, May 12—Sugar steady; hards 10⅛@11; New Orleans 7½@8¾.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, May 12—Lime — Market firm but steady. In car load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, $1.00 less than car-loads $1.10; Rosendale cement $2.50 ⅌ bbl or 300lbs neat; Louisville cement, car-load lots $1.75; less than car-load $1.25@$2.50; Portland cement, car-load lots, $4.75; less than car-load $5.00; plaster-of-paris ("calcined,") car-load lots, $2.50; in smaller quantities $2.75@$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer") car-load lots $2.50 ⅌ bbl; less than car-load $2.75@$3.00, marble dust in lots $3.00@$4.00 ⅌ bbl.

ATLANTA, May 12—Paper—Trade active with prices steady. Manilla No. 2 10@12c ⅌ lb; No. 2 7½@8c ⅌ lb; No. 3 6½@7c ⅌ lb; good wrapping 4@6c ⅌ lb; straw 3½@3¾c ⅌ lb; burlap bags, 2 bushels, 8¾@9½c; second-hand 5@7¼c; bran bags 11½@14½c.

ATLANTA May 12—Leather—We note no change in the market; hemlock sole, best quality, 25@28; hemlock, G. D., 22@25; hemlock, P. D., 20@22; whiteoak sole 36@42; harness leather 35@40.

ATLANTA, May 12—Plastering Hair—Active; Georgia 20@25c ⅌ bushel; western 25@30c; laths, car-load, $2.50 ⅌ M; less quantities $2.75 ⅌ M.

ATLANTA, May 12—Hides—Dry flint 12@12½; dry salt 10@11; wet salted 6½. Fur skins in demand.

ATLANTA, May 12—Wool — In fair demand washed 28@33; unwashed 20@23; burry 10@15.

NEW YORK, May 12—Rosin dull at $2.25@$2.35. Turpentine dull and weak at 49.

NEW YORK, May 12—Wool dull; domestic fleece 33@48; Texas 14@29.

ATLANTA, May 12—Salt—Ground Liverpool $1.10; Virginia $1.10@$1.25.

ATLANTA, May 12—Peas—Clay $1.75@$1.90; red $1.75; mixed $1.6.

ATLANTA, May 12—Hay—Choice Timothy $1.30@$1.35.

ATLANTA, May 12—Tallow—7@8; demand fair.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, May 12—Owing to the strong upward tendency of western markets provisions are firm and of decided upward inclination with demand sufficiently active to keep up a fair trade. Clear Rib Sides—Box lots on 30 days' time 11¾c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 14½@15c. Lard—Best leaf 1 c: refined 12⅛@13c: cans 13@14c.

NEW YORK, May 12—Pork held somewhat stronger; trade less active; old mess spot $18.12½@$18.25; new $18.75@$19.00. Middles a shade stronger long clear 11; short 11⅜. Lard opened higher, but afterward lost advance, closing a shade easier with less doing at 11.60.

CHICAGO, May 12—Pork active, firm and higher; $18.80@$18.60 cash and May; $18 80@$18 82½ June. Lard fairly active but a shade higher; 11.37½@11.40 cash and June. Bulk meats moderately active and higher; shoulders 8.10; short ribs 10.95; short clear 11.

LOUISVILLE, May 12 Provisions in good demand, tending upward; pork $20. Bulk meats, shoulders 8; rib 11; clear ribs 11⅛. Bacon, shoulders 8.75 rib 11 62½; clear 12.10. Sugar-cured hams steady at 14@14½. Lard steady; choice leaf 13⅛.

ST. LOUIS, May 12—Pork strong and higher at $19.10 bid cash and June. Bulk meats active, firm and higher; shoulders 8; short ribs 10.80@10.87½; clear 11. Bacon firm; shoulders, 8.50; short rib 11.62½; clear 12. Lard dull and nominal at 11.30.

BALTIMORE, May 12—Provisions firm; mess pork $18.75@$19.75. Bulk meats shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 9@11¾. Bacon, shoulders 9¾; clear rib sides 12¾; hams 15@15½. Lard, refined 12¾.

CINCINNATI, May 12—Pork firm at $19.25. Lard weak at 11.27½. Bulk meats strong; shoulders 8; rib 11. Bacon strong; shoulders, 8.75; rib 11.25; clear ribs 12.25.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, May 12—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1 25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4 50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$5.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, May 12—Whisky irregular and higher at $1.12@$1.14; combination sales of finished goods of 1,100 barrels on a basis of $1.12.

CHICAGO, May 12—Whisky steady and unchanged at $1.14.

BALTIMORE, May 12—Whisky easier at $1.21@$1.22.

ST. LOUIS, May 12—Whisky higher at $1.15.

Dry Goods.

ATLANTA, May 12—Quiet and dull.

Solid prints	5½@ 6
Fancy, new designs	4½@ 6½
Fine brown shirting	3 @ 6½
¾ brown shirting, standard	5¼@
⅞ brown shirting, standard	6¼@
4-4 brown sheeting, standard	7¼@
⅞ brown drills, standard	7¾@
¾ bleached	4¼@ 5½
⅞ bleached	6½@ 7½
4-4 bleached	6½@12½
6-oz. white osnaburgs	8½@
8-oz. white osnaburgs	10½@
Southern cotton plaids and stripes	8 @ 8½
Cambrics	6½@
Ticks, mattress	7 @10
Ticks, feather	12½@18½
Yarns	90c

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, May 12—Apples—Demand moderate: russett's $5.50 ⅌ bbl. Lemons—Messina $5.00 ⅌ box. Oranges—No Florida on market; choice Messina $5.50@$6.00 ⅌ bbl. Cocoanuts—$4.00 ⅌ 100. Pine apples — None. Bananas — Choice $2.00@$2.50 ⅌ bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins, new ⅌ box $3.00; new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants 7½@8c Cranberries—None. California Pears — $6.00@$7.00 ⅌ bbl. Citron — 26@28c. Almonds—22@23c. Pecans—16c. Brazils—10c. Filberts —15@16c. Walnuts — 16c. Peanuts—Active and firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 7c; Virginia 11c; roasted 1½c ⅌ lb extra.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, May 12—Eggs—17c. Butter—Stocks ample; fancy 23@25c; choice 20@21c; other grades dull at 12½@15c. Sweet Potatoes—$1.25 ⅌ bushel. Poultry Hens 32@35c; roosters 25c; young chickens 20@25c, owing to size. Irish Potatoes—New choice $4.50@$5.00 ⅌ bbl; old eastern $1.25 ⅌ bu. Dried Fruit—Peaches—Peeled 10@16c; unpeeled 4c; apples 4c. Wax—20c. Onions—None. Cabbage—Dull at 3½c. Feathers—Choice 55c; prime 50; no demand for secondhand. Cheese—13½@15½.

Live Stock

ATLANTA, May 12—Quiet: good mules and horses in fair request; we quote job lots as follows: mules, 14 hands high, $85@$105; 15 hands $125@$135. Horses, plug $65@$85; good driving and saddle $150@$200; the supply of live stock is moderate.

CINCINNATI, May 12—Hogs firm; common and light $5.50@$7 50; packing and butchers $7.10@$8 00.

PLANING MILL, LUMBER, ETC.

EMPIRE PLANING MILLS
CORNER
CALHOUN ST. AND GEORGIA R. R.
O. A. WILSON, Superintendent. S. H. PHELAN, Manager.
DO A GENERAL
LUMBER & WOOD WORKING BUSINESS.
First Quality Lumber always on hand. First-class Workmen. First-class Material.
NEW MACHINERY.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
First-class Workmen. First-class Material. Prices Reasonable.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
NUMBER ONE WORK PROMPTLY DONE our SPECIALTY.
Orders lelt at Mill or Gate City Cotton Exchange promptly attended to.
NUMBER ONE WORK AND REASONABLE PRICES.
S. H. PHELAN,
Manager.
386 may7—dtf

LOTTERIES.

L.A.S.L.

UNPRECENTED ATTRACTION!
Over Half A Million Distributed.
Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly.

It never scales or postpones.

Look at the following distribution:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT,
during which will take place the
145TH GRAND MONTHLY
AND THE
Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,
At New Orleans, Tuesday, June 13th, 1882
Under the personal supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.
Capital Prize, $100,000,

NOTICE.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$100,000	$100,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Grand Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
10,000 "	10	100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
11,279 Prizes, amounting to		$522,500

GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La. } Commissioners
GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Va. }

Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For information apply to
M. A. DAUPHIN
New Orleans, La.
or M. A. DAUPHIN,
127 La Salle street, Chicago, Ills.,
or M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

The New York Office is removed to Chicago, Ill.
N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.

The particular attention of the Public is called to the fact that the entire number of the Tickets for each Monthly Drawing is sold, and consequently all the prizes in each drawing are sold and drawn and paid. may9—d&w5w

---44TH---
POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE
COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.
In the city of Louisville, on
Wednesday, May 31st, 1882.

These drawing occur monthly (Sundays excepted, under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st rendered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are fair.

N. B.—The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

MAY DRAWING.

1 Prize	$30,000
1 Prize	10,000
1 Prize	5,000
10 Prizes, $1,000 each	10,000
20 Prizes 500 each	10,000
100 Prizes 100 each	10,000
200 Prizes 50 each	10,000
600 Prizes 20 each	12,000
1000 Prizes 10 each	10,000
9 Prizes $300 each, Approximation Prizes	2,700
9 Prizes 200 each	1,800
9 Prizes 100 each	900
1,960 Prizes	$112,400

Whole Tickets $2. Half Tickets $1.
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit money or Bank Draft in letter, or sent by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Post-office order. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., or 309 Broadway, New York.
may2—d4w tues thur sat&w3w

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BANKERS,
No. 12 Wall Street, New York.
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And carried as long as desired on 3 to 5 PER CENT MARGIN.
WEEKLY FINANCIAL REPORT,
showing how large or small sums may be profitably invested, sent FREE. Also, full information regarding stock speculation, and tables, showing fluctuations of stocks for past ten years.
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Four per cent interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight.
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ANDREWS'S
Parlor Folding Beds,
BURR PAT. IMPROVED.
15 styles. Elegant, comfortable. Save room rent. Bedding folds out of sight. (See cut.) W. M. Scott, the Gent's Furnisher, 12 and 13 Whitehall, Southern Agent.
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MOWERS, REAPERS, THRESHERS, ENGINES, ETC.

MOWERS, REAPERS, THRESHERS, ENGINES, ETC.

We announce the arrival of our stock of
McCORMICK REAPERS AND MOWERS
all styles and sizes—the only PERFECT TWINE BINDER made. Also,
Traction, Portable and Stationary Engines,
Threshers, Separators,
GRAIN CRADLES, CULTIVATORS, &C
GIVE US A CALL BEFORE BUYING.
MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.
27 MARIETTA STREET.
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MILBURN WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, ETC.

BUY THE BEST.

34 Years on the Market.
The Best Finished Wagon.
THE OLD RELIABLE.

SOUTHERN BRANCH
Milburn Wagon Co.
LIBRARY BUILDING,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
THE MILBURN WAGON
Is made of the best materials, of thoroughly seasoned lumber, and by Fairly Paid Honest Workmen. No Convict Labor used. A large stock of every size and variety can always be found at
NOS. 39, 41 AND 43 DECATUR STREET.
ALSO, AT SAME PLACE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS,
—AND—
SPRING WAGONS
IN THE CITY. Come and see us before purchasing. SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE.
H. L. ATWATER,
General Agent and Manager Southern Branch
886 jan22—d1

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railroad Co.

TIME TABLE--IN EFFECT MAY 1 1882.

CINCINNATI SOUTHERN DIVISION.

READ DOWNWARD.			STATIONS.	READ UPWARD.		
Day Exp.	Accm.	Night Exp		Night Exp.	Accm.	Day Exp
8:45 a m	4 00 p m	8 40 p m	Lve Cincinnati ... Arr	7 00 a m	10 25 a m	7 00 p m
11 28 a m	6 44 p m	11 09 p m	" Georgetown ... Lve	4 32 a m	7 34 a m	4 32 p m
11 55 a m	7 10 p m	11 35 p m	" Lexington ... "	4 05 a m	7 00 a m	4 05 p m
12 26 p m	7 45 p m	12 05 p m	" Nicholasville ... "	3 41 a m	6 32 a m	3 41 p m
12 48 p m	8 12 p m	12 25 p m	" High Bridge ... "	3 20 a m	6 10 a m	3 20 p m
1 01 p m	8 28 p m	12 38 p m	" Harrodsburg Junction ... "	3 07 a m	5 54 a m	3 08 p m
1 16 p m	8 45 p m	12 53 p m	" Danville ... "	2 55 a m	5 40 a m	2 53 p m
2 46 p m	8 55 p m	1 02 a m	" Junction City ... "	2 45 a m	5 30 a m	2 46 p m
		2 14 a m	" Norwood ... "	1 37 a m		1 31 p m
3 00 p m		2 30 a m	" Somerset ... "	1 25 a m		1 20 a m
			" Cumberland Falls ... "			
8 00 p m		6 08 a m	" Rockwood ... "	9 24 p m		8 50 a m
8 33 p m		6 49 a m	" Spring City ... "	8 52 p m		7 50 a m
10 35 p m		8 30 a m	Arr Chattanooga ... Lve	7 00 p m		6 00 a m

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN DIVISION.

		9 16 a m	Lve Chattanooga ... Arr	6 00 p m		
		12 55 p m	" Attalla ... Lve	2 20 p m		
		3 05 p m	" Birmingham ... "	11 50 a m		
		5 09 p m	" Tuscaloosa ... "	9 10 a m		
		10 00 p m	Arr Meridian ... Lve	4 30 a m		

VICKSBURG AND MERIDIAN DIVISION.

		10 20 p m	Lve Meridian ... Arr	3 35 a m		
		2 15 a m	" Forest ... Lve.	11 55 p m		
		4 45 a m	" Brandon ... "	9 25 p m		
		5 55 a m	" Jackson ... "	8 35 p m		
		8 35 a m	Arr. Vicksburg ... Lve	5 30 p m		

VICKSBURG, SHREVEPORT AND PACIFIC DIVISION.

		11 30 a m	Lve Vicksburg ... Arr.	2 40 p m		
		12 30 p m	" Delta ... Lve	1 40 p m		
		5 35 p m	Arr. Monroe ... Lve	8 35 a m		

JOHN SCOTT,
Vice Pres't and General Manager, Cincinnati, O.

E. P. WILSON,
Gen. Pass. Agt. Cin. Sou. Ry.,
Cincinnati, O.

H. COLLBRAN,
Gen. Pass. Agt. Ala. Gt. Sou. R. R
Chattanooga, Tenn.

I. HARDY,
Gen. Pas. Agt. V. & M. R. R.,
Vicksburg, Miss.

JOS. F. McGUIRE,
Gen. Pass. Agt. V., S. & P. R. R.,
Monroe, La.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE
ATHENS, Ga., March 28, 1882.

On and after March 29, 1882, trains on this road will run as follows:

EASTWARD

	NO. 53.	NO. 1.
Leave Athens	6:35 a. m.	2:50 p. m.
Arrive at Lula	9:00 a. m.	5:22 p. m.
Arrive at Atlanta	1:30 p. m.	12:40 a. m.
Arrive at Clarksville	10:35 a. m.	

WESTWARD.

	NO. 50	NO. 2.
Leave Clarksville	7:00 a. m.	
Leave Atlanta	4:00 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
Arrive at Lulu	8:35 a. m.	5:22 p. m.
Arrive at Athens	1:13 p. m.	8:09 p. m

All trains daily, Sundays excepted.

All trains connect at Lulu and Rabun Gap Junction with passenger trains both east and west on Richmond and Danville Railroads.

Tickets on sale at Athens for all points.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
W. J. HOUSTON, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent

—THE—
RICHMOND & DANVILLE LINE

72 MILES SHORTER
Than any Existing Route
TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST
350 MILES SHORTER
—THAN—
ANY ROUTE VIA CINCINNATI.

Schedule in Effect May 5th, 1882.	Express, 51.	Mail, 53.
Leave Atlanta via R & D R R	2 15 p m	4 00 a m
" Toccoa " "	6 55 p m	8 18 a m
" Greenville " "	10 08 p m	11 04 a m
Arrive Charlotte " "	3 15 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Charlotte " "	4 00 a m	4 40 p m
" Salisbury " "	5 53 a m	6 24 p m
Arrive Greensboro " "	8 00 a m	8 20 p m
" Danville " "	10 17 a m	10 12 p m
Arrive N. Danville " "	10 20 a m	10 15 p m
Lve N Danville via Va M R R	10 40 a m	10 30 p m
" Lynchburg " "	2 19 p m	12 55 a m
" Charlottesville, " "	4 40 p m	3 10 a m
Arrive Washington " "	9 25 p m	7 40 a m
Lve N. Danville via R & D RR	10 35 a m	11 00 p m
" Burkeville " "	2 15 p m	4 22 a m
Arr Belle Isle " "	4 20 p m	7 12 a m
" Richmond " "	4 30 p m	7 20 a m
Lve Richmond via R, F & P R R	5 00 p m	8 00 a m
Arr Washington via A & F R R	9 50 p m	1 10 p m
Lve Washington via B & P R R	10 20 p m	1 30 p m
" Baltimore, P, W & B RR	11 55 p m	3 05 p m
Arr Philadelphia, P W & B R R	3 30 a m	6 30 p m
" New York via Penn R R	6 50 a m	9 35 p m
" Boston	2 58 p m	7 45 a m

Arrangement of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
—VIA—
Charlotte, Danville & Lynchburg

On 53—Through Sleeper Charlotte to Washington without change.

On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to New York without change.

—VIA—
Charlotte, Danville and Richmond

On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to Danville and Richmond to New York.

On 53—Sleeper Charlotte to Richmond.

T. M. R. TALCOTT, General Manager. | A. POPE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
May 5th, 1882. 868 feb26—d1y

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., March 11, 1882.

Commencing Sunday, 12th instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 30 am	L've Augusta -	10 30 am
Ar. Athens -	4 50 pm	" Macon -	7 10 am
" Washington -	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak -	1 57 pm	" Camak -	11 33 am
" Milledg'v'e -	4 48 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 20 am
Ar. Macon -	6 45 pm	" Athens -	9 30 am
" Augusta -	4 06 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	5 45 pm

Close connection to and from Washington on Sundays.

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Covington, -	8 40 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	12 35 pm	L've Decatur -	2 15 pm
Ar. Decatur -	1 15 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	2 45 pm

NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 30 pm	L've Augusta -	5 55 pm
Ar. Athens -	8 00 am	" Athens -	7 00 pm
Ar. Augusta -	6 30 am	Ar. Atlanta -	4 55 am

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at any regular scheduled Flag Station.

Close connection to and from Washington on Sundays.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and South East.

Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta. PULLMAN SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.

Only one change Atlanta to New York.

JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. | E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agent

ROME RAILROAD CO. OF GEORGIA

OFFICE OF GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT,
ROME, GA., April 8, 1882.

ON AND AFTER APRIL 10, THE FOLLOWING schedule will be put in force over this road:

NO. 2—Daily except Sunday
Lv Atlanta at.. 5:10 a m | Ar in Rome at.... 8:50 a m
NO. 4—Daily except Sunday.
Lv Atlanta at.. 2:15 p m | Ar in Rome at.... 6:50 p m
NO. 1—Daily except Sunday.
Lv Rome at.... 6:10 a m | Ar in Atlanta at.. 10:25 a m
NO. 3—Daily except Sunday.
Lv Rome at..... 4:15 p m | Ar in Atlanta at.. 8:00 p m
NO. 5—Sunday only.
Lv Atlanta at.. 5:10 a m | Ar in Rome at.... 8:00 a m
NO. 6—Sunday only.
Lv Rome at..... 6:30 a m | Ar in Atlanta at.. 1:25 p m

Nos. 2 and 5 make connection at Rome with E. T. V. & Ga. R. R. for points south.

JAS. A. SMITH, General Passenger Agent.

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN,
Portrait and Landscape Painter,
Has Removed His Studio to
NO. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE he has fitted up rooms suitable to display his works of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.
The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Van Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape Painting.

DR. E. C. WEST'S
NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT
WHILE PROMPTLY CORRECTING THESE terrible morbid conditions, is equally applicable to every kind of weakness to which clergymen, lawyers, students, and all who follow sedentary occupations, or whose Brains and Nervous system are overworked, are peculiarly subject.
Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Atlanta, Ga.
Orders by Mail will receive Prompt Attention.
655 may1—d&wly

UNDER THE FALL.

ONE MAN KILLED AND ANOTHER WOUNDED.

Louis Napoleon Killed in Atlanta—How the Event Occurred—The Hands Digging Away the Dirt on the Macon and Atlanta Road Scattered By the Caving of a Quantity of Earth.

Just before the hour for beginning work a bank on the Macon and Brunswick extension, between Peters and Castleberry streets, caved in yesterday morning, killing one man and seriously injuring another.

Between these two streets the road is about fifteen feet below the level, and in removing the dirt for the purpose of securing the proper grade the men have been in the habit of undermining the embankment at its base. Night before last when work was suspended the undermining process was only half completed, and when the hands assembled yesterday morning they were ordered to complete the digging at the base so as to throw the "fall," as it is called. Just before the hour for work arrived one of the hands, Lewis Napoleon, a black man of about 45 years of age, went under the bank, and while there the dirt began crumbling from the side of the "fall" and in an instant he was covered under two car loads of dirt. Another darkey, George Harris, was caught by some of the falling clods, but was not seriously injured.

At first it was not known that Napoleon was under the dirt, but as soon as the fact was ascertained the men went to work with a will, and in a few seconds his dead body was taken out and removed to his home, 180 Markham street, where an inquest was held.

The county physician, after examining the body, stated that five ribs on the right side and two on the left had been broken, and that his death was the result of a laceration of the lungs by the fractured ribs. After hearing this statement and the evidence as is set forth above the jury returned a verdict censuring the railroad company for the death.

CAR SHED NOTES.

While at the car shed yesterday a CONSTITUTION representative learned:

The first excursion on the Georgia Pacific next Tuesday.

That Wm. Rogers, superintendent of the Central railroad, is in the city.

That R. H. Hill, of the Houston and Texas Central railroad, is in the city.

That the Atlanta and West Point railroad will change their schedule on Sunday.

That E. P. Jordan, general travelling agent for the Star and Crescent route is in town.

That every road running into Atlanta will have an accommodation train after Sunday next.

That Thomas McCandless, of the New Orleans Short Line, has returned from a trip to Brunswick.

That C. L. Porter, travelling agent for the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio railroad, has returned from a trip to Houston, Texas.

That the all-rail route via New Orleans is open for business. The waters have subsided and trains now leave New Orleans for Houston, Texas, daily.

That B. F. Yoakum, the popular traveling passenger agent of the International and Great Northern railroad, has been appointed Texas passenger agent of that line, with headquarters at Houston, Texas.

BUILDING NOTES.

Everybody is going to Sweetwater next Tuesday.

There will be two auction sales of real estate today.

Two new cottages are going up on Ivy street, near Wheat.

Real estate sales yesterday were not so frequent as the day before.

Mr. A. Rosenfeld will soon begin building a handsome residence on Whitehall.

Councilman Knapp will sell at auction to-day one large brick building on Whitehall street.

The accommodation train on the West Point road has caused property between here and Newnan to advance in value.

Thos. McCandless, agent for the New Orleans Short-line, has purchased two lots in Atlanta, and will soon begin the erection of a couple of cottages.

C. W. Hunnicutt will sell in a few days 52 beautiful lots in the third ward fronting on Martin, Love and Bass streets. The lots vary in size from 50x100 to 50x200.

Messrs. Frierson & Leake yesterday sold for Mr. M. C. Maher, ten lots on Larkin street. The plat was known as the Lawshe Garden, and the crowd out was good. A novel feature at this sale was the introduction of a few kegs of beer. The first lot offered was purchased by Joseph Arbach, for $205. The second by A. Arbach, for $130. The third by Mr. G. Thompson for $180. The fourth and sixth by Mr. Latham for $80 and $75. The fifth by Mr. C. Holman for $185. The seventh by Dohme & Duffey for $175. The eighth and tenth by W. S. Saul for $75 and $95 and the ninth by Frierson & Leak for $7. In less than thirty minutes after the sale Mr. Saul was offered an advance of $10 on each of his lots.

At the same time the same gentlemen sold several other lots on Maher street. Mr. M. Barwald bought three for $100 and $125 and $82. Mr. G. M. Eakin bought two for $65 and $53. Mr. Liepman bought one for $131 and Dohme & Duffey bought two for $25 each.

YOUNG FOLK'S DEPARTMENT.

The city is full of visiting ladies.

There will be two picnic parties at Ponce de Leon to-day.

Fifty cents only to excurt on the new railroad Tuesday.

The hop at the centennial hall last night was a most enjoyable affair.

The Marietta street school are arranging a picnic for the first week in June.

The O. B. club picnic at Iceville to-day promises to be the picnic of the season.

The Kimball house is full of pretty society ladies from various portions of the state.

A moonlight excursion to Ponce de Leon is one of the pleasures that will occur when the moon returns.

Miss Ella Weems will entertain her many friends at her home, on McDonough street, Monday night. It is her birth day.

POLICE POINTS.

The police had a quiet day yesterday.

Belle Riggins is awaiting a trial for larceny.

Only four state cases were entered yesterday.

The calaboose will undergo repairs next week.

The city docket contained twenty-two cases at 12 o'clock last night.

A small boy in a difficulty on Decatur street had his head mashed with a hatchet.

Willis Caldwell is in the calaboose awaiting a trial for carrying concealed weapons.

There is every reason to believe that the city is infested with an organized band of thieves.

Asa Scott was assessed $10 in the recorder's court yesterday morning for disorderly conduct and quarreling.

Mr. Jas. Hoskan's residence on East Peters street was burglarized yesterday afternoon, and a small amount of pastry was taken.

GENERALLY NOTED.

The city is full of visitors.

The board of health will meet this afternoon.

The Atlanta post-office is working like a charm.

The hotel registers show that travel is picking up.

Despite the clouds, yesterday was a pleasant day.

The temperance folks are arranging a series of lectures.

The Lacross club practices every morning before breakfast.

Trinity Sunday-school picnic on the Georgia Pacific next Tuesday.

Everybody seems satisfied with the result of the election day before yesterday.

One physician in Atlanta vaccinated two hundred and twenty-eight persons yesterday.

IT IS RUMORED

That the cooking club is about to be reorganized.

That the compulsory vaccination law cannot be enforced.

That Mr Andy Stewart will be a candidate for alderman at large.

That Mr John H Mecaslin will make the race for alderman at large.

The Southside Street Railway.

Southside street railroad survey has been completed and the profiles and estimates are now in the hands of Mr. H. Castleman, who will start the work in a few days.

Work on Alabama Street.

Mr. Peters has ordered by telegraph the iron to relay the track on Alabama street, and as soon as it arrives the street commissioners will begin paving that street. Thirty thousand of the blocks for this work are now ready at Stone Mountain awaiting shipment.

How the Penny Works.

"How much for a cup of coffee, auntie?" said a northern lady on the Western and Atlantic train at Big Shantie a few evenings ago. "Ten cents ma'am," was the reply. "Give me a cup," said the lady, laying a nickel, two two-cent pieces and a penny on the waiter. Auntie looked wistfully at the coin a few moments, then said: "Missus, that's 'Nited States money ain't it—we don't take that here."

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC.

Completion of the New Road to the Thirtieth Mile Post.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock the track of the Georgia Pacific reached the end of the thirtieth mile, going westward. The people of Villa Rica are jubilant at the near approach of the road to their town. Last night THE CONSTITUTION received the following telegram:

"VILLA RICA, Ga., May 12.—Editors Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.—Track on the Georgia Pacific railway reached the thirtieth mile post on Friday, May 12th, at ten o'clock a.m. J."

Monday trains will be put on the road and run regularly to and from Douglasville. The first bill of goods shipped over the road were shipped by Dodd & Co., on the 28th of April. They were shipped to A. A. Irvine, at Coles Junction.

THE SUPERIOR COURT.

The Trial of Criminal Cases to be Commenced Next Week.

Next week the superior court of Fulton county will commence the trial of criminal cases. There are a number of minor offenses to be investigated, but only three cases that will attract any special attention. Probably the greatest interest will be manifested in the trial of Romulus Shields, charged with the murder of young Aleck Joyner. The crime was committed recently and caused perhaps more excitement and talk than any case of recent date. Young Joyner was in the rear of the ice house in company with some friends and there met the negro Shields and was stabbed in the breast, from the effect of which he died. There were two stories told of how the cutting came about—one side claiming that it was done in self defense, while the other said that the killing was needless and unprovoked. Shields is taking things quietly in the jail. Another important case is the trial of Davis, charged with the killing of Gregory in a Peters street barroom. Gregory was shot in the head and died instantly. This is another homicide of which there are two stories told. The third case of importance is the trial of John Shehane, a young man charged with committing an outrage on the person of Annie Hendricks, a small negro girl. Shehane is out on bond. There are about twenty or thirty prisoners in jail awaiting trial. Solicitor-General Hill is not in the city. He is with his father at Eureka Springs, and Mr R T Dorsey has been appointed to act in his place. It is not yet known when the cases mentioned will come up. In view of the fact that there is small-pox in the city Judge Hillyer said yesterday that he would request that only those who have business with the court attend the trials. The request was made as a precautionary measure. Witnesses and others interested in the trials will, however, be expected to make their appearance as usual.

THE RAILROAD MAGNATES.

The Result of the Deliberations of the Green Line Managers Yesterday.

The representatives of the roads forming the Green Line met at the Kimball House yesterday morning for the purpose of consulting the question of car mileage and demurrage. Mr. Virgil Powers was called to the chair, and Mr. T. E. Walker was appointed secretary. The following gentlemen were present:

Virgil Powers, president; Captain G J Foreacre, general manager Northeastern of Georgia; E R Dorsey, general freight agent Georgia railroad; J H Averill, master transportation South Carolina railroad; W G Patterson, master transportation Western railroad of Alabama; J E Mallory, superintendent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad (Macon and Brunswick division); C Fleming, superintendent C N O and T P railroad; R A Anderson, superintendent Western and Atlantic railroad; J M Brown, G F A Western and Atlantic railroad; L P Grant, president Atlanta and West Point railroad; M H Smith, traffic manager Louisville and Nashville railroad; C B Wallace, general superintendent Alabama and Great Southern railroad; Wallace McPherson, general agent Louisville and Nashville railroad; H D D Sams, Green Line; R C Robson, general agent Green Line; T E Walker, G C A Green Line and secretary; W G Raoul, general manger Central railroad; Wm Rogers, general superintendent Central railroad; A B Bostwick, assistant superintendent Western and Atlantic railroad.

Colonel E. R. Dorsey offered the following resolutions:

Whereas, It is the opinion of many members of the Green Line that the present rate of mileage is excessive; therefore, be it

Resolved, That from May 1st to September 30th, the rate of mileage be ½ cent per mile run, loaded or empty, and from October 1st to April 30th, the rate be ¾ cent per mile run, loaded or empty.

Resolved, That all rules in conflict are hereby repealed.

Mr. M. H. Smith moved to amend by making the rate ¾ cent the year round, which amendment was accepted, and the resolution as amended was adopted.

Captain W. G. Raoul offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

"With a view of arriving at a more satisfactory result in the conduct of the mileage business and the distribution of charges,

"Resolved, That the chairman of the meeting draw up the outlines of a plan for forming an association or joint stock company of the same roads interested in the Green Line business, for owning the necessary cars for interchange traffic as common or joint property, and distributing the net revenue accruing from mileage among the owners prorata according to interest, and to submit the same to the several managers, and to solicit their views as to the desirability for entering into the plan, and if favorable, to call a meeting of said managers for the purpose of agreeing upon details and putting the plan into execution.

Captain W G Raoul offered a resolution that the chairman present to the Cincinnati Southern, Norfolk and Western, Mobile and Ohio railroads the respectful request of this association for a compliance with the Green Line rules for reporting the daily movements of freight. Adopted.

Captain W. G. Raoul moved that the present demurrage system be abolished, which was adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

Nervous debility, the curse of the American people, immediately yields to the action of Brown's Iron Bitters. may9—d&w1w

Austin, Nevada, squaws wear boots, patronize the bootblacking stands and pay two bits for a shine.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.
mar26—d1y sat sun wed&wly

Ladies' Fine Shoes.

Ladies' cloth and diagonal, kid foxed, hand sewed button shoes, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00.

Ladies' Curacoa kid hand sewed button shoe, flexable soles, work button holes, $3.50.

Ladies' French kid, hand sewed, very pliable soles, finest in the city, at Force's, 33 Whitehall street. may13 1t 3dcol 7thp

To the Public.

I am serving regular meals now. Parties wishing to board with me can do so at reasonable rates. Call around and give me a trial.
H. D. KATTENHORN,
Gate City Lunch House and Restaurant, No. 4 Wall street.
may11 1wk 7thp 3d or 4th col

Ladies' Slippers.

Ladies' cheap slippers 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Better grade slippers, Newport tie, button Oxford, low cut opera and sandals, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.

Elegant slippers, French kid, low cut opera, French heels, onestrap, low cut in front, steel embroidered and "Vassar" tie slipper at Force's, 33 Whitehall street.
may13 1t 3dcol 7thp

FINE FOWLS.

Mr. E. A. Ross, of Cumberland island, who has had more experience with fine fowls than any man in the south, writes that he has never known a case of canker or sore head cured until he cured a severe case with Sanodine. Sanodine is an unfailing remedy for all diseases of the skin of whatever nature. Ask your druggist for a package and give it a trial. no2 apr23 d1w 7p.

DR. C. T. BROCKETT, dentist, 9½ Peachtree street. 7p feb —588 sunwed&fritf

Men's Spring Shoes Cheap.

Men's low cut shoes, solid leather, different styles, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00.

Better quality, nobby styles, reliable shoes, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00.

Hand sewed shoes cheaper than anywhere.

Men's slippers 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, at Force's, 33 Whitehall street.
may13 1t 3dcol 7thp

CLOTHING.

J. A. ANDERSON & CO.
41 Whitehall Street.

We are offering a choice selection of MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING

which, for durability, workmanship and elegance of style are unequalled in this city.

BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SUITS

of the most tasty and original design a specialty.

WE PROPOSE to have your trade if

LOW PRICES

GOOD GOODS and POLITENESS will obtain it.

A beautiful stock of FURNISHING GOODS, including the latest styles of NECKWEAR, HOSIERY, SHIRTS, Etc.

SUITS MADE TO MEASURE IF DESIRED.
409 mar12—d4m un stil

Marketing To-Day.

For the convenience of housekeepers, in the absence of a market, we present below special announcements from butchers, fish and fruit dealers, grocers, etc., as to the delicacies and substantials they offer fresh for the table and household this morning.

Vegetables, Fruits and Groceries.

A new lot of Thompson & Horn's Dried Beef. A fresh tierce of Uncanvassed Hams. A fresh coop of Spring Chickens. As choice Tennessee Butter as the market affords. Fresh Vegetables always on hand at Johnson & Smith's, 102 Peachtree street.

Thurber's fine Breakfast Samp, Thurber's Apricots, Thurber's fine Corn that took the lead in can goods at Exposition; a fresh lot of Larabie's snowflake Crackers and Sweet Crackers for Picnics. The finest of Pickles, Green Peas, Snap Beans, fresh Squashes and Tomatoes, Spring Chickens, New Irish Potatoes, fresh Asparagus, Ferris's Fulton Market Beef, famous Buhl Butter that we have handled for years, at Johnson & Smith's, 102 Peachtree street.

AT J. D. CLEATON'S, 108 Peachtree street, fresh Corn, Beans, Peas, Cucumbers, Squashes, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Egg Plants, Pine Apples and Strawberries. Everything fresh and nice. Give me a trial and I am sure to please you. Don't forget my fine Jersey and Tennessee Butters.

AT BIRD & COMPTON, 38 Marietta street, have Quantities of the best Jersey Butter.
Deep sea Codfish.
Deep Sea Mackeral.
"The Victor," the finest Flour in the market.

J. M. B. CARLTON & SON, 134 and 136 Marietta and 106 Whitehall—Cucumbers, squashes, Cabbages, New Irish Potatoes, Snap Beans, Beets, Onions and Lettuce fresh this morning. Old Irish Potatoes and Sweet Potatoes every day.
The finest Butter, the freshest Eggs, the fattest Chickens.
The finest of Flour, the best of Meal.
Fresh Strawberries this morning from Uncle Jesse Woods.
Screenings for Chicken Feed.

Fish and Game.

Shad, Salmon, Pompono, Snapper and Whiting, at Emery's, 15 Peachtree street.

J. H. LAHATT—Fresh Salmon, Bass, Snappers, Shrimp, Crabs and Meats at 73½ Peachtree and 117 Whitehall.

S. W. DAY'S Ice House—Black Fish, Whiting, Sheephead, Speckled Trout, Mullet, Red Snappers, Bass, Freshwater Trout, and Blue Fish.

Fresh Meats.

Spring Lamb, delicious and fat, fine beef, veal, mutton, etc., at Tye's market this morning. All meats guaranteed of very best quality.

G. W. ADAIR.................Auctioneer

18 BEAUTIFUL LOTS.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES ON Thursday, May 18th, at 3 o'clock, sharp.

10 BEAUTIFUL LOTS

large size (as per plat) on the corner of Calhoun and Currier streets, immediately south of and adjoining the ground upon which Col John T Grant has built those beautiful cottages. Also,

8 BEAUTIFUL LOTS

on corner of Calhoun street and Merritt's avenue, immediately north of Colonel Grant's cottages.

All these lots are in first-class localities and have a greater number of new houses around them than any other portion of the city. Only one block from Peachtree and close to street cars, gas and water main. Every lot is nice and worthy of a good house. They recommend themselves to the attention of any one desiring homes in first-class localities. Call and get a plat. Free ride to and from the sale. Titles indisputable. Terms—Half cash, balance 12 months with 8 per cent interest.
G. W. ADAIR,
may13—d5t 7p 6 Wall street.

FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALE FOR June, 1882—Will be sold before the court-house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in June next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property to-wit:

All those certain tracts of land lying in the city of Atlanta, in land lot No 49 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, and described as follows, to-wit: First, a certain tract of land commencing on the west side of Peachtree street at a point 400 feet south of Third street, and running thence south along Peachtree street 100 feet to Kimball street, thence west along Kimball street 200 feet to property sold to Mary C Kimball by George H Camp January 6, 1876, thence north along the east line of said property 100 feet to Foreacre's lot, and thence east along Foreacre's lot 200 feet to the beginning point. Second, a certain other tract of land commencing at a point on the north side of Kimball street 200 feet west from Peachtree street and running thence west along Kimball street 161 feet, more or less, to Cypress street, thence north along the east side of Cypress 142 feet, more or less, to Woods's or Foreacre's lot, thence easterly along said lot 165 2-10 feet, and thence southerly 134 feet, more or less, to the beginning. Third, that certain other tract of land commencing on the west side of Cypress street at a point 176 feet south from Third street and running thence westerly and parallel with Third street 125 feet, thence southerly and parallel with Cypress street 50 feet, thence easterly and parallel with Third street 125 feet to Cypress street, and thence along the west side of Cypress street to the beginning. Fourth, that certain other tract of land commencing at the northeast corner of West Peachtree and Kimball streets, and running thence northerly along West Peachtree street 200 feet more or less to Woods' lot, thence east along Woods' lot to the northwest corner of the lot deeded by George H Camp to Mary C Kimball, January 6, 1876, and thence southerly along said lot 200 feet more or less to Kimball street, and thence westerly along Kimball street to the beginning corner; levied on as the property of Mary C Kimball to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of National Exchange bank vs Mary C Kimball.

Also at the same time and place, a certain lot or parcel of land, and the improvements thereon, containing eight (8) acres, more or less, being part of land lot No eighty-three (83), in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, situated on Davis street, in the 5th ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining the property of McLendon and Holland; levied on as the property of Joseph A Davis, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Marion inferior court in favor of Morgan Kemp, administrator pro bonis non of Zachariah C W Davis, deceased, vs William Davis, of Marion county, and Joseph A Davis, of Dougherty county.

Also at the same time and place all the tract or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, the same being the east half of land lot No 87 in said district, containing one hundred one and one-fourth acres more or less, deducting therefrom all of the land sold to Mrs Josiah Sherman, which is described fully in a deed heretofore made to her, and comprising fifty acres, the lands mortgaged being the remaining lands of the said east half of land lot 87 and containing fifty-one and one fourth acres more or less, also all those certain lots or parcels of land lying in the city of Atlanta and the fourteenth district, the same being parts of land lot No. 75 in said district, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the southern boundary line of the land known as the land of the Gardine brothers on the southwest corner of said line and Pryor street, and running along said street, (300) three hundred feet thence east across block P, according to the map or plat of said land made by T C Jackson and C C Hammock, in 1874; 298 feet to Loyd street, thence across Loyd street, and east across block 2 of said plat, 100 feet more or loss to McNaught's line, thence 300 feet north to said southern boundery line, thence west across Loyd street; 398 feet more or less to the commencing point, containing three acres more or less; levied on the property of Michael Gardner to satisfy two mortgage fi fas issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Frederick and William Koch vs Michael Gardner.

Also at the same time and place, 40 acres of land, more or less, the same being part of original land lot No 26 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga; said land lying and being in the southeast portion of said lot of land, and adjoining the land of Thomas Bryant on the north, Lum Bryant on the south, James Hill on the east and James Townsand on the west; levied on as the property of Mrs N E Hughes, to satisfy a justice court fi fa from the 888th district, G M, of Henry county, Ga, in favor of William Jones vs Mrs N E Hughes. Property pointed out by plaintiff and levy made and returned to me by Robert S. Ozburn, L C.

Also at the same time and place, that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, in the 14th district of originally Henry county, being part of lot known in the plan of said city as No 67, more particularly described thus: Fronting on the northeast side of Marietta street eight feet and five inches, running back northeasterly seventy-five feet and being about six feet wide on the north or rear end, and bounded on the southeast by Mrs Parks lot, and west by Broad street seventy-five feet; said property levied on under and by virtue of a fi fa issued from a decree rendered in Fulton superior court December 12, 1881, in the case of Addison A Bell vs John W Brumby as trustee of Mrs A E Brumby, Mrs A E Brumby and Marcus A Bell, to be sold subject to the right of George H A Ball, the present tenant.

Also at the same time and place, a certain parcel of land, situated and lying and being in the county of Fulton, and state of Georgia, being part of land lot No eighty one, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, containing eleven acres more or less, and bounded as follows: on the north by the Western & Atlantic railroad, west by Echols' and Powell's land, on the south by Loya's land and on the east by Sameen's land, with all the rights, members, etc, as the property of Alfred M Wingfield, administrator, and Madison Stratton, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Collier & Hoyt vs Alfred M Wingfield, administrator, and Madison Stratton. Also one in favor of Fielding, Gwinn & Co vs Madison Stratton, issued from the city court of Atlanta, Ga.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property: a house and lot located in land lot 112, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, and bounded as follows: starting at a stone post near junction of Fair Ground street and Howell's ferry road: thence northeasterly along said road 207 feet; thence southeasterly 159 feet to Fair Ground street, on Marietta road; thence easterly along said road 127 feet to the starting point; containing ¼ acre more or less. Levied on as the property of M P Brown to satisfy five justice court fi fas issued from the 469 district G M of Fulton county, in favor of W S Bell and brother vs M P Brown.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land deeded to F F Driscoll by W H and Katie Roche, February 14th, 187-, being a part of city lot No 165 of land lot No 52, of the 14th District of originally Henry, now Fulton County Ga, said lot fronting on the northest side of Jenkins street, a distance of 40 feet, and running back at right angles to said street 100 feet same width, and being bounded on the northwest side by property formerly owned by Mrs Bottsford, and on the northeast side by property owned by the said Wm H and Katie Roche. Levied on as the property of F F Driscoll, to satisfy two fi fa's issued from the Justice Court of 1234 District G M, in favor of the Bank of the State of Ga, vs F F Driscoll and Mrs M Kay.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, to-wit: A lot bounded as follows, commencing an the south corner of Peachtree and Grubb streets and running southwardly along Peachtree street twenty-seven (27) feet to the land on which is a store house occupied by J J McCoy, thence westwardly on a line with and joining said last mentioned lot eighty-four (84) feet to Broad street, thence northerly along Broad street twenty-five (25) feet to its corner with Grubb street, thence easterly along Grubb street seventy-five (75) feet to the beginning corner, being a part of land lot seventy-eight, in the 14th district of said county, on which there is a three-story brick store house; also a part of land lot No 77, in said 14th district, being a part of block twenty-six (26), and part of the lot marked Williams on Cooper's map of Atlanta, on the southeast corner of Washington and Peters streets, in said city of Atlanta, fronting on Washington street one hundred and forty (140) feet, running back on Peters street one hundred and twenty (120) feet; thence at right angles to Peters street to S P Richard's line, thence westwardly along his line to Washington street one hundred and forty (140) feet from its corner with Peters street, thence along Washington street to said corner, on which there is a dwelling house and other improvements; to satisfy two fi fas issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Morris & Bro vs Noble C. Williams and one in favor of John Neal vs Noble C. Williams.

Also at the same time and place the west half of city lot No 102, fronting fifty feet on the north side of Alexander street, and running back same width one hundred and ninety-eight feet to Mills street, adjoining city lot No 101 on the west, and the east half of said lot on the east, being part of land lot No 79 in the 14th district of Fulton county, levied on as the property of Charles G Eckford, his interest being a bond for titles, with part of purchase money paid, the whole property to be sold as provided by section 3586 of the Code of Georgia, to satisfy two fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district G M, of Fulton county, in favor of William Laird vs Charles G Eckford.

Also at the same time and place, one double seated Sundown, one Eliptic Spring Buggy and two side Spring Buggies; levied on as the property of A T Finney, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of F R Mayer & Co vs Andrew T Finney.
A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.
may 6—1aw4w sat

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS
NEVER BEFORE
EQUALLED IN THE SOUTH.

JOHN RYAN

As ever on the alert, with cash in hand, waiting any opportunity that may present itself in the way of Bargains, was notified a few days ago that the entire stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING AND SHOES

of G. S. Watts, of Americus, Georgia, could be bought cheap for cash.

JOHN RYAN

at once dispatched his buyer and scooped the entire lot and can sell the goods at prices away below any manufacturer. The goods arrived by Central Railroad yesterday evening, and have been assorted out, put on

BARGAIN COUNTER

and in stock and marked at such prices that will induce any one to buy whether they have any use for the goods or not. Don't buy a pair of

SHOES

elsewhere until you see this stock or you will be sorry for it. Such makes as the following can be had: Zeigler's, Miles's, Morrow's, Cousin's, Stribley's, Feary's and hundreds of other good makes.

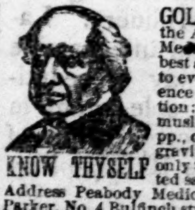
BARGAINS! BARGAINS.
AT
JOHN RYAN'S

NESTLE'S CONDENSED SWISS MILK
TRADE MARK

is guaranteed to be the PUREST and RICHEST on the market. Try it once and you will use it always. Ask for the "Nest" Brand and take no other. Send for pamphlet about "Nestle's Milk Food."
THOS. LEEMING & CO., Sole Agents, NEW YORK CITY.
apr15—d6m

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Cosciveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



KNOW THYSELF

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED the Author. A new and great Medical work, warranted the best and cheapest, indispensable to every man, entitled "the Science of Life, or, self preservation:" bound in finest French muslin, embossed, full gilt, 300 pp., contains beautiful steel engravings, 125 prescriptions, price only $1.25 sent by mail; illustrated sample, 6 cents; send now. Address Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston.
may24—d1y tues thur sat & w1y

CREAM BEAUTIFIER.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S
ORIENTAL CREAM
—OR—
MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
PURIFIES as well as BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth-Patches and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of thirty years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre, said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient:) "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. MME. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Proprietor, 48 Bond Street, New York.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the U. S., Canadas and Europe. Beware of base imitations. $1,000 Reward for arrest and proof any one selling the same.
116 mar5—d6m sun wed sat &wky6m

$1000 REWARD

For any one case of Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated or Protruding PILES that DEBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. Miller, M. D., 915 Arch st., Phila., Pa. None genuine without his signature. Sold by druggists. $1. Send for circular. Daniel & Marsh, Agents, Atlanta Ga.
aug6—d1y sat tues thur & w1y

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

NOS. 15 AND 16 EAST CAIN ST., BETWEEN Peachtree and Ivy streets. The exercises of this school will be resumed Wednesday, September 7th, 1881, with a corps of experienced teachers. The object of this institution is to afford the advantages of a thorough education embracing Primary, Intermediate, Academic and Collegiate Departments. Special attention is given to the study of Music, Modern Languages, Belles-Lettres and Art. Native French and German teachers are employed. The music department is under the able management of Prof. Alfredo Barili. For Circulars apply to
MRS. J. W. BALLARD Principal
feb12—d6m

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till Cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA CURED!

APEPSIA!

THE GREAT SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION

WILL POSITIVELY CURE CURE OLD Chronic cases of Dyspepsia, Dyspeptic Fits, Dyspeptic Vertigo, and Dyspeptic CONSUMPTION where every other known medicine has failed to even give relief. I refer to a few of the cases pronounced incurable that have been cured with APEPSIA; Miss Katie Hoffman, 872 Randolph street, Philadelphia, was a case of dyspeptic consumption; had not been out of her house for one year, or her room for six months; a living skeleton, given up to die by our most eminent physicians, but cured with four bottles of Apepsia. Matthew Robinson, No. 302 21st street, Philadelphia. This was a very dangerous case of dyspeptic vertigo of long standing but cured with only two bottles of Apepsia. Mr. H. A. Clark, firm Clark Bros. & Co., Philadelphia, was an old chronic case of twenty years standing; paid out one thousand dollars; was pronounced incurable; but cured with three bottles of Apepsia; been well over one year. Thousands of similar testimonials can be seen at our office. I refer with pleasure to the following gentlemen of Savannah, whose characters are irreproachable: Dr. J B. Haltiwanger, Clarence S Connerat, Captain George M. Weymouth. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR and all retail druggists.
V. R. STONE, M D
Philadelphia
march7—d&w1y

MERCHANTS, LOOK!

Go to McBRIDE'S and secure right to manufacture CHERRY'S FRUIT DRIER. McBride offers large lot Chinese Matting. direct importation, very low. FLY FANS, FILTERS, CLOCKS, CHINA, at factory prices. 'an16—dly top 1st col 8p

NEW PUBLICATIONS

Victor Hugo and His Time—Barbou	$2 50
Plain Speaking—Mulock	1 00
Bentley—"English Men of Letters	75

Please send your address for Literary News for May and new Catalogue soon to be issued free.

HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO.,
Booksellers, Art and Commercial Stationers,
26 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga
623 feb18—d1y un mcbr

WATCH REPAIRING.

JEWELRY REPAIRING.

AND MANUFACTURING.

Having a FACTORY our facilities are superior to any other establishment in the south.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
34 Whitehall St.
feb 1—dtf 1st col 8thp

TIN ROOFING,
SHEET IRON ROOFING,
GRAVEL ROOFING,

Done with neatness and dispatch.

Orders from a distance solicited.

STEWART & SMITH,
69 Whitehall street,
Atlanta, Ga.
apr19—dtf 8p 1st col un stev

DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
JEWELRY AND
SILVERWARE.

A. F. PICKERT.

Fine Goods and no High Tone Prices.

NO. 5 WHITEHALL STREET.
jan1—dtf 8thp un wea

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6⅛d; in New York, at 12 5-16c; in Atlanta, at 11½c.

Daily Weather Report.
OBSERER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS. U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE. May 12. 10:31. P. M.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	29.83	58	44	W.	Fresh	.15	Cloudy.
Augusta	29.78	69	...	S. W.	Light	T	Clear.
Galveston	30.01	74	59	N.	Brisk	.00	Cloudy.
Indianola	30.03	75	60	N.	Brisk	.00	Clear.
Key West	29 96	79	...	W.	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Mobile	29 92	69	...	N. W.	Light	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	29.90	62	43	N. W	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
Port Eads	29 95	73	60	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	29.90	71	53	W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30.10	56	43	N.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Savannah	29.80	72	...	S. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.

Local Observations.

Time of Observation.							
6:31 a. m.	29.76	64	55	W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
10:31 "	29.78	72	54	W.	Fresh	....	Cloudy.
2:31 "	29.76	72	52	W.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
6:31 "	29 78	67	52	W.	Fresh	...	Cloudy.
10:31 "	29.83	58	44	W.	Fresh	.15	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar	29.783	Maximum ther	73.5
Mean daily ther	61.7	Minimum ther	57 2
Mean daily humid	61.0	Total rainfall	0.15

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

I constantly keep in stock a full line of the finest Spectacles and Eye Glasses imported. I guarantee them not only to assist the eye, but also to preserve them, thus rendering frequent changes unnecessary. Every pair I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years. either in white or tinted lenses.

A. F. PICKERT,
No. 5 Whitehall Street.
132—apr2 1y

HAVE YOUR WATCHES
—AND—
JEWELRY REPAIRED
—BY—
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS,
31 WHITEHALL STREET.
feb14—dly 8p un pick

MEETINGS.

The revival meetings in the First Methodist Church are held every morning at 9 o'clock and every night at 8 o'clock. They increase in interest and power. All are invited to attend. dtf

Flies and Bed Bugs.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

CITY ITEMS.

Hendrix & McBurney will sell this afternoon thirty-four unimproved lots in that fashionable and much sought after Jackson and Boulevard neighborhood. Take the 3:30 street car in front of Kimball House. Free ride. Be on hand and get a bargain, for they always offer them. 1t

Rev W H Strickland, of Knoxville, Tennessee, will occupy the pulpit of the First Baptist church, morning and evening of Sunday next. in the absence of the pastor, who is in attendance at the Southern Baptist Convention now in session at Greenville, S. C.

There is hardly an adult person living but is sometimes troubled with kidney difficulty, which is the most prolific and dangerous cause of all disease. There is no sort of need to have any form of kidney or urinary trouble if Hop Bitters are taken occasionally.

Subscribe for the Post-Appeal.

If the people of Georgia would like a first-class newspaper that will give them all the news and both sides, and show up the reasons why they should support Hon. Alexander H. Stephens for governor, subscribe for the Atlanta Post-Appeal. It is the cheapest first-class daily in the state. Only $6 00 per annum, or $3 25 for six months. Send a post-office money order to Post-Appeal, Atlanta, Ga.
may9—d1w

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

Just received beautiful Spring Styles Children's

SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Ladies' Shoes and Slippers, Gents' Low Cut Shoes.

NOVELTIES IN SILKS AND DRESS GOODS. NOVELTIES IN HOSIERY AND NECK-WEAR OPENED DAILY. PARASOLS New Styles Just Opened

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!

Elegant Stock, New Designs in Wilton's, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Ingrains, etc. WINDOW DRAPERY—Some New and Elegant Styles. MATTING! MATTING!—Immense Stock, Good Qualities and New Designs. Also, AGENTS BUTTERRICK PATTERS. Give us a call.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

Ivie's New Instantaneous Process For Children.

Photographs of children taken in a half second. We never miss getting a natural position and expression now of the little ones, such as mothers so much desire.

The class of my work is now the best turned out in the state and prices extremely reasonable. IVIE'S GALLERY.

may13 1t top col 8thp

Toccoa City has quarantined against Atlanta. Please ladies and gentlemen, to take notice to buy your ticket via Clarksville for Tallulah Falls. No small pox or any other disease at Tallulah Falls. The pure mountain air and health prevails here, only.

Messrs. S. L. and J. S. Land, of Toccoa, the great dairymen of that section, will be at the Falls next Monday, May 15th, with six cows for the hotel. Please secure board with Mr. R. Pause for the season, if you can. He is the proprietor of that institution, this year.

Everybody takes the Northeastern railroad via Clarksville to the falls. may12 d3t

WHAT
'POPE, THE HATTER,'
SAYS:

That he has the prettiest stock of Hats in Atlanta.

That his stock of Straw Hats "can't be beat."

That his Spring Style of Silk Hats are perfect beauties.

That he has the Latest Style Derbys in the new colors.

That he has the handsomest stock of Manila Hats in this market.

That you should prepare for hot weather by buying one of his Ventilated Hats.

That he has 25 dozen nice Straw Hats for 50 cents, worth $1. may23—d2t 2d col 8p

ATLANTA, Ga., May. 12th, 1882.—Editors Constitution—Gents: Please allow me just space enough to correct another groundless report about small pox. It is currently reported throughout the city that the negro, Austin Thomas, who died of small-pox a few days since, came to Mr. Dougherty's store to get money from me to buy medicine, and that he had small-pox at the time. This is not true. as I have not seen him (Austin Thomas) for more than a month, and did not hear of his being sick until after his death.

Very respectfully, W. A. LONG.
may13 2t

D. H. DOUGHERTY

A BIG STOCK OF

EMBROIDERY

AND

Ladies' and Misses

HOOPSKIRTS

received yesterday, 10th, inst., and any lady can tell you how I sell Embroidery.

I am going to keep the prices

DOWN!

ON MY

ENTIRE STOCK

until the people generally acknowledge that this is

HEADQUARTERS

for good goods and

LOW PRICES.

—

LADIES'

"UNDERWEAR."

This department is a specialty, and low prices ditto.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

Elegant Millinery Department now glitters with all the new styles of Spring Millinery. Ladies will please call and examine this splendid display of beautiful goods. Also, sole agent in and for Atlanta for the sale of Mme. Demorest's Reliable Patterns, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

POINTS OF ADVANTAGE IN OUR

STOCK OF SPRING CLOTHING!

FRESH GOODS!
NOBBY STYLES!
ELEGANT DESIGNS!
LARGE STOCK!
LOW PRICES!
SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP!
—AND—
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN FURNISHING GOODS
—AT—

HIRSCH BROS

CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
42 AND 44 WHITEALL STREET, ATLTNTA. GF
mar19—dly 8p

MUSE, SWIFT & DALLAS.

CLOTHING,
HATS, SHOES
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS.

We'll not blow too much about what we have in stock, but if you'll come and see us we'll sell you certain.

MUSE, SWIFT & DALLAS
38 WHITEHALL ST.
58 apr2 3m8p

CLOTHING!

OUR STOCK
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING
For this season is now complete and comprises
THE HANDSOMEST AND LARGEST VARIETY
We ever kept, and all manufactured of the
BEST MATERIAL AND IN THE LATEST STYLES
OUR PRICES WILL BE THE LOWEST CONSISTENT WITH GOOD GOODS. A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED BY
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 WHITEHALL STREET. CORNER ALABAMA
apr—d&w 8p un mus swf dal

VACCINE VIRUS

Received Fresh Every Day by JNO. B. DANIEL, Wholesale and Retail Chemist and Druggist, 13 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga. may6—d1w

W.H. BROTHERTON'S

SHOE Department is complete in every line, from the cheapest to the very best brands made. Ladies Cloth Shoes for 75c. Ladies sewed all-leather Shoes, nice quality, for $1. Ladies Fox Gaiters, beautiful shape, for $1. Gents and Ladies Carpet Slippers, in all sizes, 50c. Don't fail to see this Slipper—it is a bargain. All other goods in this department correspondingly cheap at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
mar8—dtf 8thp

JACK'S,

43 Peachtree, wants one or two first-class bread bakers; good wages paid. april14 dtf

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
DRESS GOODS

Department is very attractive. 2500 yards all-Wool Black Bunting 15c. This is the biggest bargain in Black Bunting ever offered in the State. Don't fail to see it. Just received in early

SPRING DRESS GOODS

a beautiful line side band Rubans 25c. These are beautiful and very desirable goods. When in the store ask to see them. Black and White, Blue and Black, Brown and Black Striped Summer Silks 50c. Colored Silks in all shades 50c. Black Silk 50c. Beautiful quality Black Satin 50c. Colored Satins in all colors $1. Black all-Wool Cashmere 40c. English Cashmeres, in assorted colors, 12½ cents.

No samples or goods sent by mail unless stamps accompany order sufficient to pay postage.

W.H. BROTHERTON

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 75 & $1.00
COUNTERS

are attracting thousands to see them. His Men's, Boy's and Children's ready-made Clothing department is now full. Men's, Boys' and Children's HATS a specialty, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

GUARDIAN'S SALE.—GEORGIA, FULTON County.—By virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of said county, will be sold at public outcry, at the Court-house door, in said county, on the first Tuesday in June next, between the usual hours of sale, one half undivided interest in the lot and improvements thereon, being a portion of land lot number 53, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now said county, bounded on the west by the direct extension of Kelly street south 655 feet. more or less; on the south by a private alley between said lot and the Spiller lot 426 feet; on the east by Hill street 650 feet, more or less, and on the north by the old Fair ground lot; said lot being in the city of Atlanta. State aforesaid, and containing six acres, more or less. Said interest being one-half of said lot undivided. Sold as the property of Laura A. Grant, minor, for reinvestment. Terms cash.

JOHN A. GRANT
Guardian.
may6—d1aw4w

JOHNSTON'S PATENT STANDARD
DRY SIZED KALSOMINE.

READY FOR USE! POSSESSES STRONG DISinfecting properties and can be effectually used in cleansing and rendering healthful apartments, the walls of which have become impregnated with the germs of disease. For sale by

A. P. TRIPOD.
13 South Broad street.
may4 1m

NOTICE
TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

tate of Geoigia, Fulton County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS having demands against W. D. Ellis, late of said county, deceased, to present them to us, properly made out, within the time prescribed by law, so as to show their character and amount; and all persons indebted to said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment to us.

W. L. ELLIS,
E. N. BROYLES,
Executors of W. D. Ellis, Deceased.
apr25—d1aw6w

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, Mahrc 4, 1882.—Michael Mahoney, executor of the will of Michael Murphy, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his trust, and prays for letters of dismission. All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections if any they have, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
133—mar5 d1aw3m sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, April 28th. 1882.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that information has been filed in this office that Ezekiel D. Hall, late of said county, departed this life intestate, and no person has applied for administration on his estate, and that administration will be vested in the Clerk of the Superior Court, or some other fit and proper person, after the publication of this citation unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.
apr29—d1aw4w sat

PAUL HITZ

FRESCO ARTIST,

ATLANTA - - GA.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!

JOHN KEELY'S
PARASOL STOCK
IS IMMENSE.

—

5,000 PARASOLS FOR SALE.

5,000 Bargains for as Many People

—

BARGAINS,
BARGAINS!

—

A Parasol for 10c!
A Parasol for any Price!

800 20-inch Silk Parasols, half price.
500 22-inch Silk Parasols, a great bargain.
750 24-inch Silk Parasols, half price,
Japanese Parasols, half price!
Gingham Parasols, away below value.
Silk Serge Parasols, extraordinary bargains.
Lined Parasols in Silk, Satin, Moire Antique, etc., great variety, very cheap!
Parasols trimmed in fringe—all styles.
Parasols, lace trimmed, superb goods.
Novelties in Parasols—all styles.

I WANT TO SELL
MORE PARASOLS
THAN ANY TWO HOUSES IN GEORGIA.

This Can Only be Done by Selling Better Goods at Lower Prices!

How this Can be Done, Does not Concern Anybody. I am Going to do It!

Mourning Parasols in fine variety.

Ladies' Gingham and Silk Umbrellas in excellent variety.

DON'T BUY A PARASOL UNTIL YOU HAVE INSPECTED THE STOCK AND PRICES, AT

JOHN KEELY'S.

Commissioner's Sale.

E. T. Coam et al. vs. The Atlanta Cotton Factory Company.—Bill for foreclosure, etc. In the Circuit Court of United States, Northern District of Georgia.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE RENDERED in the above stated cause at the March Term, 1882, of said Court, we, the undersigned as Special Commissioners named in said decree, will sell a public outcry on the premises, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, State of Georgia, on THURSDAY the 6th day of JULY, A. D., 1882, at twelve o'clock M., the following property, to-wit:

That property situated in the city of Atlanta, on Marietta street, known as the Atlanta Cotton Factory, particularly described as follows: Certain lots of land in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, situate, lying and being in land lot seventy-eight (78) of the (14) fourteenth district of Fulton county; known as city lot number thirty-seven (37) and part of city lot thirty eight (38) fronting on the southwest side of Marietta street, commencing at J. W. Craig's line on the southwest side of Marietta street and running southwest along J. W. Craig's and A. Leyden's line two hundred and seventy-nine and eight-tenths feet (279 8-10 feet) to the right of way of the Western and Atlantic Railroad; thence northwest along said right of way two hundred and sixteen and one-tenth feet (216 1-10 feet) to Cain street; thence northeast along the line of Cain street two hundred and fifty-one (251) feet to the southeast corner of Cain and Marietta streets; thence southeast along the line of Marietta street thirty-four feet (34 feet) more or less to Macauley's line: thence southwest along Macauley's line one hundred and fifty-five (155 feet); thence southeast along Macauley's line fifty (50) feet: thence northeast along Macauley's line one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet to Marietta street; thence southeast along the line of Marietta street one hundred and twenty one and seven tenths (127 7-10) feet to the starting point, being the same property purchased from James Coyne, trustee, Richard Peters and Geo. W. Adair; deeds recorded in Fulton county, Book L, page 12 and Book W, page 500, together with all the Machinery of every kind in said Factory buildingand used in connection therewith and in running the same.

The Factory building is built of brick, fronting on Marietta street and runs back to the right of way of the Western and Atlantic Railroad. It has capacity for 20 000 spindles. The engine and boiler are about 400-horse power. There is put up and in actual operation the machinery for picking, carding, spinning and weaving to the extent of about 10,000 spindles.

The sale will embrace the real estate described, all the machinery of every kind used in operating the Mill; all raw material on hand and in process of manufacture, together with all supplies of every kind and description on hand at the time of the sale; also, all furniture, fixtures and appurtenances of every kind belonging to said Factory Company.

The terms of the sale will be cash, but the purchaser, after paying in twenty thousand dollars cash, may pay in first or second mortgage bonds of said Factory Company to the extent that the bonds thus paid in would, under the decree, be entitled to share in the proceeds of the sale.

All of said property described will be sold as the property of the Atlanta Cotton Factory Company, under the decree rendered in the cause above stated foreclosing the first and second mortgages, This 5th May, 1882.

WM THOMSON,
H. K. McCAY,
Commissioners.
may6—d60d

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That splendid store property, No. 50 Whitehall street, in the very heart of the business part of the city, and now renting for $1,800 per annum. Capitalists and those having trust funds to invest should not miss this unusual opportunity offered for an investment realizing a handsome income. The building is 21x100—two stories and a basement, with vacant lot in the rear about 21x85. Terms cash.

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In addition to a magnificent line of goods in lar stock, an immense Bankrupt Stock has purchased at Rochester, New York.

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Whenever I purchase a "bargain" I scatter same freely!

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980 dozen Ladies' Drawers—beautifully made 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c. 85c, 90c and $1 per pair—lovely goods for the price.

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Bear in mind, these goods are all made on lo stitch machines; no ripping; no tearing. All cu the most scientific manner, and fit guaranteed.

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